Server Technology ®

Quality Rack Power Solutions

PRO2

Smart PRO2

User Guide

Firmware 8.0

Instructions

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the appliance.

Dangerous Voltage

This symbol is intended to alert the user to the presence of un-insulated dangerous voltage within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.

Protective Grounding Terminal

This symbol indicates a terminal that must be connected to earth ground prior to making any other connections to the equipment.

Life-Support Policy

As a general policy, Server Technology ® does not recommend the use of any of its products in the following situations:

- life-support applications where failure or malfunction of the Server Technology product can be reasonably expected to cause failure of the life-support device or to significantly affect its safety or effectiveness.
- direct patient care.

Server Technology will not knowingly sell its products for use in such applications unless it receives in writing assurances satisfactory to Server Technology that:

- the risks of injury or damage have been minimized,
- the customer assumes all such risks, and
- the liability of Server Technology is adequately protected under the circumstances.

The term life-support device includes but is not limited to neonatal oxygen analyzers, nerve stimulators (whether used for anesthesia, pain relief or other purposes), auto-transfusion devices, blood pumps, defibrillators, arrhythmia detectors and alarms, pacemakers, hemodialysis systems, peritoneal dialysis systems, neonatal ventilator incubators, ventilators (for adults or infants), anesthesia ventilators, infusion pumps, and any other devices designated as "critical" by the U.S. FDA.

Please Recycle

Shipping materials are recyclable. Please save them for later use, or dispose of them appropriately.

Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Introducing the PRO2

Welcome to the Server Technology® Smart PRO2

The Smart PRO2 is the latest design in Server Technology's reliable power distribution units, providing flexibility for future power management, cost savings, and advanced solutions for data center customers.

Key Product Features

The Smart PRO2 offers many features for the next generation of power management, including:

- PIPS® and (optionally) POPS® high-accuracy measurements for current, voltage, power, and other key metrics. PIPS is a standard feature on PRO2 units.

- Auto-Flip LED display gives the proper display orientation no matter how the PRO2 is mounted in the cabinet.

- Outlet naming on all PRO2 products (for both Switched and Smart products).

- Hot-swappable network interface card (NIC) allows swapping the card in the field without causing a change in outlet state. The NIC can easily be replaced even when power is applied.

- Support for IPv6 address names and support for SNMPv3.

- Equipped for the mobile power monitoring solution using a Bluetooth® module (for either Google Android or Apple iOS), along with Server Technology's ST Eye mobile application.

- Branch current measurements on both Switched and Smart PRO2 products, and notification of fuse or breaker failure.

- Several new levels of power monitoring for high-low warning-alarm thresholds and threshold hysteresis.

- If the master unit loses power, redundant power is provided to the master via the first linked unit, ensuring uptime.

- On-board firmware file system to allow direct GUI downloads of system files, firmware version updates, and MIB/OID tree files without using FTP.

- Intuitive and soft-mapped naming conventions used in both the PRO2 hardware and firmware to reflect the system hierarchy of units, cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors (OCPs), branches, outlets, outlet groups, and sensors.

What's the PRO1?

Like the PRO2, the PRO1 (Switched and Smart) is another new PDU design from Server Technology to provide the same type of flexibility for power management, cost savings, and advanced data center solutions that the PRO2 delivers.

What's Unique About the PRO1?

Server Technology's PRO1 design allows for PRO2 functionality in a CDU1 form factor.

The PRO1 uses the Sentry4-MIB and the PRO2 firmware, version 8.0.x, allowing PRO1 products to offer the latest features and functions of the PRO2 product family.

Equipment View of the PRO1 Unit

Feature Comparison: PRO1 vs. PRO2

The PRO1 is similar to the PRO2 in hardware architecture, object mapping, user interfaces (GUI and CLI), firmware (version 8.0.x or later), and new Sentry4-MIB, but the PRO1 **does not** include the following PRO2 items:

- Branch Current Monitoring feature
- TRMS Current Input Monitoring (in some cases rather than PIPS)

The following table shows a detailed benefit comparison:

Product	Benefits
PRO1	**CDU with the NIM2/PRO2 network card:** • Faster processor and more memory • Hot swap network card • Network card swap with no re-programming (PCM) • Features/functions can be added as needed • Multi-linking (up to 4 units) • Power from link unit keeps network up if power from master unit goes down • Sentry4-MIB allows additional alarm warning and threshold levels
PRO2	**PRO2 architecture with the NIM2 network card:** • PRO1 features, plus additional features • PIPS standard • Branch monitoring standard • Locking data and low voltage cables • Smart products with breaker/fuse branch circuit sensing • All products 60 degrees Celsius rated

About Your User Guide

This user guide was designed for data center personnel who monitor power, control outlet actions, and administer equipment operations in the data center network using Server Technology ® firmware, version 8.0x or later, on the PRO2 product family.

Your guide provides installation, connection, and mounting instructions for the PRO2 product in the equipment cabinet and illustrates the PRO2's key features in a hardware overview.

Also provided is task-based information for working with the firmware. Step-by-step instructions are presented for daily operational tasks on the PRO2 when using the firmware Web Interface, including GUI screen samples for each function. If CLI is preferred, a separate chapter provides detailed command syntax and usage for every command that can be issued on the PRO2.

PDU Power Pivot ®

Server Technology's PDU Power Pivot ® flexible infeed provides a simplified power cord routing to the PRO2 unit with a design that eliminates bend radius issues.

As illustrated below, the PDU Power Pivot capability can deliver a solution for several types of PDU installations and mountings, setting the correct cord angle for overhead power, offset overhead power, concrete floor, raised floor, and intra-rack power.
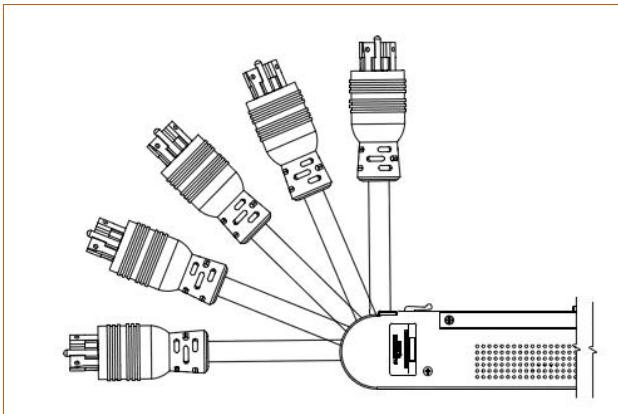
PDU Power Pivot – Flexible Cord Design

Star Linking Technology

Server Technology's PRO2 introduces Star Linking technology that supports the optional linking of up to three expansion (link) units per one PRO2 master unit, allowing a single IP address for multiple cabinets.

Note: The Star Linking feature is available only with PRO2 products.

The following illustrations show multi-linking between separate units and within the cabinet:
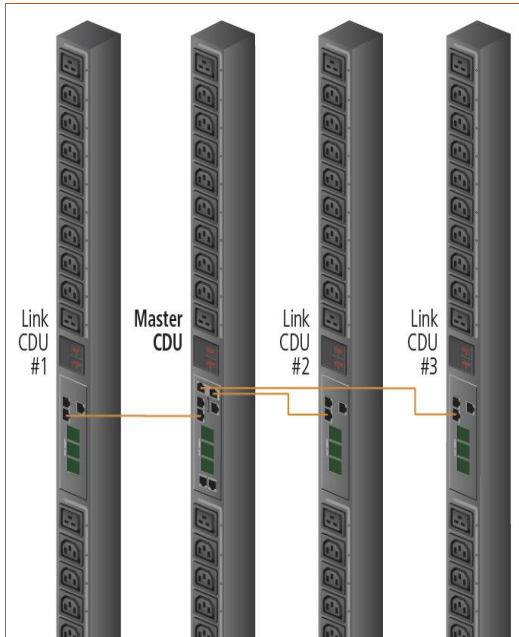
Multi-Linked PRO2 Units **Multi-Linking View in the Equipment Cabinet**

Redundant Power and Communication

The Star Linking arrangement is fault tolerant, with redundant power coming from the first link unit. The arrangement also offers significant cost reduction as the link units do not require a network card.

Another significant advantage of Star Linking technology is that if power in the master unit is lost, communication will continue with the other link units – a major improvement over a daisy chain linking configuration.

Outlet Grouping

The multi-linking arrangement allows outlet grouping across the master and three link units.

Cable Length

The maximum cable length allowed from link unit to master unit is 21-feet.

Multi-Linking Module

In the Star Linking arrangement, the first PRO2 link unit connects via the PRO2 link port. However, the second and third link units in the multi-linking arrangement attach to an optional T-shaped module that connects to the Bluetooth® port on the PRO2 master unit, while still allowing full functionality for Bluetooth® mobile power monitoring.

The module and its connection are illustrated as follows:
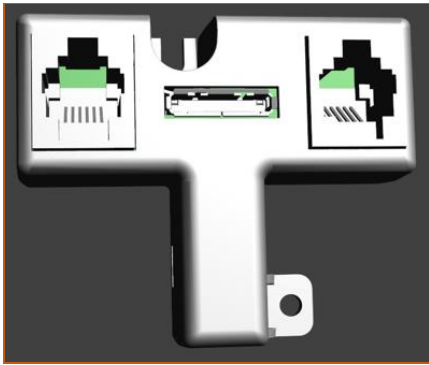
Multi-Linking Module

Connection to Bluetooth® Module Port

Getting Started

The optional Star Linking feature is sold as a separate kit purchased from Server Technology. To use the feature, contact your sales representative to order the **PRO2 Multi-Linking Module Kit**, part number **KIT-PRO2LINK-01M**.

The kit contains:

- 1 link module (labeled to show the 2nd and 3rd link unit)

- 2 linking cables, (21 ft.) 6.4 m

Unit Persistence

Unit Persistence is an internal PRO2 feature that works as follows:

If a link unit is connected to a master unit, and the link unit is disconnected (powered down or accidentally disconnected), and the master unit is restarted, the link unit will be reported as "Not Found" after the restart because the link unit is no longer physically connected to the master.

However, the association between the master/link units is retained to allow the continuation of alerts. If the disconnected link unit is physically re-connected to the master, the "Not Found" status will return to "Normal" status.

To intentionally remove a link unit from connection with a master unit, the link unit must be purged using the Purge function.

Unit persistence affects **all connected PRO2 master/link units** whether or not they are connected in a multi-linking configuration.

Additional PRO2 Resources

For more information about the PRO2, including available product models and an introductory product video, see Server Technology's Uptime Solutions page:

http://www.servertech.com/solutions/uptime-solutions

Contact Technical Support

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.

1040 Sandhill Drive	Tel: 1-800-835-1515	Web: www.servertech.com
Reno, Nevada 89521 USA	Fax: 775-284-2065	Email: support@servertech.com

Equipment Overview

The following illustration highlights the key operational areas of the Smart PRO2 unit:

Bluetooth Module
ST Eye Mobile App Interface and Link Module Support

Dual Temp & Humidity Probes

Expansion Link Port
Backup Power from Link Unit Ensures Network Uptime

Input Current Monitor

Single IP Connection
A / B In-Feed Outlet Control

Serial Connection
A / B In-Feed Outlet Control

Dual Power Supply Server

Branch Current Monitoring
With Breaker / Fuse Error Reporting

POPS® (Per Outlet Power Sensing)
Monitor Current, Voltage, kW, kWhr, and Power Factor for each outlet

PIPS® (Per Inlet Power Sensing)
Monitor Current, Voltage, kW, kWhr, and Power Factor for each inlet

A **B**
In-Feeds

Smart PRO2 – Equipment Overview

Chapter 2: Installing the PRO2

Before installing your Smart PRO2 unit, look over the following lists to make sure you have all the items shipped with the unit, as well as any other items needed for proper installation.

Standard Accessories

Mounting Hardware

- Vertical Models: Two mounting buttons with two M4 (10 mm) screws.
- Horizontal Models: Two removable L-brackets with four M4 screws (for 1U models), or M5 screws (for 2U models).

Cables/Adapters

- For C2L, C2LG, C2X, C2XG, or SEV models – link cables (6P6C connectors).
- Link units are shipped with a 7-inch link cable and a 14-foot link cable.

Additional Items

- Units with IEC C20 power inlets: input power cords (ordered separately).

Optional Accessories

- Star-Link Module Kit (Part No. KIT-PRO2LINK-01M).
- Temperature/Humidity Sensors (Part No. EMTH-1-1).
- Environmental Monitor (Part No. EMCU-1-1B).
- Water Sensor (Part No. EMWS-1-1, used with EMCU-1-1B).
- Vertical mounting brackets; additional mounting options are available in the Accessories section of www.servertech.com.

Additional Required Items

- Flathead and Phillip screwdrivers.
- Screws, washers, and nuts to attach the PRO2 unit to your equipment rack.

Safety Precautions

This section contains important safety and regulatory information that **must be reviewed** before installing and using the Smart PRO2.

|	English	French	German
	Only for installation and use in a Restricted Access Location in accordance with the following installation and use instructions. **This equipment should only be installed by trained personnel.**	Destiné à l'installation et l'utilisation dans le cadre de Restricted Access Location selon les instructions d'installation et d'utilisation. **Cet équipement est uniquement destiné à être installé par personnel qualifié.**	Nur für Installation und Gebrauch in eingeschränkten Betriebszonen gemäß der folgenden Installations-und Gebrauchsanweisungen. **Dieses Gerät ist nur für den Einbau durch Personal vorgesehen.**
	This equipment is designed to be installed on a dedicated circuit. The power supply cord shall be a minimum of 1.5m (4.9ft) and a maximum of 4.5m (15ft). If using an extension power cord, the total length shall also be no more than the maximum allowed. The plug is considered the disconnect device and must be easily accessible.	Cet équipement a été conçu pour être installé que un circuit dédié. Le cordon d'alimentation doit être d'au moins 1,5M et un maximum de 4,5m. Si vous utilisez un cordon de rallonge, la longueur totale est également plus que le maximum autorise. La prise est considérée comme un dispositif de coupure et doit être facilement accessible.	Die Geräte sind für eine Installation an einer fest zugeordneten Leitung ausgelegt. Die Stromzuleitung hat eine Mindestlänge von 1,5m, und hochstens 4,5m. Sollten Sie ein Verlangerrungsnetzkabel, der Gesamtlange auch nicht mehr als die maximal zulassige sein. Der Stecker dient zur Trennung vom Netz und muss einfach erreichbar sein.
	The dedicated circuit must have circuit breaker or fuse protection. PDUs have been designed without a master circuit breaker or fuse to avoid becoming a single point of failure. It is the customer's responsibility to provide adequate protection for the dedicated power circuit. Protection of capacity equal to the current rating of the PDU must be provided and must meet all applicable codes and regulations. In North America, protection must have a 10,000A interrupt capacity.	Le circuit spécialisé doit avoir un disjoncteur ou une protection de fusible. PDUs ont été conçus sans disjoncteur général ni fusible pour éviter que cela devient un seul endroit de panne. C'est la responsabilité du client de fournir une protection adéquate pour le circuit-alimentation spécialisé. Protection de capacité équivalant à la puissance de l'équipement, et respectant tous les codes et normes applicables. Les disjoncteurs ou fusibles destinés à l'installation en Amérique du Nord doivent avoir une capacité d'interruption de 10.000 A.	Der feste Stromkreis muss mit einem Schutzschalter oder einem Sicherungsschutz versehen sein. PDUs verfügt über keinen Hauptschutzschalter bzw. über keine Sicherung, damit kein einzelner Fehlerpunkt entstehen kann. Der Kunde ist dafür verantwortlich, den Stromkreis sachgemäß zu schützen. Der Kapazitätsschutz entspricht der aktuellen Stromstärke der Geräte und muss alle relevanten Codes und Bestimmungen erfüllen. Für Installation in Nordamerika müssen Ausschalter bzw. Sicherung über 10.000 A Unterbrechungskapazität verfügen.
	Models with unterminated power cords: Input connector must be installed by qualified service personnel. Input connector rating must meet all applicable codes and regulations.	Modèles avec cordons d'alimentation non terminées: Le connecteur d'entrée doit être installé par un personnel qualifié. Entrée cote de raccordement doit respecter tous les codes et règlements électriques applicables.	Modelle mit nicht abgeschlossenen Netzkabel: Der Eingangsstecker darf nur von qualifiziertem Wartungspersonal installiert werden. Eingangsanschluss Bewertung müssen alle geltenden und verbindlichen Normen und Vorschriften entsprechen.
	Do not block venting holes when installing this product. Allow for maximum airflow at all times.	Ne bloquez pas les orifices d'aération lors de l'installation de ce produit. Permettre une circulation d'air maximale à tout moment.	Achten Sie darauf, dass keine Belüftungslöcher bei der Installation dieses Produkts. Damit für maximalen Luftstrom zu allen Zeiten.
	Installation Orientation: Vertical units are designed to be installed in vertical orientation.	Installation Orientation: Les unités vertical sont conçues pour être installées dans une orientation verticale.	Installationsausrichtung: Vertical Einheiten sind zur vertikalen Installation vorgesehen.
	Always disconnect the power supply cord before servicing to avoid electrical shock. For products with two input power cords, both must be disconnected before servicing.	Toujours débrancher le cordon d'alimentation avant de l'ouverture pour éviter un choc électrique. Pour les produits avec deux cordons d'alimentation d'entrée, les deux doivent être déconnectés avant l'entretien.	Trennen Sie das Netzkabel, bevor Sie Wartungsarbeiten Öffnung einen elektrischen Schlag zu vermeiden. Für Produkte mit zwei Eingangsstromkabel, sowohl, müssen vor der Wartung abgeschaltet werden.
	WARNING! High leakage current! Earth connection is essential before connecting supply!	ATTENTION! Haut fuite très possible! Une connection de masse est essentielle avant de connecter l'alimentation !	ACHTUNG! Hoher Ableitstrom! Ein Erdungsanschluss ist vor dem Einschalten der Stromzufuhr erforderlich!
	WARNING! Cx-xxE-x units double pole/neutral fusing	ATTENTION! Les unités Cx-xxE-x Double Pôle/Fusible sur le Neutre	ACHTUNG!: Cx-xxE-x Zweipolige bzw. Neutralleiter-Sicherung
	ATTENTION! Observe precautions for handling Electrostatic Sensitive Devices.	Attention ! Respecter les mesures de sécurité en manipulant des dispositifs sensibles aux décharges électrostatiques.	Achtung! Vorsichtshinweise zur Handhabung elektrostatisch empfindlicher Geräte beachten.
	Products rated for 240/415VAC may be fitted with a plug that is rated for a higher voltage. Caution must be taken to assure that the rating of the unit and the supply voltage match.	Les produits prévus pour 240/415VAC peut être équipé d'un bouchon qui est conçu pour une tension plus élevée. Des précautions doivent être prises pour assurer que la cote de l'unité et la tension d'alimentation correspond.	Produkte die für 240/415VAC zugelassen sind können mit einem Stecker der für eine höhere Spannung ausgestattet sein. Vorsicht ist geboten, um sicherzustellen, dass die erlaubten Betriebswerte des Gerätes und der Versorgungsspannung zueinander passen.

Input Power Cord Retention Options for PRO2s with IEC C20 Inlets

Determine which Detachable Input Cord was supplied with your PRO2 unit:
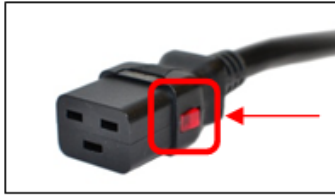
For the following Detachable Input Cords with the self-locking IEC C19 feature, follow Procedure A below.

PTCORD-L1, PTCORD-L2, PTCORD-L3, PTCORD-L5, PTCORD-L6, or PTCORD-L7.

For the following Detachable Input Cords, follow Procedure B below.

PTCORD-1, PTCORD-2, PTCORD-3, PTCORD-4, PTCORD-5, PTCORD-6, or PTCORD-7.

Procedure A

If the PRO2 was supplied with a Detachable Input Power Cord with a self-locking IEC C19, install it directly into the C20 inlet.

1. Verify the Retention Bracket Assembly (part number KIT-0016) is not installed.

   a. If KIT-0016 is installed, remove the two screws attaching the bracket to the IEC 60320 C20 inlet to the enclosure.

   b. Remove the Retention Bracket Assembly.

   c. Re-attach the two screws to the IEC C20 and securely tighten.

2. Push the C19 from the Detachable Input Cord firmly into the C20 inlet to ensure it is properly seated.
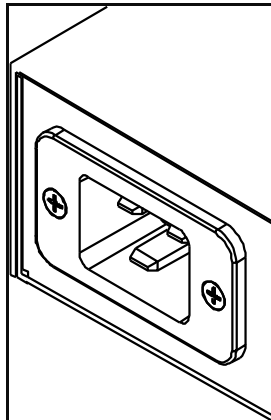
C20 Inlet Without Retention Bracket Assembly
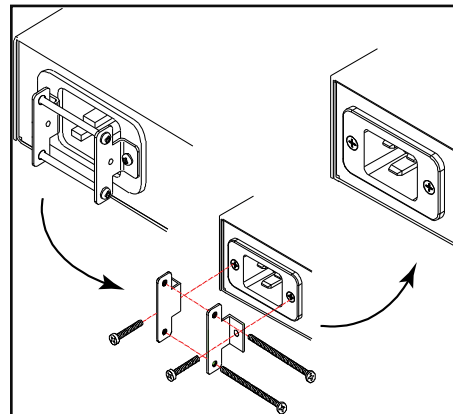
KIT-0016 Retention Bracket Assembly

Procedure B

If the PRO2 was supplied with a Detachable Input Power Cord without the self-locking C19 feature, install with the Retention Bracket Assembly (part number KIT-0016), followed by the power cord.

1. Remove the two screws attaching the IEC 60320 C20 inlet to the enclosure.

2. Assemble and attach the Retention Bracket to the enclosure as shown

3. Connect the power cord. Ensure the C19 is fully seated against the C20 inlet. (It may be necessary to loosen some of the Retention Bracket Assembly screws to allow the C19 plug to be properly installed.)

4. Tighten the Retention Bracket Assembly to restrain the power cord.

Attaching Safety Earth Ground Connection

Server Technology PDUs are supplied with an external safety ground connection to provide an alternate ground path for fault currents, and to maintain the same ground reference between it and the equipment rack.

NOTE: The auxiliary external ground location may vary. Most PDUs will have it located near the power cord entry located near the ⏚ symbol.

User-supplied materials:

- One 5 mm internal (or external) tooth star washer;
- One 4.0 mm^2 (10 AWG) wire with 5 mm ring terminal;
- One metric M5 x 6 mm coarse pitch screw.

Instructions:

1. Connect one end of the ground wire to the equipment cabinet or local ground.

2. Locate the PDU external ground near the ⏚ symbol.

3. Connect the other end with a ring terminal and a M5 screw to the PDU external ground. To ensure proper grounding to the chassis, use a star washer between the ring terminal and the PDU.

4 mm² wire

5 mm star washer

5 mm ring terminal

M5 x 6 mm screw
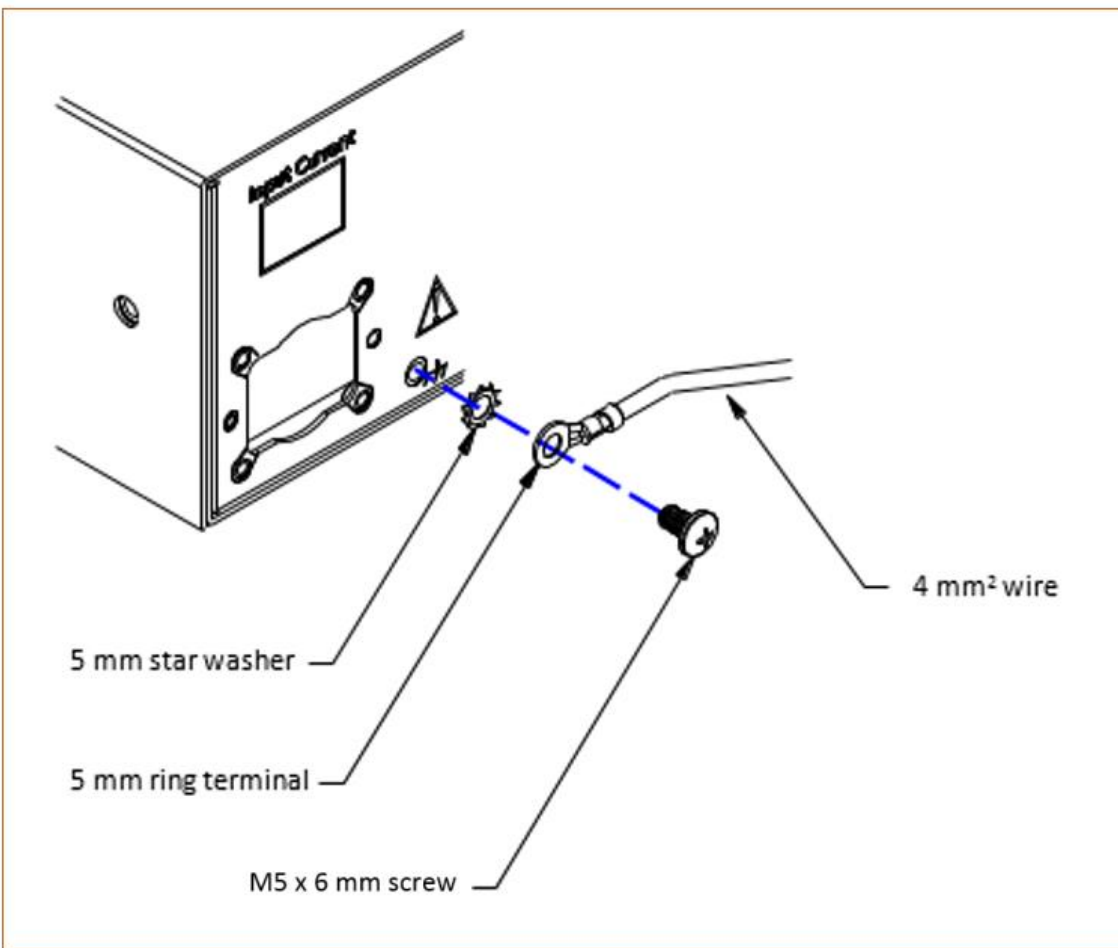
Mounting the PRO2 Unit

The following illustration shows how to mount the PRO2 unit in vertical or horizontal orientation:
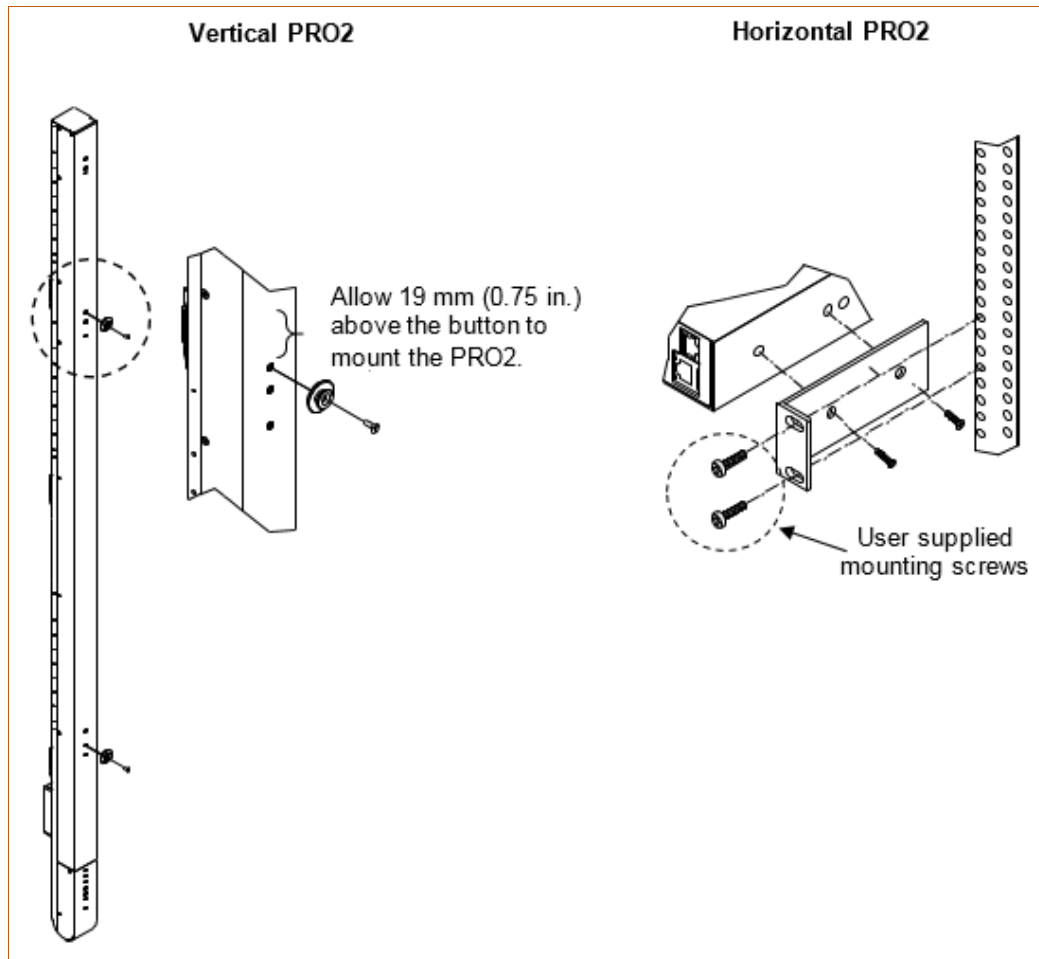
Horizontal/Rack

1. Select the appropriate bracket mounting points for proper mounting depth within the rack.

2. Attach the L-brackets to these mounting points with two screws for each bracket.

3. Install the enclosure into your rack, using the slots in each bracket. The slots allow about 6 mm (0.25 inch) of horizontal adaptability to align with the mounting holes of your rack.

Vertical

PRO2 units are supplied with button mounting kit(s). Distribute the buttons vertically and attach to the PRO2 as appropriate for the cabinet. An additional 19 mm (0.75 inch) of clearance is required at the top of the PRO2 to allow the button to mount into the keyholes.

Note: For more information about horizontal/vertical mounting options for the PRO2, see the Server Technology PDU Mounting Bracket Catalog:

https://cdn10.servertech.com/assets/documents/documents/246/original/Mounting_Bracket_Catalog.2015-09-25.pdf?1453767377#_ga=1.196494891.640622464.1488848222

Attaching the Link Unit

Connect the PRO2 link unit with the provided 6P6C crossover cable at the link port on the PRO2 unit. The overall length of the crossover cable should not exceed 25 feet.

Connecting to the Power Source

On PRO2 units with a rating ≥ 24 A, the input power cord is attached to the base of the unit. On PRO2 units with a total maximum output < 24 A, you may need to attach the power cord to the unit before connecting the unit to the power source.

To attach a power cord to the unit:

1. Plug the female end of the power cord firmly into its connector on the PRO2.
2. If using the Retention Bracket Assembly (Part No. KIT-0016), use a screwdriver to tighten the two screws on the retention bracket.

To connect to the power source:

1. Plug the male end of the power cord into the AC power source.

Connecting Devices

To avoid the possibility of noise due to arching:

1. Keep the on/off switch on the device in the off position until after it is plugged into the outlet.
2. Connect the devices to the PRO2 outlets.

Note: Server Technology recommends even distribution of attached devices across all available outlets to avoid exceeding the outlet, branch, or phase limitations.

⚠ ⚡	**Always disconnect ALL power supply cords before opening to avoid electrical shock.** **Afin d'éviter les chocs électriques, débranchez TOUTES les cables électrique avant d'ouvrir** **Vor dem Offnen immer Netzleitung abziehen um elektrischen Schlag zu vermeiden.**

Connecting the Sensors

The PRO2 is equipped with two mini RJ11 temperature/humidity ports for attachment of the temperature/humidity sensors. Attach the mini RJ11 plug of the sensor(s) to the appropriate temperature/humidity port.

Connecting to the Unit

Connection can be made with a serial (RS232) port or with an Ethernet port, as described:

For the Serial (RS232) Port:

The PRO2 is equipped with an RJ45 serial RS-232 port – for attachment to a PC or networked terminal server – using the supplied RJ45-to-RJ45 crossover cable and the RJ45-to-DB9F serial port adapter, as required.

For the Ethernet Port:

The PRO2 is equipped with an RJ45 10/100Base-T Ethernet port for attachment to an existing network. This connection allows access to the PRO2 unit via Telnet or Web.

Network Defaults

The PRO2 is configured with the following network defaults to allow unit configuration out-of-the-box through either Telnet or Web. However, note that when the PRO2 is installed on a DHCP-enabled network, the following network defaults **do not apply** because the PRO2 ships with DHCP support enabled by default.

Network Defaults (for **non**-DHCP-enabled networks):

- IP Address: 192.168.1.254
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Gateway: 192.168.1.1

Reconfigure the Network Connection

A local PC network connection must be reconfigured as follows. For detailed instructions about this connection, contact your system administrator. Note that a restart of the system may be required for the network reconfiguration to take effect.

- IP Address: 192.168.1.x (where "x" is 2-253)
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Chapter 3: Getting Started with the Firmware

This chapter introduces several key features of the firmware (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

Note: Firmware, version 8.0, for the PRO2 product is not compatible with other Server Technology Rack Power Distribution Unit products. There is no upgrade path from earlier PDU products to PRO2 products.

On-Board File System

The firmware Web Interface provides an embedded file system to give quick access to system configuration files, as well as the on-board and downloadable Sentry4-MIB and OID Tree for the PRO2, eliminating website MIB/OID downloads.

The page also allows GUI-based file uploads (without FTP) for system, configuration, and firmware versions. However, all PRO2 configuration/system files, MIB, and OID Tree can also be accessed via FTP.

Intuitive and Consistent Terminology

The design of the firmware includes intuitive and soft-mapped naming conventions between the interfaces (Web and CLI) and the PRO2 product. For example, the firmware GUI areas (cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors, branches, outlets, sensors, etc.) match the same areas designed in the PRO2 hardware architecture.

Outlet numbers are named 1-n sequentially and the outlet name is not tied to infeeds or branches. Input cords are also simply named 1-n sequentially (like 1-24), no longer 1-n for each phase (like XY 1-8, YZ 1-8, ZX 1-8).

Also, firmware naming formats match the exact silkscreened names on the hardware unit.

Outlet Grouping

An outlet group is named group with a collection of PRO2 outlets assigned to the group. Outlet groups can be granted access to selected outlets by the administrative user (via the Web interface or CLI), and outlet activity by group can be monitored on a separate Web interface page for outlet group monitoring.

Setting Thresholds

When setting threshold values, the PRO2 firmware allows expanded alerting capabilities. Threshold values can be set by the administrative-user for multiple low/high warning/alarm levels (and threshold hysteresis), as listed below in the following PRO2 areas.

Every item shown in the following list – for which a threshold can be set – also has a corresponding Monitoring page for viewing the item's current threshold values and operational status.

- Branch current (low and high).
- Cord power (low and high), cord apparent power (low and high), cord power factor (low), 3-phase out-of-balance (high).
- Line current (low and high).
- Outlet current (low and high), outlet power (low and high), outlet power factor (low).
- Phase voltage (low and high), phase power factor (low).
- Temperature sensor (low and high).
- Humidity sensor (low and high).
- Analog-to-Digital (ADC) sensor (low and high) – if an EMCU is connected to the PRO2 unit.

PRO2 Dashboard View

The firmware **Overview > System** page provides a fast and high-level view of the overall condition of the PRO2 unit. The sub-system status view shows the current operational state of individual PRO2 (units, cords, lines, etc.).

The color-coded status icon for each area is hot-linked to the corresponding monitoring page to show the operating details behind the status, for example:
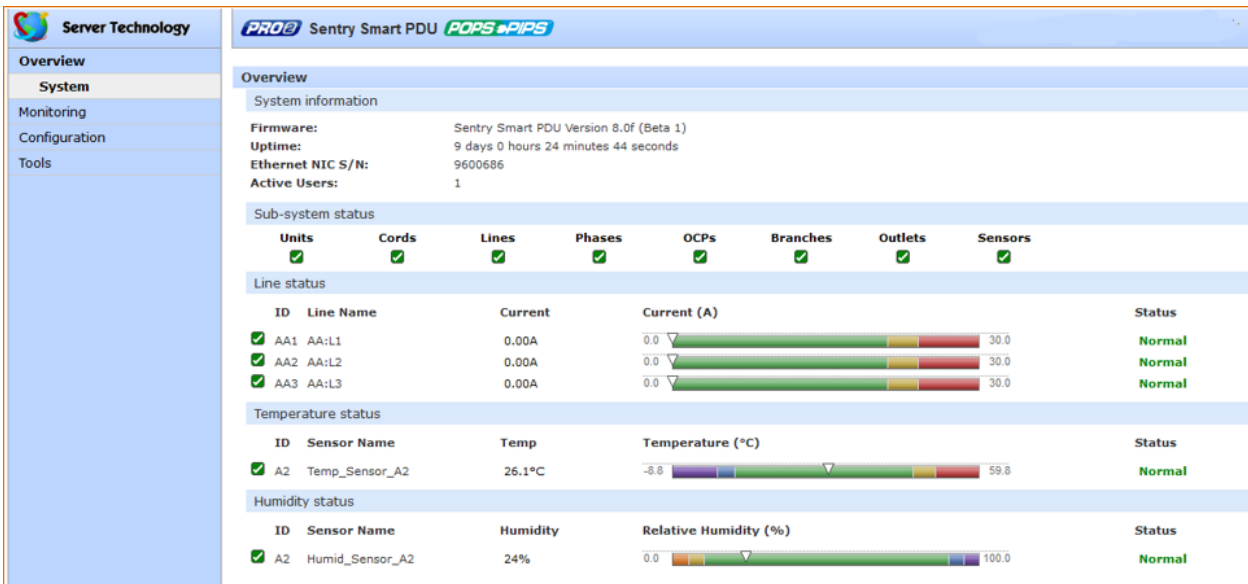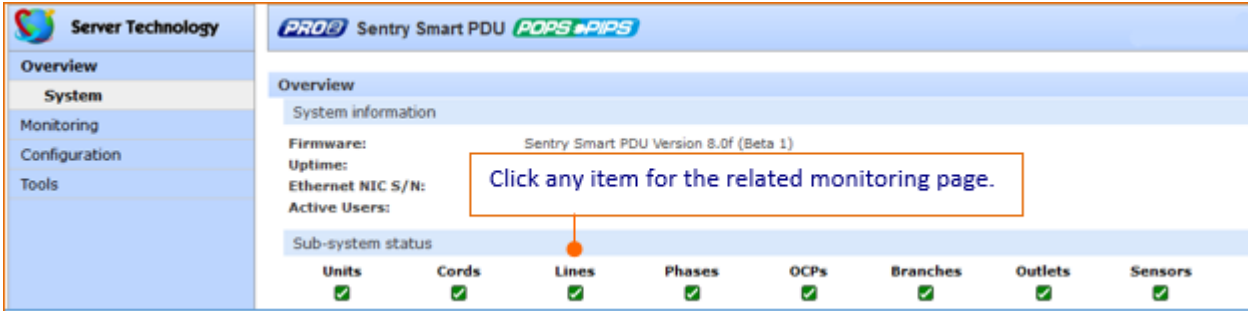
The User Interfaces

The Smart PRO2 offers two built-in user interfaces:

- Web interface (GUI) accessed via HTTP-enabled Ethernet connections.

- Command Line Interface (CLI) for serial and Telnet connections.

Both interfaces allow power monitoring of PIPS/POPS data points, temperature/humidity measurements, system/network configuration, ST Eye Bluetooth® connection, user account management, and numerous other operations for the Smart PRO2.

Either interface can be used as preferred; most firmware operations can be performed on GUI screens or by CLI commands on the command line. When using either interface, the availability of firmware functions for your user login account depends on your current user access rights as granted by the system administrator.

Usernames and Passwords

The Smart PRO2 is shipped with one default administrative user account (username/password is admn/admn). There is no "i" in the admn username or password.

Only an administrative user can manage user accounts, such as creating new user accounts, removing user accounts, and changing user passwords.

The PRO2 supports a maximum of 112 defined user accounts with the following restrictions:

User Account	Length	Case-Sensitive	Spaces Allowed
Usernames	1-32 characters	No	No
Passwords	1-32 characters	Yes	Yes

Note: For security, Server Technology recommends first creating a new user account with administrative rights, and then removing the default admn account.

User Access Rights

The following table defines the user rights granted by the administrative user for access to PRO2 operations using either the Web GUI or the Command Line interface (CLI). Only the options for which the user has access rights will be available in the firmware for the user.

User Access Level (highest to lowest)	Description
Administrator	Full access for configuration, user management, status, and serial/pass-thru ports.
Power User	Full access for configuration, status, and serial/pass-thru ports. **Note:** The Power User does not have access to user management.
User	Access to status, pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.

The administrative user can also grant administrative-level rights to other user accounts, allowing the PRO2 unit to have more than one administrative user.

Administrative access rights cannot be removed from the default **admn** user account until an administrative user grants administrative access rights to another user account.

To use administrative commands, the user must be granted administrative user access rights.

IPv4/IPv6 Support

Note: Throughout the Web and CLI firmware interfaces, both IPv4 and IPv6 formats are accepted wherever a hostname or IP address is provided.

Server Technology uses IPv6 "dual stack" support in the firmware PRO2 product line. IPv6 has been designed to succeed IPv4 as the dominant communications protocol for internet traffic, to avoid depletions of the IPv4 address space, and to allow more IP address growth. Many devices already in use support IPv6.

IPv6 has several new operational methods:

- Static IPv6 Address: The IPv6 equivalent of Static IPv4.

- DHCPv6 Address: The IPv6 equivalent of a DHCP IPv4 address, also known as a "stateful" auto-configuration of DHCPv6.

- IPv6 Stateless Auto-Configured Address – (RFC 4862): An automatically-generated unique link-local IPv6 address used for client based configurations. This address is always present in the Server Technology dual stack and cannot be disabled.

- DHCPv6 Stateless Auto-Configured Address – (RFC 3736): A "stateless" Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) service for IPv6 (DHCPv6). This address is used by nodes to obtain configuration information, such as addresses of DNS recursive name servers that do not require the maintenance of any dynamic state for individual clients.

Protocol Support for PRO2 Firmware

IPv6 and IPv4 Protocols:

The PRO2 firmware supports the following network IPv6 **and** IPv4 protocols:

- DNS Ping

- FTP (or SFTP) Server SNMPv1/2/3

- FTP (or SFTP) Updates SNTP

- HTTP or HTTPS

- SMTP

- Static IPv6 DHCPv6 (stateless and stateful)

- Syslog SNMPv1/2/3 Traps

- Telnet SSH

IPv4-Only Protocols:

The PRO2 firmware supports the following network IPv4-only protocols:

- Cisco EnergyWise

- LDAP

- Load Shedding *

- RADIUS *

- TACACS+

    * = may work with IPv6 addresses, but not tested.

Network-Enabled Modes

Notes:

- For all network-enabled modes described below, the PRO2 will set an auto-configured IPv6 address, and if IPv6 router announcements are active, a stateless DHCP IPv6 address will also be set. Further, in all network-enabled modes, at least one IPv4 **or** one IPv6 address will be active.

- For maximum backward compatibility, the default network mode is "IPv4 only".

Descriptions for the network-enabled modes:

- Network disabled – No IPv4 or IPv6 addresses available.

- IPv4 only, DHCP disabled (static IPv4) – If the IPv4 Static Address and Net Mask of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set.

- IPv4 only, DHCP enabled (DHCP IPv4) – The PRO2 will try to resolve an IPv4 DHCP address. If a DHCP address cannot be obtained after 90 seconds, the PRO2 can: (1) optionally fall back to its static IPv4 settings, or (2) indefinitely wait to acquire an address based on DHCP configuration settings**. This setting is the default.**

- Dual IPv6/IPv4, DHCP disabled (static IPv6/IPv4) – If the IPv6 Static Address and prefix of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set. Otherwise, the PRO2 will attempt to use DHCPv6 to obtain an IPv6 address. In addition, if the IPv4 Static Address and Net Mask of the PRO2 are valid, they will be set.

- Dual IPv6/IPv4, DHCP enabled (DHCP IPv6/IPv4) – The PRO2 will try to resolve both its IPv6 and IPv4 addresses by DHCP. If both DHCP requests are answered, the **primary** DNS server of the PRO2 will become the **primary** IPv6 DNS server, and the **secondary** DNS server of the PRO2 will become the **primary** IPv4 DNS server. If only one of the DHCP requests is answered, the DNS servers of the PRO2 will map to the **primary** and **secondary** DNS server from that request. If a DHCP address cannot be obtained after 90 seconds, the PRO2 can: (1) optionally fall back to its static IPv4 and/or IPv6 settings, or (2) indefinitely wait to acquire an address based on DHCP configuration settings.

Viewing Network Status

You can obtain the IPv6 network status through the firmware Web Interface or Command Line Interface (CLI). For the CLI, use the **show network** command as follows:

```
Smart PDU: show network


Network Configuration
   State:          Static IPv4       Network:         Dual IPv6/IPv4
   Link:           Up                Negotiation:     Auto
   Speed:          100 Mbps          Duplex:          Full
   MAC:            00-0A-9C-60-00-29
   AutoCfg IPv6:   FE80::20A:9CFF:FE60:29/64
   IPv4 Address:   10.1.2.65         Subnet Mask:     255.255.0.0
   IPv4 Gateway:   10.1.1.1
   DNS1:           10.1.5.133
   DNS2:           10.1.5.134

Static IPv4/IPv6 Settings
   IPv6 Address:   ::/64
   IPv6 Gateway:   ::
   IPv4 Address:   10.1.2.65         Subnet Mask:     255.255.0.0
   IPv4 Gateway:   10.1.1.1
   DNS1:           10.1.5.133
   DNS2:           10.1.5.134

DHCP Settings
   DHCP:           disabled
   FQDN:           enabled [sentry-600029]
   Boot Delay:     disabled
   Static Fallback: disabled

Network Services
   FTP Server:  enabled    Port:   21
   FTP Updates: disabled   Port:   21
   SSH:         enabled    Port:   22     Auth:      Password, Kb-Int
   Telnet:      enabled    Port:   23
   HTTP:        enabled    Port:   80
   HTTPS:       enabled    Port:   443    Installed Cert: Self Generated
     User Cert: Disabled                  Stored Files: None
                                          User Passphrase: (none)
   SNMPv1/2:    enabled    Port:   161    TrapPort:  162
   SNMPv3:      disabled   Port:   161    TrapPort:  162
   SPM Access:  enabled
```

Note: The fields IPv4 Address, IPv4 Subnet Mask, IPv4 Gateway, DNS1, and DNS2 are equivalent to existing PRO2 IPv4 settings except that current network settings and static settings are displayed separately.
This allows you to view both static configuration settings and active network settings that can be obtained using DHCP. The DNS addresses may be in IPv4 or IPv6 (based on RFC4291) format at this time.

Chapter 4: Using the Web Interface

This chapter shows how to work with the firmware GUI (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

Logging In

Logging into the Web interface directs the Web client to the configured IP address of the Smart unit.

To login by Web interface

In the firmware login window, provide a valid username and password, and click **OK**.

If you enter an invalid username or password, you will be prompted again.

You are given three attempts for a valid username/password combination, after which the session ends and a protected page will be displayed

Note: The default firmware username/password is admn/admn. There is no "i" in admn.

Quick Tour of the GUI

The web interface provides web-based access to the firmware for the Smart unit. The interface is designed with three major screen sections shown in the following screen example:

1. System Header: Displays PRO2 description/location, IP address, and user/access level.

2. Navigation Bar: Provides access to PRO2 power monitoring and configuration of operational parameters.

3. Details Window: Shows status/configuration information based on the option selected in the navigation bar.

Example of PRO2 Firmware Web Interface: Overview > System Page

 Note: The optional blinking PRO2 location string (IP address) in the System Header may not work with all web browsers.

Working with the Pages

Using a Configuration Page:

Select an option from the navigation bar (left-pane), and then work with the option in the details window (right-pane). This example shows configuration of Branch Current Thresholds.

If you enter an invalid value, an error message displays for correction, for example: "Must be valid integer from 200 to 240."

Some pages display links to reach additional configuration pages or to return to the previous page.

To configure a PRO2 unit, type your values in fields, select from drop-down menus, or check checkboxes. To save your changes, click **Apply**. Use **Cancel** to reset to default values and refresh the page.

Using the All or None Global Action:

Some pages offer global control actions with links, entry boxes, or drop-down menus that apply a single action to **All** items in the section (or page), or to **None** of the items.

Summary of the GUI Options

Overview

The Overview > System option is the first stop for high-level and fast monitoring of major PRO2 operational areas. The page displays a quick view of color-coded icons showing current status of the units, cords, branches, lines, phases, sensors. Click an icon for the related monitoring page to view the metrics behind the status.

The System page also shows color-coded graphs for the operational status of line current and temperature/humidity sensor readings.

General system information displays on the page to show firmware version in use, uptime data, Ethernet NIC serial number, and current number of active users.

The System page dynamically updates status and threshold values with a full-screen refresh to reflect the latest PRO2 details for instant assessment and response.

Monitoring

The Monitoring option provides viewing of dynamically updated metrics for the PRO2 operational areas that have the highest power impact on the unit and the data center.

The design of the GUI monitoring pages follows the major areas in the hardware architecture of the PRO2, providing a separate and detailed page for the overall status of units, cords, lines, OCPs, branches, outlets, groups, and sensors.

Each system object for which a threshold can be configured – such as line current and phase voltage – has a corresponding monitor page that displays up-to-the-minute power metrics.

Many metrics are presented on the pages in color-coded graphs for at-a-glance monitoring. A regular full-page refresh dynamically updates theses details to reflect the current condition of the PRO2, providing the opportunity for instant assessment and fast response to critical system issues.

Configuration

The Configuration option allows administrative access to all options for setting PRO2 values. The pages are organized into three major areas of configuration:

- **System**   (options for PRO2 hardware areas)
- **Network** (options for setting up network protocols)
- **Access**   (options for local/remote user access and management)

Network

The Network option provides network setup options for the protocols supported by PRO2: DHCP/IP, Email/SMTP, FTP, HTTP/HTTPS, LDAP, RADIUS, SNMP, SNTP, Syslog, TACACS+, and Telnet/SSH. The **Network** option only allows the administrator to set up network protocol parameters. To configure how the PRO2 user uses the network and system, see the **Access** option.

Access

The Access option determines how a PRO2 user works with the network and system by configuring the options related to a user: authentication, privilege levels, user access to the unit, and additional functions for individual local users and user groups. The **Access** option only allows the administrator to determine how the PRO2 user uses the network and system. To set up network protocol parameters, use the **Network** option.

Tools

The Tools option is a collection of several utility options for miscellaneous system actions: changing user password, pinging other network devices, viewing the system/debug logs, and uploading new firmware versions. Also included are several options for rebooting the PRO2, resetting the PRO2 to factory defaults, and restarting the PRO2 with user preferences.

Overview (Viewing the System Dashboard)

The **System** page of the Web interface is the first stop for high-level and fast monitoring of major PRO2 operational areas. The page displays a quick view of color-coded icons showing current status of the units, cords, branches, lines, phases, sensors. Click an icon for the related monitoring page to view the metrics behind the status.

General system information displays on the page to firmware version in use, uptime data, Ethernet NIC serial number, and current number of active users.

The System page dynamically updates status and threshold values with a full-screen refresh to reflect the latest PRO2 details for instant assessment and response.
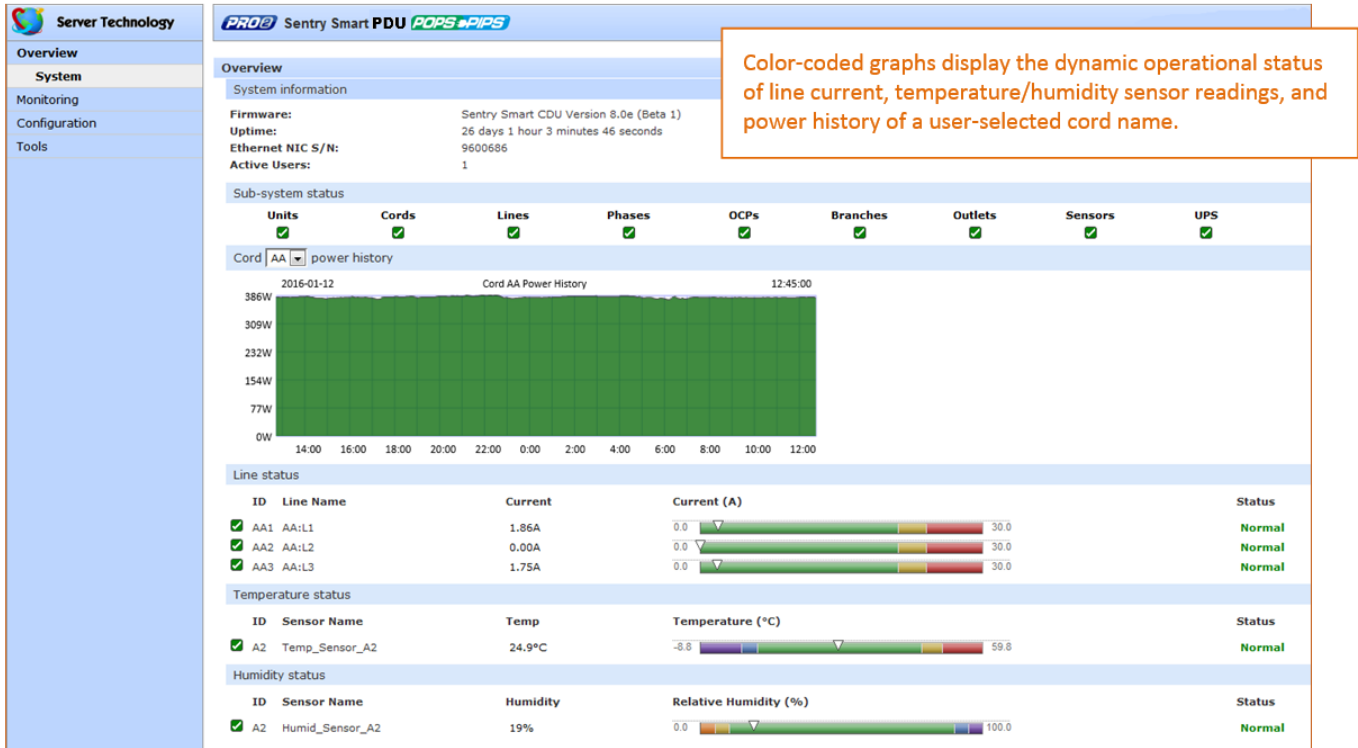
How to Read the Metrics

The color-coded status icons and graphs on the System page update dynamically (normal-green, warning-yellow, critical-red) with the latest metrics of the unit, line status, and temperature/humidity sensor status.

About Auto-Scaling

The displayed graphs reflect the internal function of *auto-scaling*. This means that if the threshold range of values changes for the graph, the graph will auto-scale to the appropriate range, allowing the graphs to still present relevant and consistent information.

What to Monitor

The dynamic performance of the System page is essential for monitoring new PRO2 installation or watching for power distribution changes in hi-density environments. High-level status information on the System page gives the chance to correct of an operating condition before it affects the entire device network.

System administrators and power users can also view the System graphs to quickly identify thermal and humidity issues that might otherwise escalate to infrastructure repairs if left unchecked.

Overview > System Page Definitions

The System page uses the following fields and definitions:

Field	Description
ID	System-assigned internal name that cannot be changed.
Name	User-defined descriptive name for each line or temperature/humidity sensor.
Current, Temp, Humidity	Current state of the reported input load (in amps), current temperature (temperature scale °C °F, as configured), or current percent of relative humidity (%RH).
Low Limit	User-defined low limit of the load, temperature, or humidity graph. These values depend on the sensor limitation and cannot be set by the user. For example, a 0ºC low limit would be displayed as 0 for a temperature sensor graph in Celsius.
High Limit	Displays the high limit of the load, temperature, or humidity graph. For the temperature/humidity sensors, these values depend on the physical sensor limits and cannot be set by the user. For example, a 100ºC high limit would be displayed as 100 in the high limit in a (Celsius) temperature sensor graph.
Sensor Graph and Level Indicator	The horizontal sensor graph shows current operating conditions with color-coded icons, described in the following table, Status Icons and Descriptions". The level indicator appears in the graph to indicate relative position of the current data value with respect to the minimum (low limit) and maximum (high limit) values displayed at the left end and right end of the graph.

Status Icons and Descriptions

The System page uses the following icons to report current operating conditions:

Icon	Status	Description
	Reading	Unit is reading a new or restored sensor.
	Normal	Normal operation.
	Low/High Warning	Current value outside user-configured threshold range.
	Low/High Alarm	Current value outside user-configured threshold range.
	Lost	Connection has been lost to a sensor that was previously detected.
	Read Error	Error polling data from the PRO2.

Sensor Graph Color-Coding

The sensor graph colors change dynamically to communicate operating conditions:

For Line (Load) Status:

Green = Normal

Yellow = low warning/high warning (threshold configured by user)

Red = low alarm/high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure line current thresholds and threshold hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Lines.**

For Temperature Status:

Violet = coldest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

Blue = cold; low warning (threshold configured by user)

Green = acceptable temperature range

Yellow – warm; high warning (threshold configured by user)

Red = hot; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure low/high temperature thresholds and threshold hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Sensors.**

For Humidity Status:

Violet = wettest; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

Blue = wet; high warning (threshold configured by user)

Green = acceptable percentage of relative humidity

Yellow = dry; low warning (threshold configured by user)

Orange = driest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

Configure low/high humidity thresholds and hysteresis at **Configuration > System > Sensors.**

System Information

This section of the Summary page provides general information:

- **Firmware:** Current firmware version

- **Uptime:** Cumulative time the PRO2 has been up and running since the last unit restarted. Shows continuous, real-time system updates with an approximate 5-second automatic refresh. A manual refresh is not required.

- **Ethernet NIC S/N:** The serial number of the PRO2 derived from the Ethernet NIC.

- **Active Users:** Number of active user sessions accessing the firmware. These sessions include serial, Telnet, SSH, and Web sessions. Also shows sessions that an unauthorized user may be attempting to access the system. The number changes instantly as the number of active user sessions changes. A total of 4 concurrent web user sessions are allowed (HTTPS or HTTPS).

    Note: Depending on the web browser, multiple web accesses from the same machine are often considered as one active user.

Sub-System Status

This Sub-System section of the Summary page provides a quick status view of the current operational state of major PRO2 areas (units, cords, branches, etc.) showing a color-coded status icon.

Also provided is a link from each of the sub-system areas to the related monitoring page:

Sub-system status							
Units	**Cords**	**Lines**	**Phases**	**OCPs**	**Branches**	**Outlets**	**Sensors**
☑	☑	☒	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑

Click the name of one of the PRO2 system areas to display its corresponding Monitoring page.

Line current						
ID	Line Name	Current (A)		Utilized	Status
☑ AA1	AA:L1	**0.00A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**0.0%**	**Normal**
☑ AA2	AA:L2	**0.00A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**0.0%**	**Normal**
☑ AA3	AA:L3	**0.00A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**0.0%**	**Normal**
☑ AA4	AA:N	**0.00A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**0.0%**	**Normal**
☑ BA1	BA:L1	**2.17A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**6.7%**	**Normal**
☑ BA2	BA:L2	**0.00A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬▬▬▬ 32.0	**0.0%**	**Normal**
☑ BA3	BA:L3	**2.23A**	0.0 ▽ ▬▬		**Normal**
☒ BA4	BA:N	--			**Read Error**

View detailed operating status on the Monitoring page.

Monitoring (Analyzing Metrics)

The **Monitoring** section of the Web interface provides viewing of dynamically updated metrics for the PRO2 operational areas that have the highest power impact on the unit and the data center.
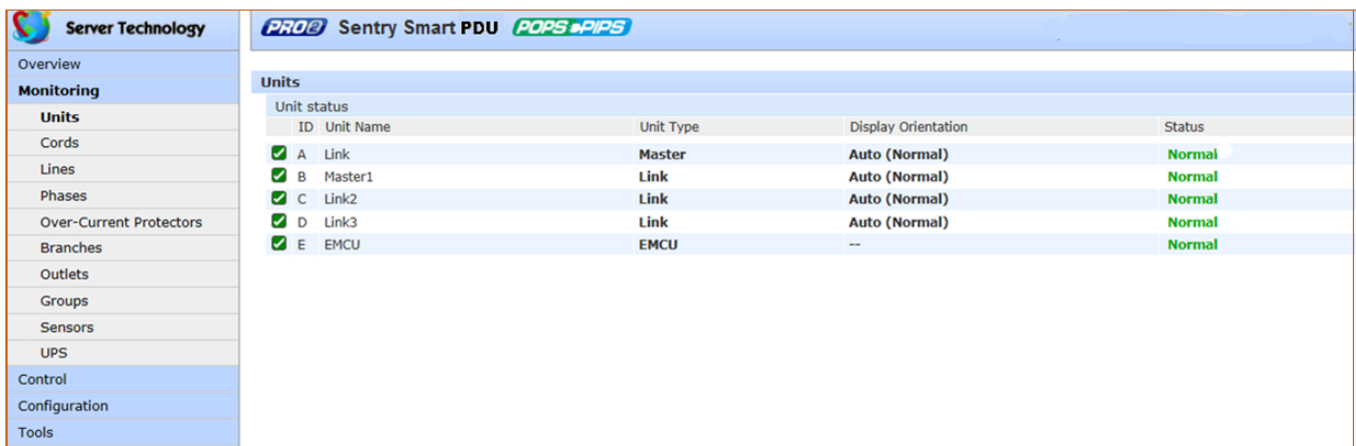
The design of the GUI monitoring pages follows the major areas in the hardware architecture of the PRO2, providing a separate and detailed page for the overall status of units, cords, lines, OCPs, branches, outlets, groups, and sensors.

Each system object for which a threshold can be configured – such as line current and phase voltage – has a corresponding monitor page that displays up-to-the-minute power metrics.

Many metrics are presented on the pages in color-coded graphs for at-a-glance monitoring. A regular full-page refresh dynamically updates theses details to reflect the current condition of the PRO2, providing the opportunity for instant assessment and fast response to critical system issues.

Monitoring > Units

The **Units** page is a high-level quick reference for the PRO2 units in the network, identifying the connected master/link units (and any connected external monitoring devices), the current LED display orientation of the PRO2 units, and the overall current operational status of all units and devices.

What to look for:

The operating status of all units (master and link) should be Normal (green). The Status field reports the overall health of the units and their connectivity, not an exceeded user-defined threshold. Depending on a yellow or red status message, basic troubleshooting will be needed to determine the best solution for the affected unit.

Monitoring > Cords

The **Cords** page displays cord hardware specifications, overall operational status of each cord, and individual color-coded graphs and status for cord active power (W), cord apparent power (VA), power factor (if present), and cord 3-phase out-of-balance level (%).

Note: The inlet type, frequency, power capacity, and energy rating of the cord were determined for the PRO2 product at factory assembly and cannot be user-edited.

Server Technology	PRO2 Sentry Smart CDU POPS·PIPS					Location : □ User : admn IP Address : 10.1.2.79 □ Access : Admin	
Overview							
Monitoring	**Cords**						
Units	Cord status						
Cords	ID Cord Name	Inlet Type	Frequency	Power Capacity	Energy	State	Status
Lines	☑ AA Master_Cord_A	L15-30P	60Hz	18720VA	575.0kWh	On	Normal
Phases	Cord power						
Over-Current Protectors	ID Cord Name	Active Power (W)					Status
Branches	☑ AA Master_Cord_A	375W	0		18720		Normal
Outlets	Cord apparent power						
Groups	ID Cord Name	Apparent Power (VA)				Utilized	Status
Sensors	☑ AA Master_Cord_A	375VA	0		18720	2.0%	Normal
UPS	Cord power factor						
Configuration	ID Cord Name	Power Factor					Status
Tools	☑ AA Master_Cord_A	1.00	0.64		1.00		Normal
	Cord 3-phase out-of-balance level (%)						
	ID Cord Name	3-phase out-of-balance level					Status
	☑ AA Master_Cord_A	10.0%	0.0		24.0		Normal

What to look for:

The cord power graphs display a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load exceeds the user-defined threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed. The unit continu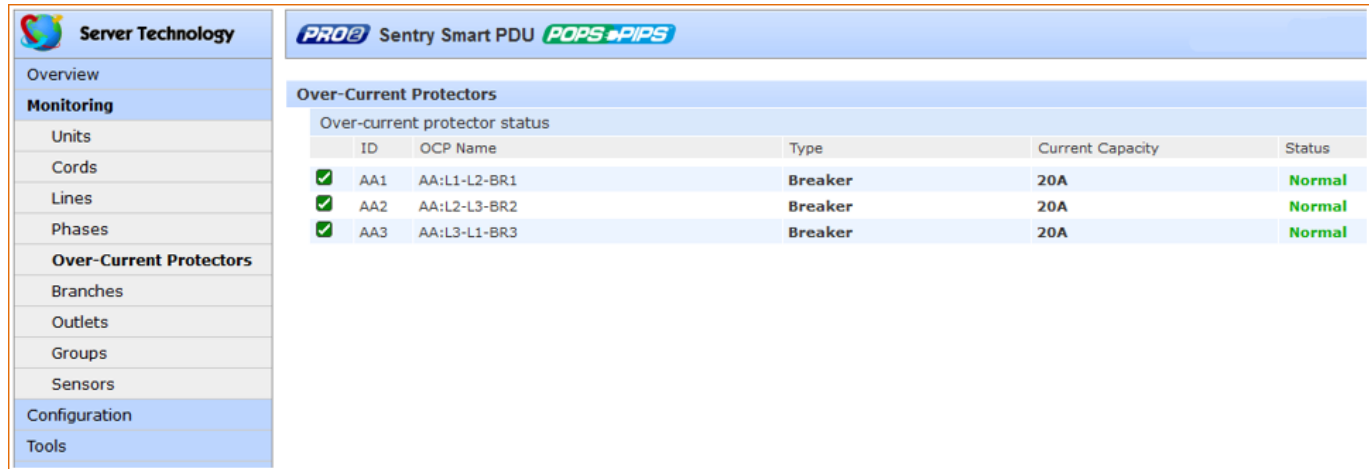es to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved. The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

Cord power thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Cords**.

Monitoring > Lines

The **Lines** page shows overall line operational status, line load capacity, line state, and a color-coded graphic for the current used by each line.
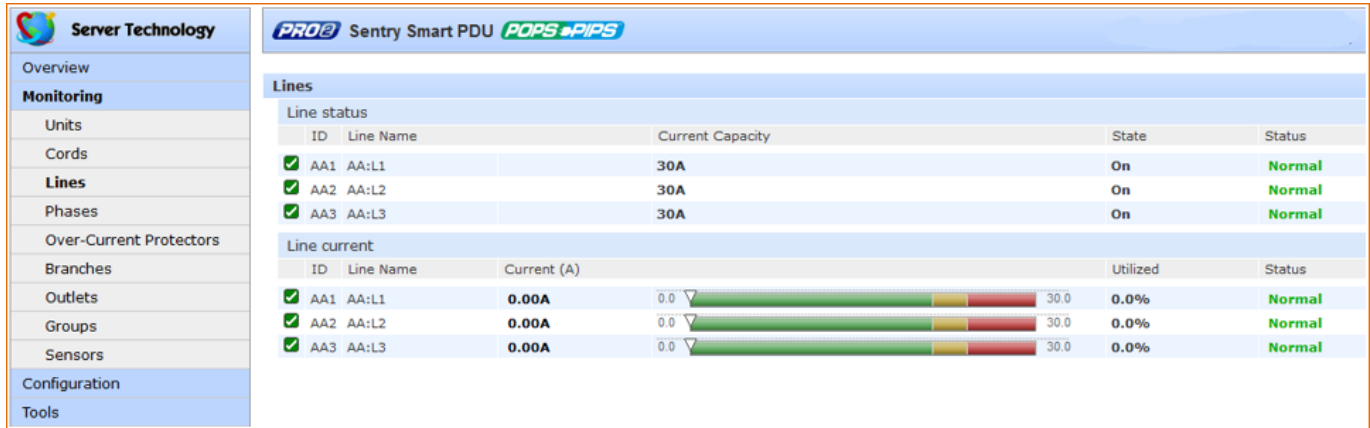
What to look for:

The line status and line current status should be Normal, and the line current should be operating within defined thresholds.

The line current graph displays a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load on an infeed exceeds the user-defined threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed. The unit continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

The line current thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Lines.**

Monitoring > Phases

The **Phases** page reports the current phase status, voltage, and power factor.

What to look for:

The phase status, voltage status, and phase power factor should be Normal, and the phase voltage and power factor should be operating within defined thresholds.

The phase voltage graph displays a blinking warning (yellow) when the total input load on an infeed exceeds the user-defined set threshold. If an overload occurs, a blinking error condition (red) is displayed.

The unit continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved. The same color-coding applies to the phase power factor graph if the threshold is exceeded.

The default input feed high load threshold is 80% of the input feed maximum load capacity.

Phase voltage and power factor thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Phases.**

Monitoring > Over-Current Protectors

The **Over-Current Protectors (OCPs)** page displays the current status, type, and current capacity (A) for any OCPs connected to the PRO2 unit. If there are no OCPs on the unit, the OCP monitoring page will not be available.

What to look for:

The operating status of all OCPs listed should be Normal.

Monitoring > Branches

The **Branches** page displays branch status that supports the standard Branch Current Monitoring feature of the PRO2. Branch Current Monitoring allows the configuration of thresholds on the branch circuit to provide notification before a breaker trips. Displayed on the page are branch current (A), percentage of current utilized, and threshold status.

What to look for:

Branch names are set internally on the PRO2 at factory assembly and cannot be changed. Branch operations status should be Normal and branch current should be within defined thresholds. Branch threshold range values are affected by changing the current capacity of an over-current protector (OCP).

The branch status and branch current status displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when a branch exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The branch continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Branch current thresholds are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Branches**.

Monitoring > Outlets

The **Outlets** page lists the outlets in the PRO2 unit with a quick overview of general outlet information, including operational status based on user-configured thresholds for current, active power, and power factor.

The page allows a fast drill-down from the ID link for more operational data about a specific outlet in the list.

What to look for:

The operating status of all outlets should be Normal. If necessary, view operational details for an outlet. The ID and socket type are determined at factory assembly and cannot be user-configured.

Each outlet has a unique number, and the numbering sequence of outlets is not associated with the PRO2's branch or phase number. For example, a 30-outlet PRO2 unit (either single-phase or 3-phase) unit will have outlet numbers sequenced from 1 to 30.

The outlet status displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when an outlet exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The status continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

A descriptive text outlet name can be configured at **Configuration > System > Outlets**.

To view details for an outlet:

1. From the Outlets page, click the ID link for any outlet in the list, such as AA2 in this example.
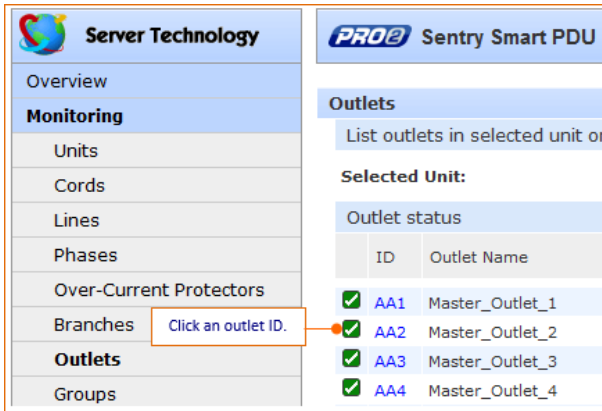
2. The AA2 Outlet Details page displays specific information about the selected outlet that includes capacity and usage, along with status graphs for outlet current (A) and outlet power (W).
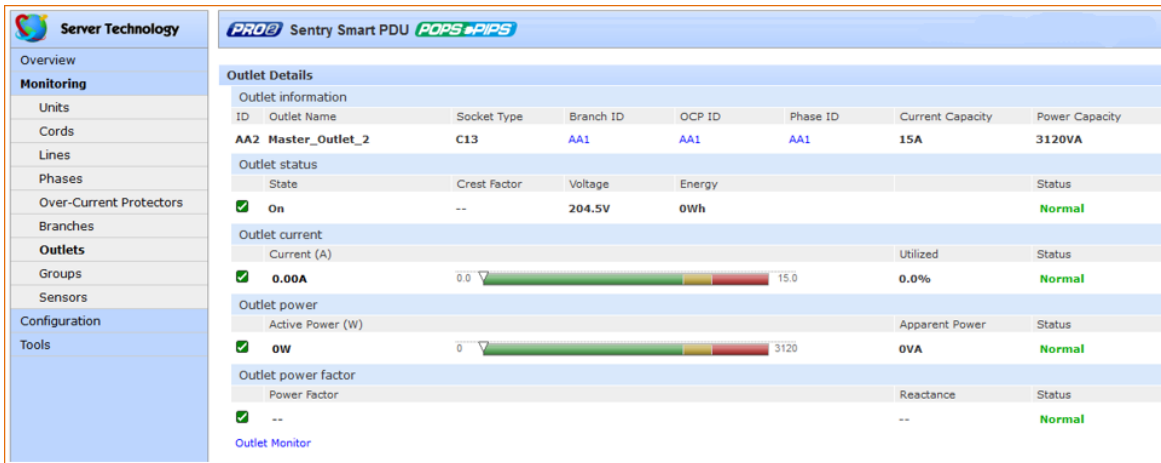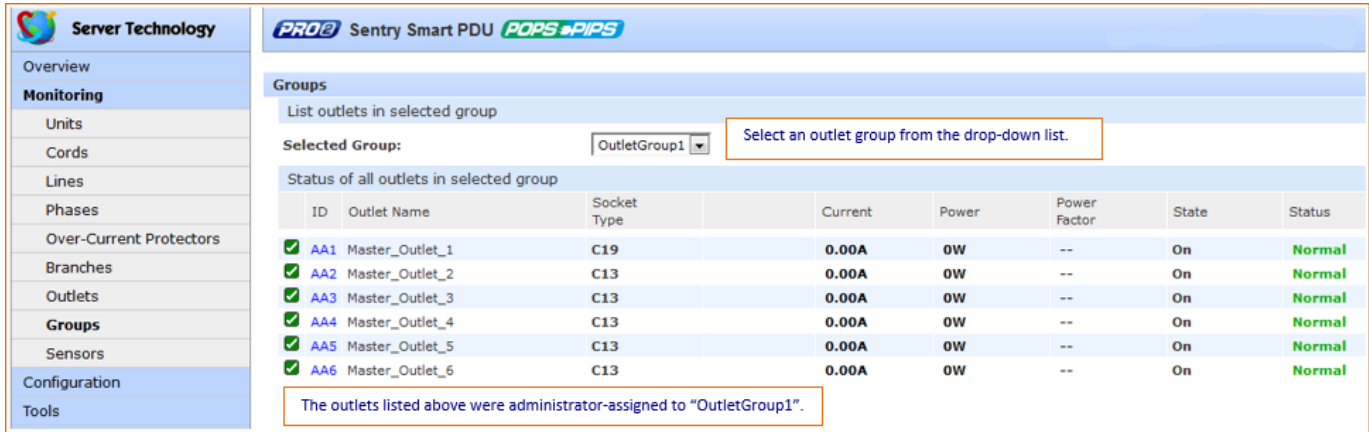

3. To return to the previous monitoring page, click the Outlet Monitor link.

Monitoring > Groups

The **Groups** page shows the status of all outlets in a user-defined outlet group. An outlet group is named group with a collection of PRO2 outlets assigned to the group.

The page also allows a fast drill-down by outlet ID for more details about the outlet.

What to look for:

The operating status of all outlets within a selected group should be Normal. If necessary, view operational details for an outlet.

The outlet status for a group displays a blinking warning (yellow) and red (error condition) when an outlet exceeds the user-defined thresholds. The status continues to display yellow and red states until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Creating an outlet group and assigning outlet access to the group is done at **Configuration > System > Groups**.

To view operational details for an outlet in an outlet group:

1. From the Groups page, select an outlet group from the drop down list.

2. Click the ID link for any outlet in the list, as "AA24" is shown below.

3. The AA24 Outlet Details page displays specific information about the selected outlet that includes capacity and usage, along with status graphs for outlet current (A) and outlet power (W).

4. To return to the previous monitoring page, click the Group Monitor link.

Monitoring > Sensors

The **Sensors** page provides a quick view of the operating status and color-coded graphic showing current operating value of environmental sensors for temperature and humidity.
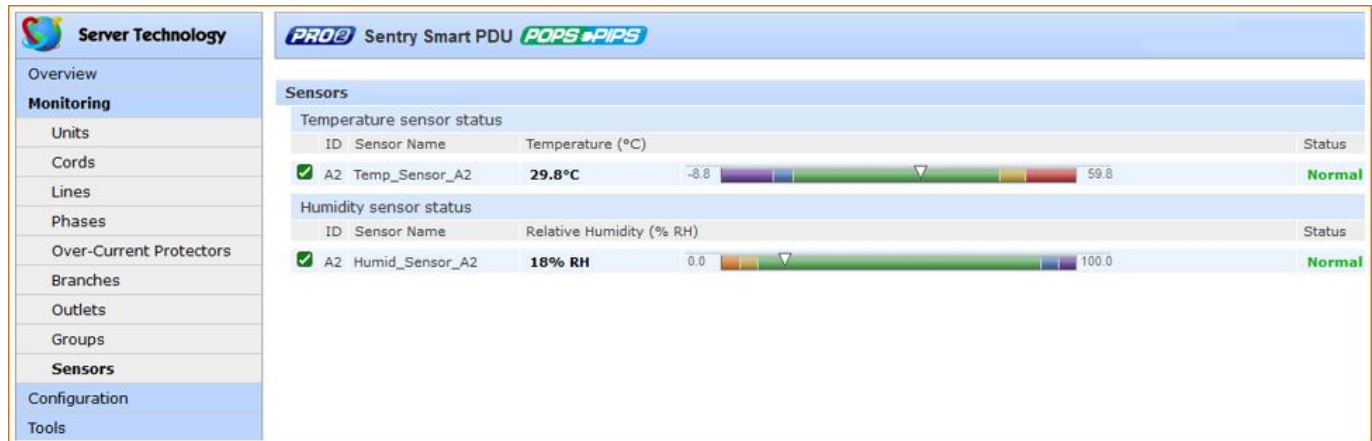
What to look for:

The operating status of all sensors should be Normal, and operating temperature or relative humidity should be within defined thresholds.

Temperature Status

The Temperature graph displays a blinking warning or critical error whenever temperature exceeds low or high threshold. The PRO2 continues to display the status until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Temperature graph colors:

- Violet = coldest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

- Blue = cold; low warning (threshold configured by user)

- Green = acceptable temperature range

- Yellow – warm; high warning (threshold configured by user)

- Red = hot; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

The default range of low/high temperature threshold values is -40 to 123(C°). Temperature threshold values are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Sensors**.

Humidity Status

The Humidity graph displays a blinking warning or critical error whenever humidity exceeds low or high threshold. The PRO2 continues to display the status until the condition changes or the issue has been resolved.

Humidity graph colors:

- Violet = wettest; high alarm (threshold configured by user)

- Blue = wet; high warning (threshold configured by user)

- Green = acceptable percentage of relative humidity

- Yellow = dry; low warning (threshold configured by user)

- Orange = driest; low alarm (threshold configured by user)

The default range of low/high relative humidity threshold values is 0-100%RH. Humidity threshold values are user-defined at **Configuration > System > Sensors**.

Temperature/Humidity Sensor Status

Status	Description
Found	The PRO2 found the sensor and connection is established.
Not Found	On a fresh reboot, the PRO2 does not find a sensor.
Lost	The connection to a previously found sensor is now lost.
No Comm	Communication loss occurred due to a hardware issue (not loss of communication with the probes).[1]

[1] The ENV part of the sensor supports two temperature/humidity (T/H) probes as part of the master unit, two T/H probes as part of the link unit, and the optional EMCU-1-18 (which can support two T/H probes, four contact-closure monitoring points, and one water sensor). The "No Comm" sensor status is not loss of communication with the probes themselves.

Environmental Monitor (EMCU) Status

If an EMCU is connected to the PRO2, the Sensors pages will also include monitoring of water, contact closures, and analog-to-digital (ADC) sensors.
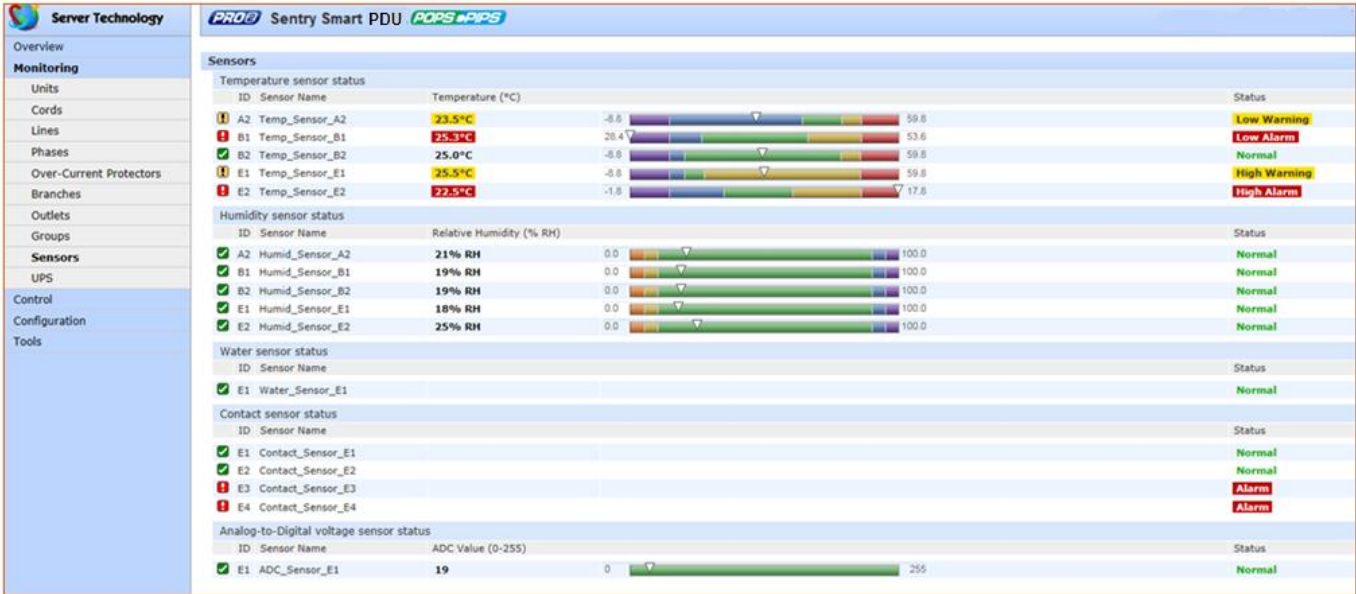
What to look for:

The operating status of all sensors should be Normal and operating within defined thresholds. View the color-coded graph showing current operating range within thresholds for the ADC.

Water and contact closure sensors can have either Normal or Alarm status – there are no other states or value ranges.

The ADC sensors can be configured at **Configuration > System > Sensors**

Monitoring > UPS

The **UPS** page identifies each UPS device connected to the PRO2 unit, displaying hostname/IP address and UPS status.
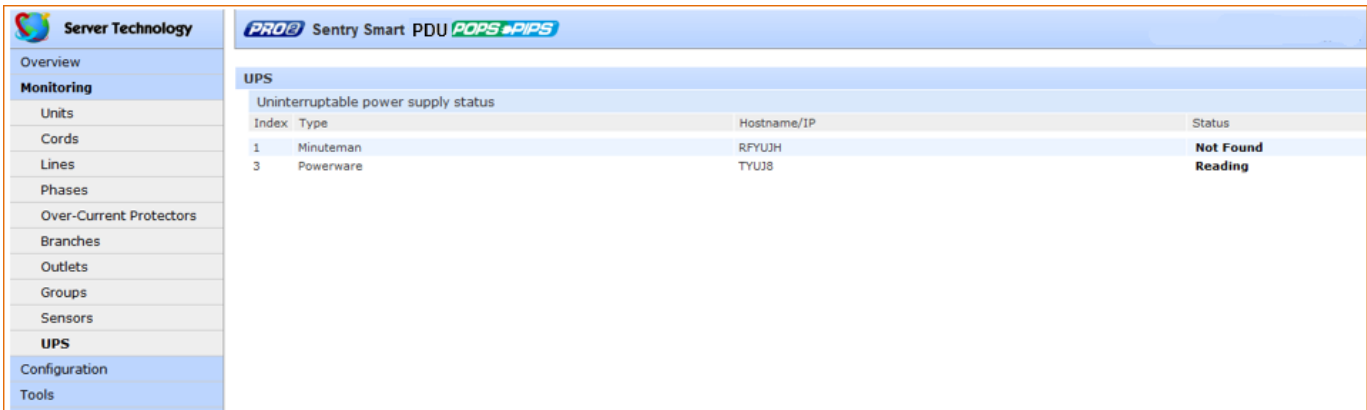
What to look for:

Monitoring page will be blank if a UPS has not been connected to, and configured for, the PRO2. After connecting a UPS to the unit, configure the UPS and the lines to be powered by the UPS at **Configuration > System > UPS**.

Configuration (Setting Values)

The **Configuration** section allows administrative access to all options for setting PRO2 values. The pages are organized into three major areas of configuration:

- **System:**   Options for PRO2 hardware areas.
- **Network:**   Options for setting up network protocols.
- **Access:**   Options for local/remote user access and management.

System > About

The **About** page allows: (1) reference for system-wide configuration data, (2) configuration of the system location, and (3) the option for a blinking system location on PRO2 GUI monitoring pages.

Viewing system reference information:

- Uptime: Cumulative time the PRO2 has been up and running since the last unit restarted. Shows continuous, real-time system updates with an approximate 5-second automatic refresh. A manual refresh is not required.

- Firmware: Current firmware version.

- Build Info: Displays revision number and date/time of most recent firmware version build.

- Boot Info: Identification number from the system boot loader.

- Hardware: Displays information about the PCB used in the PRO2 unit.

- Ethernet NIC S/N: The serial number of the PRO2 derived from the Ethernet NIC.

- Active Users: Number of users currently logged in.

To set the blink option:

1. Type a descriptive PRO2 location name that appears in the system header section of every Web interface page (upper right corner).

2. (Optional) Check the Blink checkbox to enable blinking of the PRO2 location string (IP address) on the Web interface pages. Note that even if Blink is enabled, blinking may not work with all web browsers.

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Bluetooth

The **Bluetooth** page allows configuration of the parameters needed for the Bluetooth™ mobile monitoring solution.

To configure Bluetooth™ options

1. To enable Bluetooth mobile monitoring, check Enable.

2. Provide a value for the Bluetooth parameters: name, pin code, discoverability, and transmission power, as described in the following table.

3. Click **Apply**.

Bluetooth™ Firmware Parameters

Parameter	Description and Values/Range
Bluetooth Name	Descriptive name of the Bluetooth module that displays in the list of discovered modules on the Android mobile device or Apple iPad/iPhone. The default module name is "ST Eye". Valid length of name is 1-31 characters; the name cannot be blank.
Bluetooth Discoverability	Settings that determine the current status of the pushbutton on the Bluetooth module: • Enabled: The Bluetooth module is discoverable, even without pressing the pushbutton. • Limited: (Default) The pushbutton on the Bluetooth module must be pressed to make the module discoverable for 60-seconds. • Disabled: The Bluetooth module is never in discoverable mode.
Bluetooth Pin Code	The pin code is available for legacy Bluetooth modules that require a pin to pair the module. Although not used in current Bluetooth modules, the pin code is supported if needed. Default is 9611; must be 4-digits; range is 0000 to 9999.
Bluetooth Transmission Power	Designated transmission power (dbm) for the Bluetooth module. Lowering the transmission power reduces the effective range of the module. Default is 0; range is -6 to 4 dbm.

Notes:

- The ST Eye mobile app and the Bluetooth module may not be included with the PRO2.

- Learn more about the Bluetooth monitoring solution (for either Android or iOS) at Server Technology's Technical Notes page http://www.servertech.com/support/technical_library/technical_notes/

System > Branches

The **Branches** page provides the Branch Current Monitoring feature of the PRO2 to support up to six branches to measure, report, and alert (in Amps) per branch circuit for breaker and fuse errors.

The **Branches** pages allows setting multiple load levels for low/high warning/alarm values (A) for branch current thresholds, plus threshold hysteresis (A).

The page also sets sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for branch events.

For dynamic monitoring of branch status and current, see the separate **Monitoring > Branches** page.

About the branches:

- Branch names are not user-defined and cannot be changed.

- Branch values affect the setting on the OCP – if an OCP is connected to the PRO2. Not all PRO2 units will have an OCP; therefore, branch threshold range values will be affected by changing the current capacity on the OCP.

To configure branch settings:

1. For each branch listed on the page, check (or uncheck) the SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications checkboxes to enable (or disable) branch event notification for a specific branch.

2. Click **Apply**.

Setting Branch Current Thresholds

From the Branches page, click the link Branch Current Thresholds to display the related thresholds edit page:

To set branch current thresholds:

1. Set the threshold hysteresis value (in Amps). Hysteresis is the values between the event state and recovery. Provide 0.0 to 10.0A. Default is 1.0A.

2. Provide the current load (A) for low/high warning/alarm threshold for a displayed branch on the page. Valid range is between 0-max (Max Current) in **show branches** command.

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Cords

The **Cords** page configures the single input power cord in the PRO2 hardware architecture that reports infeed data for the unit, allowing the setting of multiple cord threshold levels for power, apparent power, power factor, 3-phase out-of-balance, and threshold hysteresis.

The value for *nominal voltage* – the point where an alert is received – is established on the **Cords** page.

The Cords page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for cord events.

For dynamic monitoring of cord status, related power data, and out-of-balance levels, navigate to the separate **Monitoring > Cords** page.

To configure cord settings:

1. In the Cord Name field, provide a descriptive text name, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.

2. View the reported type of inlet displayed for the cord.

3. In the Nominal Voltage field, set the value (in Volts) to be the mid-point of the Monitoring graphs, so that nominal voltage is the point where you are alerted for an alarm. Range is 0-max (max is factory nominal voltage) in the **show cords** command.

4. Set the current load for the cord in the Current Capacity field. Range is 0-max (max is factory current capacity) in the **show cords** command.

5. For each cord listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable/disable notifications for cord events.

6. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Cord Power Thresholds

Click the power thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

To set power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (W). Range is 0-1000W; default is 100W.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (W). Cord power does not include power factor. Range is min 0W; max is power capacity shown in **cstat** command.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Cord Apparent Power Thresholds

Click the apparent power thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

To set apparent power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (VA). Range is 0-1000VA; default is 100VA.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (VA). Cord apparent power includes power factor. Range is min 0VA; max is power capacity shown in **cstat** command.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Cord Power Factor Thresholds

Click the power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

To set power factor thresholds:

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0.0-0.20; default is 0.02.

2. Set numeric values for the low alarm/warning power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring 3-Phase Out-Of-Balance Thresholds

Click the out-of-balance link at the bottom of the Cords page to display the configuration page:

To set out-of-balance factor thresholds:

1. Provide a percent for threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-10%; the default is 2%.

2. Set percent for high warning/alarm out-of-balance thresholds. Range is min 0%; the max is 200%.

3. Click **Apply**.

Notes:

- Out-of-balance is the percent power difference between phases of a cord.

- When a device with 3-phase input voltage is out-of-balance, efficiency is reduced and the unit is prevented from reaching maximum capacity, making it necessary to adjust distribution of the loads.

System > Features

The **Features** page allows the activation of add-on features available from Server Technology.

Server Technology	PRO2 Sentry Smart PDU POPS•PIPS
Overview	**Features**
Monitoring	Enter a new feature key
Configuration	**Ethernet NIC S/N:** 9600686
System	**Feature Key:**
About	Apply Cancel XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX
Bluetooth	Add-on features installed:
Branches	
Cords	
Features	Characters in the Feature Key data box must be typed exactly as the sample format shown.
Files	
Groups	The current list of activated and installed features is displayed in this area of the page.
Lines	
Outlets	
Over-Current Protectors	
Phases	
Ports	
Sensors	
Trending	
Units	
UPS	
Network	
Access	
Tools	

To activate a feature:

1. In the Feature Key field, type the key provided by Server Technology.

2. Click **Apply**. A restart of the PRO2 is required after activating a feature.

Note: For more information about add-on features, such as Smart Load Shedding, contact your Server Technology sales representative.

System > Files

The **Files** page provides an embedded file system to give quick access to system configuration files, as well as the on-board and downloadable Sentry4-MIB and OID Tree for the PRO2, eliminating website MIB/OID downloads.

The page also allows GUI-based file uploads (without FTP) for system, configuration, and firmware versions. However, all PRO2 configuration/system files, MIB, and the OID Tree can also be accessed via FTP at **Configuration > Network > FTP**.

Note: There is no CLI equivalent function for the GUI **Configuration > System > Files** page.

Uploading Files

Simple file upload without the need for FTP. Upload a firmware version or specific system configuration file by browsing and selecting the file in the Upload File field, and clicking **Upload**. A confirmation message displays to indicate the upload was successful and the system will require a restart.

File View

The File View section of the page is a list of displayed files showing date/time stamp, file name, and file size. Several file types are shown in the list, described on the following pages:

dictionary.sti

This dictionary file contains the defined and formatted RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSA), generated by, and available from, Server Technology.

The PRO2 is configured to recognize and use the configuration values in the file as specified by the network administrator, indicating to the RADIUS server that the defined attributes are based on Server Technology's unique enterprise vendor code. For more information about the dictionary file and RADIUS, see About RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSA).

```
#
# dictionary.sti
#
VENDOR     STI     1718

#
# Attributes
#
ATTRIBUTE  STI-Access-Level  1  integer  STI
ATTRIBUTE  STI-Env-Mon       2  integer  STI
ATTRIBUTE  STI-Outlets       3  string   STI
ATTRIBUTE  STI-Groups        4  string   STI
ATTRIBUTE  STI-Ports         5  string   STI

    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  Admin        1
    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  Power-User   2
    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  User         3
    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  Reboot-Only  4
    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  On-Only      5
    VALUE  STI-Access-Level  View-Only    6

    VALUE  STI-Env-Mon   Yes  1
    VALUE  STI-Env-Mon   No   2
```

sentry4.mib

For SNMP network monitoring, values from the PRO2 are reported using the new Sentry4-MIB. (Note that earlier PDU products continue to use the current Sentry3-MIB). The new Sentry4-MIB and its new OID tree are designed exclusively for PRO2 products.

Reported MIB objects in the PRO2 Sentry4-MIB are identified with a new "st4" prefix as part of the object name. You may be familiar with MIB objects for the PDU, for example, outletWakeupState. However, when the SNMP monitoring system displays a value for the MIB object name, st4outletWakeupState, based on the "st4" prefix in the name, you will recognize that the reported value is coming from a PRO2 unit, not from an earlier PDU product.

The Sentry4-MIB and OID tree for the PRO2 can be accessed on-board in the GUI via **Configuration > System > Files**, or accessed by using the Server Technology FTP site the same way as with the Sentry3-MIB and OID tree for the earlier PDU products.

```
--
--  Copyright(C) 2003-2014 Server Technology, Inc.
--

    Sentry4-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

    IMPORTS
        MODULE-IDENTITY, enterprises, Integer32,
        OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE                      FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE FROM SNMPv2-CONF
        TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, DisplayString                   FROM SNMPv2-TC;


    sentry4 MODULE-IDENTITY
        LAST-UPDATED "201412231130Z" -- 23 December 2014
        ORGANIZATION "Server Technology, Inc."
        CONTACT-INFO
            "Server Technology, Inc.
             1040 Sandhill Road
             Reno, NV 89521
             Tel: (775) 284-2000
             Fax: (775) 284-2065
             Email: mibmaster@servertech.com"
        DESCRIPTION
            "This is the MIB module for the fourth generation of the
             Sentry product family.  This includes the PRO2 series of
             Smart and Switched Cabinet Distribution Unit (CDU) and
             Power Distribution Unit (PDU) products."
        REVISION "201412231130Z" -- 23 December 2014
        DESCRIPTION
            "Initial release."
        ::= { serverTech 4 }
```

sentry4OIDTree.txt

The Sentry4OIDTree is the new OID tree structure that identifies PRO2 data objects for SNMP network monitoring. The Sentry4OIDTree is not backward-compatible with the Sentry3OIDTree.

Continue to use the Sentry3OIDTree for SNMP network monitoring of earlier PDU products, and use the Sentry4OIDTree exclusively for PRO2 products.

```
serverTech Sentry4-MIB Object-Id Tree

-- created from sentry4 (201412231130Z)

<unit>   = st4UnitIndex, 1 to 6 per system
<cord>   = st4InputCordIndex, 1 to 4 per unit
<line>   = st4LineIndex, 1 to 4 per cord
<phase>  = st4PhaseIndex, 1 to 6 per cord
<ocp>    = st4OcpIndex, 1 to 64 per cord
<branch> = st4BranchIndex, 1 to 64 per cord
<outlet> = st4OutletIndex, 1 to 128 per cord
<temp>   = st4TempSensorIndex, 1 to 2 per unit
<humid>  = st4HumidSensorIndex, 1 to 2 per unit
<water>  = st4WaterSensorIndex, 1 per unit
<cc>     = st4CcSensorIndex, 1 to 4 per unit
<adc>    = st4AdcSensorIndex, 1 per unit

r- = read-only
rw = read-write
-- = not accessible

serverTech(enterprises 1718)              .1.3.6.1.4.1.1718
|                                                       |
+--sentry4(1.3.6.1.4.1.1718.4)                         +- .4
    |                                                   |
    +--st4Objects(1)                                   +- .1
    |  |                                                |   |
    |  +--st4System(1)                                  |  +- .1
    |  |  |                                             |   |   |
    |  |  +--st4SystemConfig(1)                         |   |  +- .1
    |  |  |   |                                         |   |   |
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemProductName(1)            |   |      +- .1 .0
    |  |  |   +-- rw st4SystemLocation(2)               |   |      +- .2 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemFirmwareVersion(3)        |   |      +- .3 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemFirmwareBuildInfo(4)      |   |      +- .4 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemNICSerialNumber(5)        |   |      +- .5 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemNICHardwareInfo(6)        |   |      +- .6 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemFeatures(10)              |   |      +- .10 .0
    |  |  |   +-- rw st4SystemFeatureKey(11)            |   |      +- .11 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemConfigModifiedCount(20)   |   |      +- .20 .0
    |  |  |   +-- r- st4SystemUnitCount(21)             |   |      +- .21 .0
```

config.bak (or *.bak)
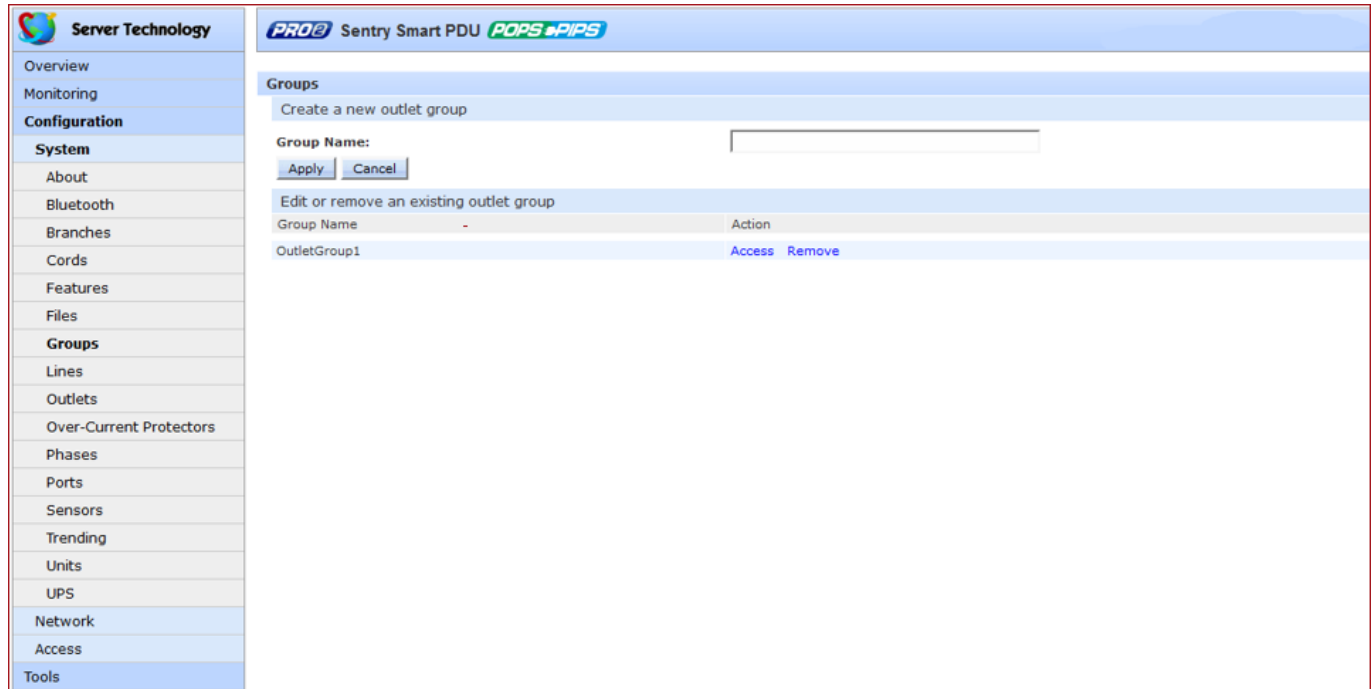
This configuration backup file (firmware version 8.0x or later), when uploaded, restores a PRO2 unit, including network, SNTP, and FTP settings.

User-configuration values are restored, ***except***:

- DHCP/IP values in network settings

- SNAP password

- SNMP sysName (unless restoring to the same unit from which the backup came, based on NIC serial number, in which case the sysName is restored)

- User-loaded x-509 certificate and key

- Factory-configuration values, for example NIC serial number and profile, are not backed up or restored.

System > Groups

The **Groups** page lets the administrator create and name a new outlet group and assign to the group access rights to individual (or all) outlets. For dynamic monitoring of outlets assigned to a group, see the separate **Monitoring > Groups** page.

To create a new outlet group:

1. In the Group Name field, type the new name for the outlet group.

2. Click **Apply**. The newly added name displays in the lower part of the page in a list of group names for editing or removing.

To grant individual outlet access rights to an outlet group:

1. For the group name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The Group Access page displays to allow granting access rights to individual outlets by checking corresponding outlet checkboxes (or unchecking a checkbox to deny rights).

2. Click **Apply**. Access rights are applied to the outlets for the outlet group.
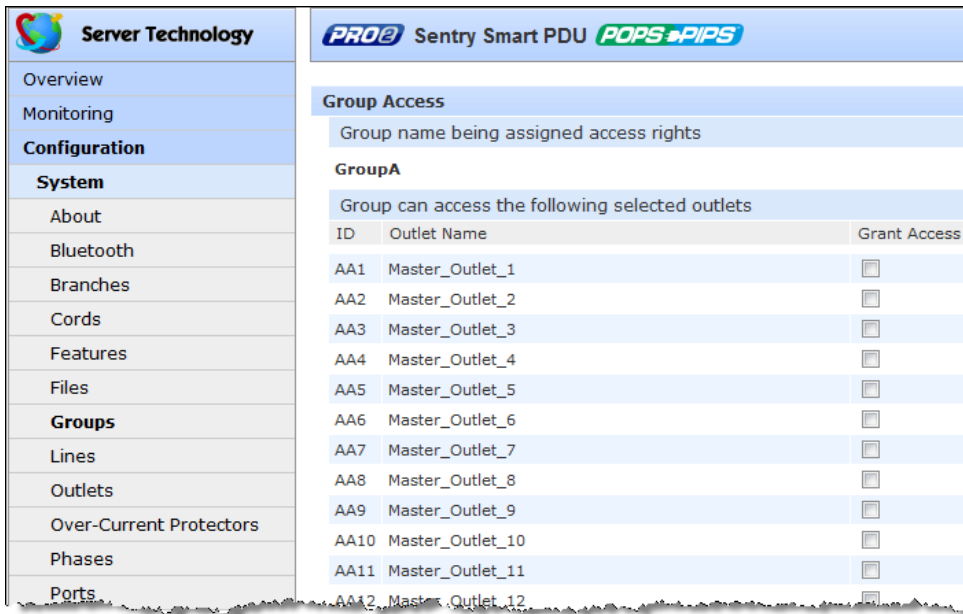
To grant access rights to all outlets for an outlet group:

1. For the group name displayed in the list, click the Access link as described directly above.
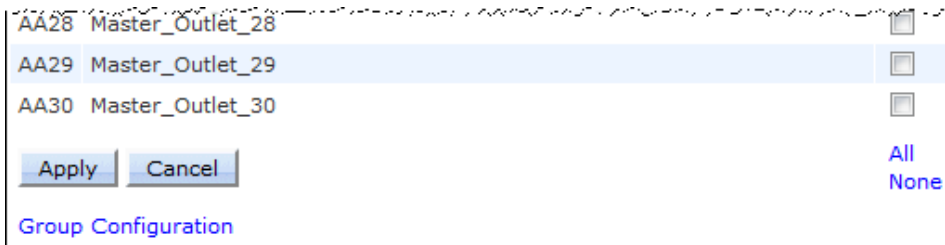
2. At the bottom of the Group Access page, click the All link to grant access to all outlets listed on the page (or click the None link to deny access to all outlets listed).

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Lines

The Lines page configures the separate area of the PRO2 hardware architecture that reports current line load, allowing the setting of multiple line threshold levels, plus threshold hysteresis. The page also sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for line events.

For dynamic monitoring of line status and current, see the separate **Monitoring > Lines** page.

To configure line settings:

1. For each line listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable/disable notifications for line events. To enable (or disable) all lines for SNMP Trap or Email notifications, click All (or None).

2. Click **Apply**.

Note: The format of PRO2 line names is a standard and fixed naming structure and cannot be edited.

Example of line names:

AA:L1, AA:L2, AA:L3, AA:N (master unit: lines 1, 2, 3, neutral)

BA:L1, BA:L2, BA:L3, BA:N (link unit: lines 1, 2, 3, neutral)

Configuring Line Current Thresholds

Click the thresholds link at the bottom of the Lines page to display the configuration page:

Link to return to the Lines configuration page

To set line current thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (A). Range is 0.0-10.0A; default is 1.0A.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning current load threshold values (A). Range is min 0A; max is current limit displayed in **show lines** command.

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Outlets

The **Outlets** page allows configuration of global outlet parameters, including the setting of multiple threshold levels for outlet current, outlet power, and outlet power factor, plus the threshold hysteresis. The page also sets sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for outlet events.

For dynamic monitoring of outlet status, see the separate **Monitoring > Outlets** page.

For configuring and the assignment of outlets to user-defined outlet groups, see the separate **Configuration > Groups** page.

To configure outlet options:

1. In the Outlet Name field, provide a descriptive text name, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed

2. View the reported type of socket displayed for the outlet.

3. For each outlet listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for outlet events.

4. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Outlet Current Thresholds

Click the current thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

To set outlet current thresholds:

1. Provide threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (A). Range is 0.0-10.0A; default is 1.0A.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (A) for outlet current load. Range is min 0.0A; max is max current shown in **show outlets** command.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Outlet Power Thresholds

Click the outlet power thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

To set outlet power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (W). Range is 0-1000W; default is 10W.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (W) for outlet power (without power factor). Range is min 0W, max is power capacity in **ostat** details command.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Outlet Power Factor Thresholds

Click the outlet power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Outlets page to display the configuration page:

To set outlet power factor thresholds:

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0.0-0.20; default is 0.02.

2. Set numeric values for the low alarm/warning outlet power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Over-Current Protectors (OCPs)

The **Over-Current Protectors** page configures current load settings for each OCP connected to the PRO2 unit as a standard and separate area of the PRO2 architecture. The page also sets sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for OCP events.

For dynamic monitoring of OCP status, see the separate **Monitoring > Over-Current Protectors** page. A failed OCP status (for either Smart or Switched PRO2 products) is reported on the monitoring page.

To configure the OCP:

1. View the reported type of OCP as displayed on the page, either breaker or fuse.

2. Set the Current Capacity (A) for the OCP as its maximum current load. Range is 1-max current as displayed in the **show ocps** command.

3. For each outlet listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for OCP events.

4. Click **Apply**.

System > Phases

The **Phases** page configures multiple threshold levels for phase voltage and power factor, plus threshold hysteresis (for AC products only). The page also sets sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for phase events.

For dynamic monitoring of phase status, voltage, and power factor, see the separate **Monitoring > Phases** page.

Server Technology	PRO2 Sentry Smart PDU POPS=PIPS		
Overview			
Monitoring	**Phases**		
Configuration	Configure phase settings		
System	ID Phase Name	SNMP Trap Notifications	Email Notifications
About	AA1 AA:L1-L2	☑	☑
Bluetooth	AA2 AA:L2-L3	☑	☑
Branches	AA3 AA:L3-L1	☑	☑
Cords	Apply Cancel	All None	All None
Features	Phase Voltage Thresholds		
Files	Phase Power Factor Thresholds		
Groups			
Lines			
Outlets			
Over-Current Protectors			
Phases			
Ports			
Sensors			
Trending			
Units			
UPS			
Network			
Access			
Tools			

To set phase event notifications:

1. For each phase listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for phase events.

2. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Phase Voltage Thresholds

Click the phase voltage thresholds link at the bottom of the Phases page to display the configuration page:

To set phase voltage power thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (V). Range is 0.0-20.0V; default is 2.0V.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values (V) for phase voltage.

3. Click **Apply**.

Note: The range of phase voltage minimum and maximum values varies by product. To verify the nominal phase voltage by product, issue the CLI command **set cord nomvolts**, for example:

```
Smart PDU: set cord nomvolts
      Cord name or ID: Master_Cord_A
      Cord nominal voltage (200-240 Volts):
```

Configuring Phase Power Factor Thresholds

Click the phase power factor thresholds link at the bottom of the Phases page to display the configuration page:

To set phase power factor thresholds:

1. Provide a numeric value for the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-0.20; default is 0.02.

2. Set numeric values for the low alarm/warning phase power factor thresholds. Range is min 0.00; max is 1.00.

3. Click **Apply**.

System > Ports

The **Ports** page configures options for the external serial port on the PRO2 unit.

To configure the serial port:

1. From the Baud Rate drop-down menu, select the data rate.

2. Set the Timeout value (in minutes) for the serial port inactivity timeout period. The timeout period defines the maximum period of inactivity before automatically closing the pass-thru session. Range is 0-60 (minutes); default is 5 minutes; setting the value to "0" disables the timeout.

3. From the DSR Check drop-down menu, select On or Off to enable or disable serial port active signal checking.

4. Click **Apply**.

Note: Pass-Thru connections can only be initiated from the command line in a Telnet/SSH session.

System > Sensors

The **Sensors** page configures multiple threshold levels for global temperature sensors and relative humidity sensors, plus threshold hysteresis. The page also determines the system-wide temperature scale and sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for sensor events.

For dynamic monitoring of sensor temperature/humidity and operational status, see the separate **Monitoring > Sensors** page.

To configure global sensor settings:

1. From the Temperature Scale drop-down menu, select the desired system-wide scale as Celsius (°C) or Fahrenheit (°F).

2. In the Sensor Name field, provide a descriptive text name for individual temperature sensors and/or relative humidity sensors. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.

3. For each sensor listed, check (or uncheck) SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications to enable (or disable) notifications for sensor events.

4. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Humidity Sensors Thresholds

Click the humidity sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:

To set humidity sensor thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery (%RH). Range is 0-20% RH; default is 2% RH.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the humidity sensor (%RH). Range is min 0% RH, max100% RH.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Temperature Sensors Thresholds

Click the temperature sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:

To set temperature sensor thresholds:

1. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery temperature. Range is 0-30° Celsius or 0-54° Fahrenheit; default is 1° Celsius or 2° Fahrenheit.

2. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the temperature sensor(°). Range is minimum -40° to maximum 123° Celsius or minimum -40° to maximum 253° Fahrenheit.

3. Click **Apply**.

Configuring Environmental Monitoring (EMCU) Thresholds

If an EMCU is connected to the PRO2 unit, the Sensors page will also allow configuration of water, contact closure and analog-to-digital (ADC) voltage sensors – to provide sensor name and SNMP/Email notifications.

In addition, for ADC voltage sensors only, high/low warning/alarm thresholds can be set. Water and contact closure sensors can have either Normal or Alarm status – there are no other states or value ranges for these sensors.

To set ADC voltage sensor thresholds:

1. Click the ADC sensor thresholds link at the bottom of the Sensors page to display the configuration page:
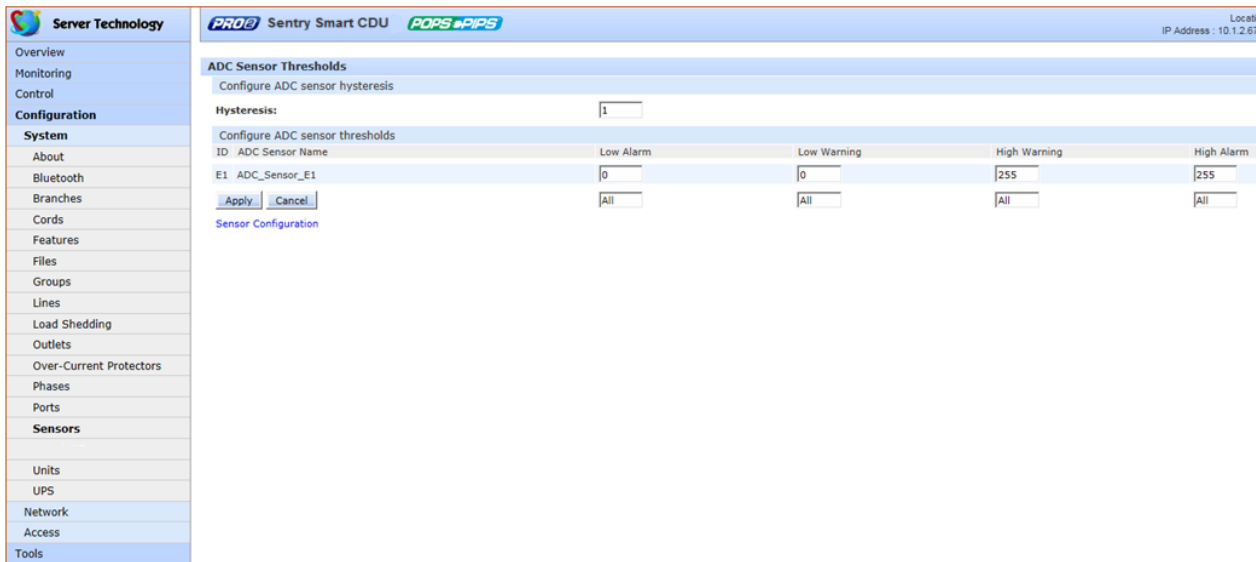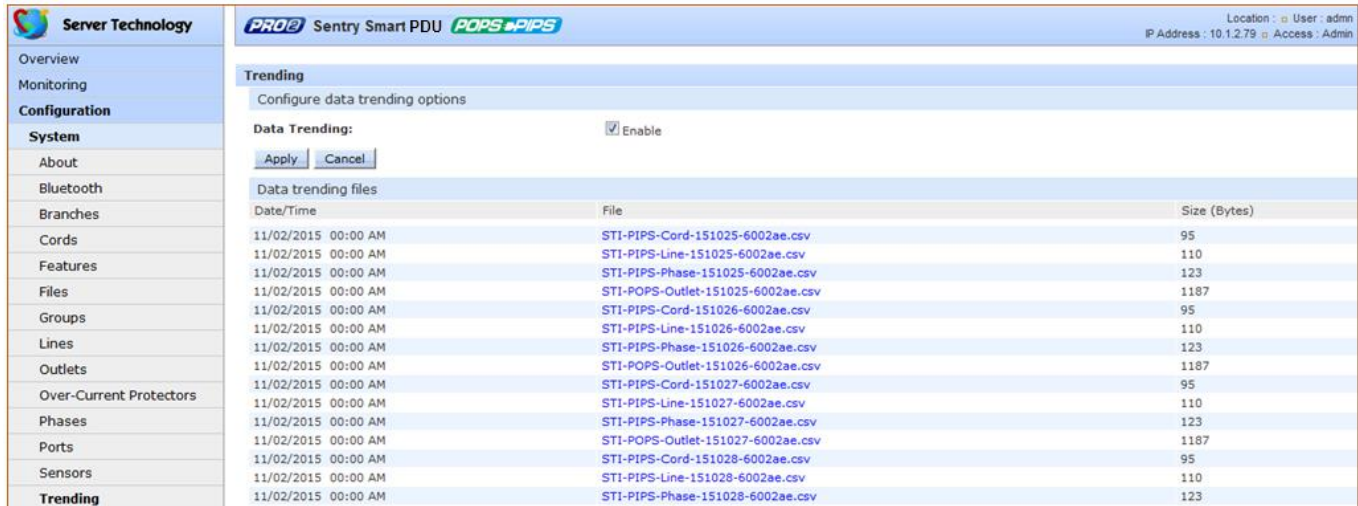
2. Provide the threshold hysteresis between event state and recovery. Range is 0-20; default is 1.

3. Set the low/high alarm and low/high warning threshold values for the ADC sensor. Range is 0-255; default is 0.

4. Click **Apply**.

System > Trending

The **Trending** page generates a report (and related source data sets) of measured system trends over a 7-day period, with the range of each day from midnight to midnight. The trend data in the report is for viewing and analysis only – no actions occur automatically based on the data.

Each time a measurement is taken on the PRO2 unit, the measurement is aggregated into the metrics for the current day. The aggregation process includes updating the maximum and minimum values for each measurement, as well as updating the average with the new measurement.

To activate the trending feature:

1. Check the Enable checkbox.

2. Click **Apply**. The page automatically displays generated .csv trend report files, along with related source data sets, for viewing.

System Requirements for Trending

- Firmware version 8.0x, or later.

- SNTP must be enabled (to keep track of when the daily measurements are taken).

What Data Does Trending Measure?

■ REQUIREMENTS

For the Trending feature to occur and display (for viewing only) on the PRO2 GUI at **System > Trending**, SNTP must be enabled to keep track of when daily measurements are taken.

Certain measurements for PIPS ® and POPS ® (if POPS is present) are tracked by the Trending feature:

For all PIPS cords/phases/lines, the following measurements are tracked:

- Phase voltage

- Line current

- Cord watts

- Cord power factor

■ WHAT IS MEASURED?

For all POPS outlets, the following measurements are tracked:

- Current

- Watts

- Power factor

Note: PIPS is a standard feature on all PRO2 units, but if the unit does not have POPS, then only the PIPS measurements will be tracked.

■ ADDITIONAL TRACKED METRICS

For all of the above PIPS/POPS measurements, the following metrics will also be tracked:

- Minimum measurement

- Maximum measurement

- "In-use average" measurement

How Does the Trending Feature Work?

Each time a measurement is taken on the PRO2 unit, the measurement is aggregated into the metrics for the current day. The aggregation process includes updating the maximum and minimum values for each measurement, as well as updating the average with the new measurement.

Any measurements that have no current or are turned off will not be aggregated; this means the "in-use average" metric will be the reported metric.

Each day's worth of data will be stored in flash memory with a timestamp for use in generating a trending report. Only data from the last 8 days is kept. The report is not stored in flash memory but is regenerated into RAM after a system reboot.

If there is no data set that is 8 days old (1 week ago) for comparison, the trending data will indicate 100% increase for all reported trending data.

If the system is updated or units are moved/changed/removed/added, all trending will be restarted. In the event of communication loss to link units, trending data will not be lost.

About the Trending Report

- The report (and the data sets the report is generated from) are all stored separately.

- The report is created at midnight.

- The report contains the percent change of the average, maximum, and minimum measurements of the day compared to the daily metrics from the same day on the previous week (7 days ago).

- The data set contains the actual values that the report was generated from: the average, maximum, and minimum for the day

A1					fx	Line ID	
	A	B	C	D	E		
1	Line ID	Amps min	Amps max	Amps avg	6-Jan-2015		
2	AA1	0	0	0			
3	AA2	0.25	1.64	1.021			
4	AA3	0.68	2.13	2.118			
5	AA4	0.25	2.29	1.216			
6	BA1	0.25	0.29	0.256			
7	BA2	0.27	0.29	0.278			
8	BA3	0.29	0.35	0.309			
9	BA4	-	-	-			

Example of Line source data set

A1					fx	Line ID	
	A	B	C	D	E	F	
1	Line ID	Name	% chg Amp	% chg Amp	% chg Amp	11-Jan-15	
2	AA1	AA:L1	-	-	-		
3	AA2	AA:L2	-	-	-		
4	AA3	AA:L3	-	-	-		
5	AA4	AA:N	-	-	-		

Example of Line trend report

Accessing and Distributing the Trend Report and Data Sets

The report (and the individual data sets the report is generated from) are available at all times at **Configuration > System > Trending** as comma delimited text files (HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, SFTP interfaces).

The file format name of the report and data sets is "STI-trend-(object)-yymmdd-macaddress.csv".

Optionally, after the report is generated, the report (and the most recent 24-hour period of data in a data set file) can be sent as an attachment to the primary and secondary "send to" email addresses.

System > Units

The **Units** page sets a descriptive system name for each PRO2 unit, configures asset management identification and sets the display orientation of the mounted unit. The page also sets sets SNMP Trap and Email notifications for unit events.

The Purge and Reset link on the Units page displays another page to allow the clearing of current values in non-volatile (NV) memory from individual units, and the resetting of those values back to factory defaults.

To configure the PRO2 unit:

1. (Optional) Provide an asset tag identification for listed master and/or link units and check the Identity checkbox.

2. In the Unit Name field, provide a descriptive text name for the unit, from 0-32 characters. The ID is a system-assigned internal name and cannot be changed.

3. From the Display Orientation drop-down menu, select an option:

   - Normal: Sets the LED display to be right-side up (for vertical mounting of the unit), and outlet sequencing to be 1 to n.

   - Inverted: Sets the LED display to be upside down.

   - Auto (Default): Sets automatic LED display orientation using internal orientation sensor.

4. For each unit listed on the page, check (or uncheck) the SNMP Trap Notifications and/or Email Notifications checkboxes to enable (or disable) unit event notification for a specific unit.

Set Unit Defaults – System Settings Unchanged

The Set Unit Defaults – System Settings Unchanged function resets the following subset of configuration items (in the NIC of the master PRO2 unit) to factory default values:

- Power items: Cords, lines, phases, over-current protectors (OCPs), branches, outlets.

- Sensor items: Temperature, humidity, water*, contact closure*, ADC*
  (* = EMCU unit only)

- User-configuration items related to the above power/sensorareas: Object names, thresholds, hysteresis, nominal values, limits, system location, notification enables, shutdown settings, Bluetooth® options, Smart Load Shedding options, outlet options, and more.

Note: User-configured system-level items **will not be reset** to factory defaults: Users, groups, network, LDAP, TACACS, features, UPS devices, login banner, etc.

To purge/reset NV memory:

1. From the **Units** page, click the Unit Purge & Reset link to display the following page:

2. From the drop-down menu, select a unit as listed on the page by its internal system-assigned number in the ID field, such as unit A, unit B, etc.(depending on the units in the system), or select all units.

3. Click **Purge**. A message displays to confirm the purge action. The units selected will have NV memory purged and restored to factory default values.

System > UPS

The **UPS** page manages UPS devices connected to a PRO2 unit. A connected UPS device can be added to or deleted from the system. Several device options are available for configuration, including a configurable UPS name, and assignment of PRO2 lines to be powered by the UPS.
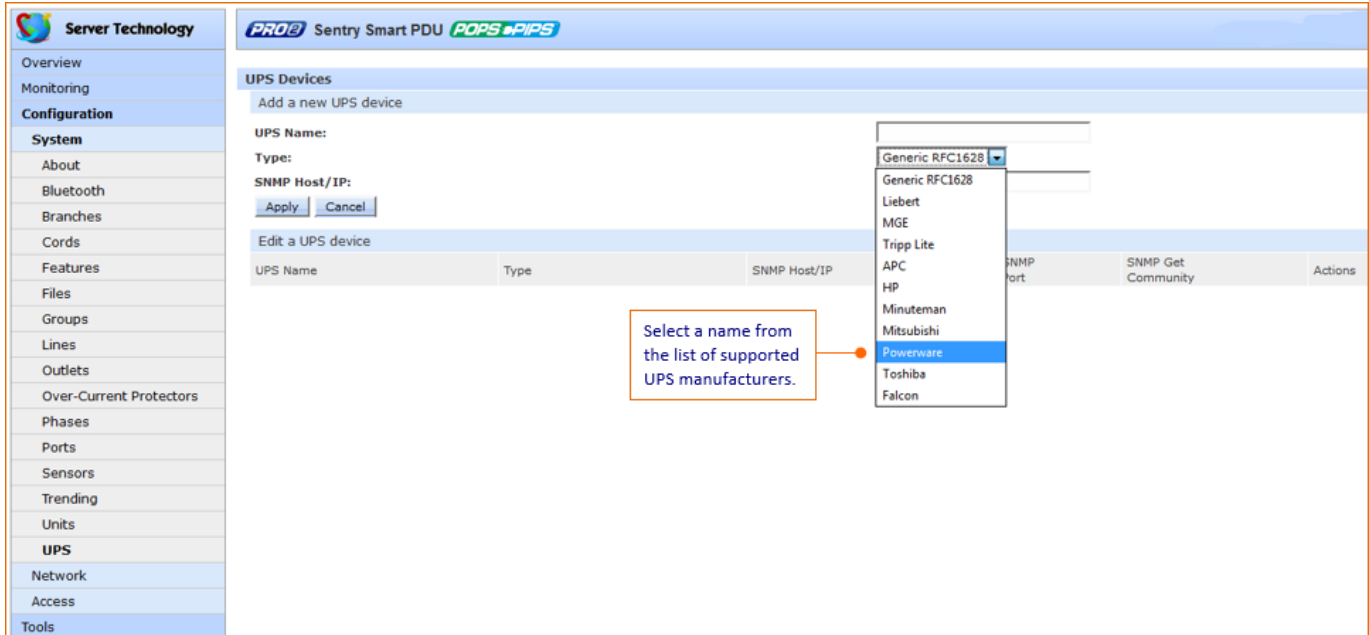
To add a new UPS:

1. Type a UPS name.

2. Select the UPS manufacturer from the Type drop-down menu.

3. Type an SNMP hostname/IP address in the field provided.

4. Click **Apply**. The new UPS displays in the list of UPS devices. The list displays in alphabetic order by UPS name.

Configuring a UPS:

For a UPS listed on the page, click the Edit link to display the edit window:

To configure a UPS:

1. From the Type drop-down list, select the UPS manufacturer.

2. Type the desired values for the SNMP-related fields or accept the defaults as shown on the page.

3. Check the corresponding checkboxes for the line(s) that are powered by the UPS. To select all lines for the UPS, click All (or click None to deselect all lines).

4. Click **Apply**.

To remove a UPS:

1. For a UPS listed, click the Remove link. You will be prompted to confirm the removal of the UPS.

Network (Setting Up Network Protocols)

The **Network** section of the Web interface provides network setup options for the protocols supported by PRO2: DHCP/IP, Email/SMTP, FTP, HTTP/HTTPS, LDAP, RADIUS, SNMP, SNTP, Syslog, TACACS+, and Telnet/SSH.

Note: The **Network** section only allows the administrator to set up network protocol parameters. To configure how the PRO2 user uses the network and system, see the **Access** section.

Network > DHCP/IP

The **DHCP/IP** page allows configuration of the acquisition method for the protocol stack, viewing of current network communication settings, determining static IPv4/IPv6 address formats, and enabling DHCP options.

To configure DHCP/IP:

1. **Network:** Determines the acquisition method used for the protocol stack: "Disabled", "Dual IPv6/IPv4", or "IPv4 only". For maximum backward compatibility, accept the default network mode "IPv4 only".

2. View the fields in the next section of the page as a quick reference for current network parameters:

   For more information about how PRO2 handles the network with IPv6/IPv4 options, see Network-Enabled Modes in this user guide.

To configure static IPv4/IPv6:

1. IPv4/IPv6 Address/Gateway: Provide the address for these fields in either IPv4 or IPv6 format.

2. IPv4 Subnet Mask: If IPv4 is used, supply the IP address for the subnet mask in IPv4 format.

3. Primary/Secondary DNS: Provide the IP address for the primary and secondary DNS hostnames.

To configure DHCP settings:

1. DHCP: Check (or uncheck) Enable to enable/disable DHCP support.

2. FQDN: Provide the fully-qualified domain name (FQDN) name and check Enable.

3. Boot Delay: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable the Boot Delay option with the following results:

   - Enable: The Boot Delay option gives the PRO2 approximately 100-seconds to establish a connection through a DHCP server. The interval allows various network component activities to occur as the PRO2 powers up (such as obtaining SNTP time stamps for logging).

   - Disable: (Default) The Boot Delay option forces the PRO2 to boot after approximately 5-seconds regardless of the DHCP acquisition state. This speeds up a boot when a DHCP server is connected to one of the outlets in the PRO2. In this configuration, SNMP traps, SNTP, and other protocols will not be available until a DHCP address has been resolved.

Notes:

   - The Boot Delay option executes only when DHCP is enabled.

   - The firmware can detect network link integrity and will wait for network connection. This means that if the network is not currently connected, the enabled Boot Delay option will be ignored.

4. Static Address Fallback: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable the Static Address Fallback option with the following results:

   - Enable: The Static Address Fallback option informs the PRO2 to automatically fall back to a static address if a DHCP server does not respond after 90-seconds.

   - Disable: (Default) The Static Address Fallback option generates DHCP server requests until the PRO2 obtains a dynamic address.

Notes:

   - The Static Address Fallback option executes only when DHCP is enabled.

   - If the DHCP server boot time is excessive, you may need to disable the DHCP Static Address Fallback option.

   - The DHCP Static Address Fallback option does not apply when WLAN is enabled.

Network Defaults

The PRO2 has the following network defaults to allow unit configuration through Telnet or Web:

IP Address: 192.168.1.254

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway: 192.168.1.1

The initial local PC network connection must be configured as follows:

IP Address: 192.168.1.x (where x is 2-253).

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

Note: The PRO2 must be restarted after network configuration changes.

Network > Email/SMTP

The **Email/SMTP** page allows configuration of the Email/SMTP protocol and email options.

Server Technology	**PRO2** Sentry Smart PDU **POPS+PIPS**

Overview
Monitoring
Configuration
  System
  Network
    DHCP/IP
    Email/SMTP
    FTP
    HTTP/HTTPS
    LDAP
    RADIUS
    SNMP
    SNTP
    Syslog
    TACACS+
    Telnet/SSH
  Access
Tools

FTP

  Configure FTP client options

Host:	10.1.2.100
Username:	taxe
Password:	• ☐ Change
Directory:	/firmware/8.0f/
Filename:	pro-v80f-b1-r1687.bin
Automatic Updates:	☐ Enable
Scheduled Day:	Everyday ▾
Scheduled Hour:	12 AM ▾
Test	

  Configure FTP server options

| FTP Server: | ☑ Enable |

Apply   Cancel

Authentication Notes:

- SMTP authentication allows the mail client in the PRO2 to log into the mail server during the process of sending an email. The mail server may require this login to relay mail to another mail server.

- The supported SMTP authentication types are: None (default, no SMTP authentication); Digest-MD5; CRAM-MD5, Login, Plain, and Any. SMTP authentication occurs with a configured username/password, or the address in the 'From' Address field with 'From' Address selected can be used in place of the username.

To configure SMTP protocol options:

1. Type the hostname/IP address in the SMTP Host field (either IPv4 or IPv6 format).

2. Provide the port number or accept the default as shown.

3. From the drop-down menu, select the authentication method, and from the "with" menu, select username or 'from' as described directly above in the notes.

4. Type the desired Email/SMTP username; spaces are not allowed.

5. Type the password for the username. The password sets the SMTP authentication with the username. Acceptable passwords are 1-32 alphanumeric characters, case-sensitive, and spaces are not allowed. To change the password, type over it, and check the Change box.

6. Provide the 'From' email address.

7. Provide the Primary/Secondary 'Send To' email address. If the primary 'send to' address fails, the system then attempts to send the email to the secondary 'send to' address.

8. From the Subject ID drop-down menu, select the "Sentry_nnnnnn" default option (where "nnnnnn" is the last 3 octets of the MAC address), or select the "Location" option to specify the email subject line.

9. Click **Apply**.

To configure Email notification options:

1. Check the Enable checkbox to enable Email notifications to be sent.

2. For the event notifications shown, check the corresponding Enable checkbox to enable an alert message via email. The events are:

    EVENT: System activity event

    AUTH: Authentication event

    CONFIG: System configuration event

    Trend Files: Sends the trend files via Email

3. Click **Apply**.

Network > FTP

The **FTP** configuration page allows configuring the settings required for the FTP client to perform FTP firmware uploads and automatic system uploads/downloads.

To configure FTP client options:

1. Type the hostname/IP addresses in the Host field (IPv4 or IPv6 format).

2. Type the FTP username in the Username field, 1-32 characters, spaces are allowed.

3. Provide a password for the FTP username. To change the password, check the Change box and type the new password.

4. Type the file path to be uploaded to the Directory field.

5. Type the filename to be uploaded in the Filename field.

6. The PRO2 is capable of scheduling automatic firmware updates. When enabled and configured, the PRO2 regularly checks the FTP server for a new firmware image and uploads the image. To enable Automatic Updates, check the Enable checkbox.

7. From the Scheduled Day and Scheduled Hour drop-down menus, select the desired day/hour for the automatic update.

8. The FTP upload configuration validates that the unit is able to contact and log into the specified FTP server, download the firmware file, and verify that the firmware file is valid for the unit. To initiate the test, click the **Test** button.

To configure FTP server options:

1. In the FTP Server area at the bottom of the page, check the **Enable** checkbox.

Notes:

- The FTP server must be enabled for configuration upload or download.

- Secure File Transport Protocol (SFTP) is also supported for encrypted SSH transport over the network.

Network > HTTP/HTTPS

The **HTTP/HTTPS** page configures server options for HTTP, HTTPS, and SSL, including user-defined certificates. The page also determines settings for the Sentry Power Manager (SPM) enterprise software product.

To configure HTTP and HTTPS/SSL:

1. Server: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkboxes to enable/disable support for the HTTP and/or HTTPS/SSL server options.

2. Port: Type a port number or accept the default HTTP/HTTPS/SSL port numbers as displayed. The HTTP default port number is 80; the SSL default port number is 443.

Note: SSL-encrypted (HTTPS) must be used for secure website connections.

To configure HTTPS/SSL only:

1. User Certificate: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable support for custom user certificates.

2. Passphrase: Provide a passphrase (0-63 characters) for the new user certificate. To change the passphrase, type a new passphrase and check the Change checkbox

3. Stored Files: This section displays a message (described in the following table) to confirm the upload status of the user certificate and its related public key.

Custom User Certificate Messages

Message	Description and Valid Values/Range
Cert & Key	Both the user certificate and its key were uploaded successfully.
Cert	User certificate was uploaded without a key.
No Cert	User certificate was not uploaded.
Factory Encrypted	User certificate was encrypted and uploaded at product assembly.
None	Neither the user certificate nor its key were uploaded.

4. Installed Certificate: Shows the type of certificate that was installed – Factory, User, Company.

To configure Sentry Power Manager (SPM) options:

The Sentry Power Manager (SPM) is Server Technology's enterprise management software product for the data center. The configuration options provided allow you to enable/disable SPM and reset the SPM password to its default.

1. **SPM Secure Access:** Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SPM Secure Access. If your operation does not currently use SPM, you can disable this option. However, when the option is disabled, the PRO2 will not be able to use the secure network features or advanced remote configuration provided by SPM.

2. **Password:** Each PRO2 unit has a unique default SPM password that communicates between SPM and the PRO2. For added security, when SPM discovers a PRO2 in the network, SPM changes the default password to a different (and unique) password and continues to manage or alter passwords as required for on-going system security. To reset the SPM password, click the **Reset** button.

3. Click **Apply**.

Notes:

- The SPM options apply only if you are currently using SPM.
- Both HTTP and HTTPS/SSL must be enabled or the SPM Secure Access will not be allowed. When allowed, the SPM Secure Access checkbox is enabled by default.
- Do not reset the SPM Password if SPM communication has already been established.

Network > LDAP

The **LDAP** page determines the protocol settings required to enable LDAP support.

🧭 **Note:** The **Network > LDAP** page is for LDAP network protocol management only. To manage LDAP user groups, see the **Access > LDAP Groups** page.

To configure LDAP:

1. LDAP**:** Enabled or Disabled displays on the page to show current LDAP status.

2. Primary/Secondary Host: Provide the hostname/IP address of the Directory Services server.

3. Port: Set the port number for the LDAP server, 1-65535 (Default is 389).

4. Bind Type: Sets the bind method for the LDAP server. The PRO2 supports three standard LDAP bind methods:

   - Simple: Uses unencrypted delivery of username-password over the network to the LDAP server for authentication, showing user credentials in plain text.

   - TLS/SSL: (LDAP over TLS/SSL) Uses a trusted authority certificate to provide encryption of LDAP authentication.

   - MD5: Provides strong protection using 1-way hash encoding that does not transmit the username-password over the network.

5. From the Bind Type drop-down menu, select Simple, TLS/SSL, or MD5. If TLS/SSL is selected, MD5 binding is disabled.

6. Search Bind: Provide the base distinguished name (DN) for the search bind and the Search Bind Password for the base DN. To change the password, type the new password, and check the Change checkbox.

7. User Search: Provide the distinguished name (DN) for the user search.

8. Filter: The User Search Filter sets the filter used for the username search at login.

9. Group Membership Attribute: Sets the user class distinguished name (DN) or names of groups a user is a member of.

10. Group Search: Click to enable the setting of the bind to search groups for the username (in addition to searching the usernames for its list of group memberships).

11. Base DN: Indicates where the LDAP group search will start.

12. User Membership Attribute: The user membership option allows the searching of directory entries of groups for a user membership attribute to find the groups for which the user is a member. Provide a comma-delimited string of up to two attribute names whose values in the search results are the users that are members of the group. Maximum numbers of characters is 61.

13. Click **Apply**.

Network > RADIUS

The **RADIUS** page provides configuration options for RADIUS server support.

To configure the RADIUS server:

1. RADIUS: Enabled or Disabled displays on the page to show current RADIUS status.

2. Sets the Primary/Secondary RADIUS server hostname/IP address used for RADIUS authentication requests. Maximum 63 characters.

3. Shared Secret: The RADIUS authentication key used for authentication requests. Up to 48 uppercase and lowercase alphanumeric and other typed characters (ASCII 33 to 126 decimal) are allowed; spaces are allowed; control characters are not allowed. To change the secret, edit the Shared Secret field (characters are not displayed) and check the Change checkbox.

   Note: The secret that was set for the primary server will not be cleared when setting the secret for the secondary server, and vice versa.

4. Port Number: Used by the RADIUS server for incoming RADIUS authentication requests. Provide a custom port number or accept the default port numbers as displayed. Valid range is 1-65535; default as shown on the screen is 1812.

5. Timeout: Specifies the time interval (in seconds) to wait for a reply from the RADIUS server before resending an authentication request. Provide the custom timeout value or accept the default timeout as displayed. Valid range is 1-30 seconds; default is 5 seconds.

6. Retries: Indicates the number of times an authentication request is sent to the RADIUS server. The PRO2 attempts authentication on the primary server until the number of retries is reached, then attempts authentication with the secondary server. If the PRO2 does not receive a response from the retry attempts, the authentication request will be rejected. Provide a number in the Retries field. Valid range is 0-10; default is 2.

7. Click **Apply**.

About RADIUS Vendor-Specific Attributes (VSA)

In addition to the protocol-required attributes, the RADIUS authentication process can be extended by using private vendor-specific attributes (VSA). This extension allows Server Technology to create its own proprietary attributes to support features and services using the PRO2 in the RADIUS authentication process.

Server Technology has defined and formatted RADIUS vendor-specific attributes (VSA) in the dictionary.sti file, which is available from Server Technology. The PRO2 is configured to recognize and use the configuration values in the file as specified by the network administrator, indicating to the RADIUS server that the defined attributes are based on Server Technology's unique enterprise vendor code.

Using the format of the dictionary.sti file (located on the Server Technology FTP site at ftp.servertech.com), the PRO2 RADIUS implementation supports the following vendor-specific attributes:

Vendor-Specific Attribute (VSA) Descriptions

Attribute	Description
STI-Access-Level	Indicates user access level for the Smart PRO2; values are 1-6 as follows; a valid access level is required or access to the unit is denied. Valid Access Levels: 1 = Admin 2 = Power User 3 = User 4 = Reboot Only 5 = On Only 6 = View Only
STI-Env-Mon	Determines user access rights to environmental monitoring; values are Yes or No. For the STI-Access-Level value other than 1 (Admn), if STI-Env-Mon is not included for a user, default is no.
STI-Outlets	Specifies user access rights to outlets; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword "ALL". String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Outlets is not included for a user, the default is no outlet.
STI-Groups	Specifies user access rights to groups of outlets; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword "ALL". String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Groups is not included for a user, the default is no group.
STI-Ports	Specifies user access rights to ports; values are space-delimited strings of absolute IDs, names, or the special keyword "ALL". String values are case-sensitive and limited to 253 characters. This attribute can be repeated to append strings that declare additional access rights. For STI-Access Level values other than 1 (Admn) and 2 (Power User), if STI-Ports is not included for a user, the default is no ports.

Note: User access levels must be configured using the **dictionary.sti** file. If the administrator does not use the **dictionary.sti** file to configure a user, the user will not have access rights to the PRO2.

Examples:

Administrator with full access and configuration rights:

```
sti-admin Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "admin"
    STI-Access-Level = Admin
```

Power user with environmental monitoring allowed and full outlet/group/port access rights:

```
sti-power Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "power"
    STI-Access-Level = Power-User,
    STI-Env-Mon = Yes
```

User with environmental monitoring not allowed and specific outlet/group/port access rights:

```
sti-user Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "user"
    STI-Access-Level = User,
    STI-Env-Mon = No,
    STI-Outlets = ".A1 .A2 Rtr1 Rtr2 Srvr1 Srvr2",
    STI-Outlets += ".A3 .A4 Rtr3 Rtr4 Srvr3 Srvr4",
    STI-Groups = "Routers Servers",
    STI-Ports = "Console"
```

View-Only user with environmental monitoring allowed and all outlet and group access rights:

```
sti-view Auth-Type := Local, User-Password == "view"
    STI-Access-Level = View-Only,
    STI-Env-Mon = Yes,
    STI-Outlets = "ALL",
    STI-Outlets = "ALL"
```

Network > SNMP

The **SNMP** page provides the protocol and agent configuration options for SNMP support.

About SNMP Versions

- The firmware supports SNMP v1, v2c, and v3.

- SNMP version 3 supports authentication and encryption on a per user basis. Authentication types are None and MD5. Encryption types are None and DES. If you use authentication, you must use encryption.

- Two SNMPv3 users are supported: one user with read-write (RW) access, and one user with read-Only (RO) access Both users have the same configuration parameters, and you can configure each user independently.

- SNMPv2c and SNMPv3 can be enabled or disabled independently. You can have SNMPv2 and/or SNMPv3, or none.

To configure the SNMP v2 agent:

1. Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SNMP v2 support.

2. GET community (RO): Community strings for GET commands.

3. SET community (RW): Community strings for SET commands.

4. Click **Apply**.

   Note: The default for SNMP support is **Enabled**. When Server Technology products are shipped, the default SNMP configuration for the GET community string is set to "**public**" and the SET community string is left **blank**.

To configure the SNMP v3 agent:

1. Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable SNMP v3 support.

2. Engine ID: Unique system-assigned ID for each PRO2 unit that cannot be user-edited.

3. For the Read/Write or Read-Only Username: Provide a username between 1-31 characters.

4. For the Read/Write or Ready-Only User Auth Method: From drop-down menu, select the MD5 Authentication Only or MD5 Authentication & DES Privacy option, or accept the default None.

5. For the Read/Write or Read-Only User Auth Password: Provide a value between 1-39 characters. To clear the password, check Change checkbox.

6. For the Read/Write or Read-Only User Privacy Password: Provide a value between 1-31 characters. To clear the password, check Change checkbox.

7. Click **Apply**.

To configure the SNMP trap:

1. Format: Configures the SNMP trap format version. The trap format can be SNMP v1, v2c, or v3. The default is v1, regardless of the versions that are enabled for the agent.

2. v2 Community: SNMP trap community for PRO2.

3. v3 Username: (Optional). Provide a trap username to display on SNMP v3 activity logs to identify user actions. The trap username can be 1-31 alphanumeric characters; spaces are allowed; the name is case sensitive.

4. For Destination 1 and Destination 2: Provide first and second trap destinations as a hostname or IP address.

5. IP Restrictions: From the drop-down menu, select None (default) or Trap Destinations Only. If Trap Destinations Only is selected, SNMP Manager GET and SET requests are allowed only from the IP address of the defined trap destinations.

6. Error Repeat Time: Sets the SNMP trap repeat time for an object in an event condition. Provide a time value from 1 to 65535 (in seconds).

7. System Name/Location/Contact: (Optional) Type the system name, location, and contact string from 1-63 characters.

8. Click **Apply**.

Network > SNTP

The **SNTP** page provides configuration options for the SNTP server, time zone, and Daylight Saving Time (DST) automatic clock adjustment.

About Daylight Saving Time (DST)

Support for DST is enabled by default. When enabled, the date and time are automatically adjusted forward one hour between the starting and ending dates/times, which can be configured.

Note: If DST is enabled, all system time displays are shown with the current DST start/end date/time settings.

The default time zone is set for the United States until at least 2015. The time zone format is **mo.w.d/h:m:s**, described as follows:

DST Parameter	Description	Value
mo	Both from January to December	1-12
w	Week number	1-4, or last week
d	Day of the week from Sunday to Saturday	0-6
h	Hour	0-23
m	Minute	0-59
s	Second	0-59

To configure the SNTP server:

1. Local Date/Time: Displayed to show the local and current DST settings. To increment the settings (based on updates to the options for DST Start/DST End and day/time), click the Update link.

2. The Primary/Secondary Host fields contact the SNTP server. The fields are populated with the the external NTP pool time zones "2.servertech.pool.ntp.org" and "1.servertech.pool.ntp.org" as the default for new PRO2 units that have not yet been time set. To edit the host fields, type the desired hostname/IP address in the Primary/Secondary Host fields.

3. From the Local GMT Offset drop-down menu, select the extended local offset hours and provide minutes. The GMT offset supports all standard international time zones from -12:59 to +14:59. The GMT offset can be set in minutes to accommodate partial-hour time zones.

4. To enable Daylight Saving Time (DST), check the Enable box.

5. From the DST Start/End drop-down menus, set the start/end date/time options.

6. Click **Apply**.

Network > Syslog

The **Syslog** page supports RFC3164 and RFC5424 compliance and the configuration for standard message logging to enable offline storage and viewing of firmware log messages and system events.

To configure the Syslog server:

1. Host 1/Host2: Set the Syslog server address by typing the hostname/IP address in the Host1 and/or Host2 field(s). Both IPv4 and IPv6 IP address formats are allowed.

2. Port: When Syslog support is enabled, the Syslog server responds to requests on the default Syslog port number 514 as displayed on the page. If necessary, edit the port number.

3. Debug Messaging: To enable debug messaging in the Syslog debug log, check the Enable box.

4. Protocol: From the drop-down menu, select the RFC protocol that determines behavior of the Syslog server and message transmission

5. Click **Apply**.

Network > TACACS+

The **TACACS+** page allows configuration for TACACS+ server options, encryption key, and user privilege levels.

To configure TACACS+ server options:

1. Type the hostname/IP address in the Primary/Secondary Host fields (IPv4 or IPv6 format).

2. Type the new port number or accept the default 49 as shown in the screen example. The PRO2 uses the port number to send TACACS+ requests.

3. Click **Apply**.

About the TACACS+ Encryption Key

The encryption key is used to encrypt all data packets between the PRO2 and the TACACS+ server:

- The key must match the key configured on the TACACS+ server.

- The key can be up to 60 alphanumeric characters and is case sensitive.

- For security, characters in the key are not displayed.

- If you provide "0" for the key, the result may be that the key is not applied, as "0" may not be supported by the TACACS+ server. It is recommended for product environment and security not to enter "0" for the key.

- The Encryption Key Status field on the screen displays "(set)" or "(not set)" to indicate current status of the key.

To configure the encryption key:

1. Type the New Encryption Key in the field provided.

2. In the Verify New Encryption Key field, retype the key.

3. Click **Apply**.

Assigning User Access Rights to TACACS+ Privilege Levels

1. At the bottom of the TACACS+ screen, click the TACACS+ Privilege Levels link to display the following edit page which shows the current user access level for each TACACS+ privilege level.

2. For a privilege level in above list, click the related **Access** link to display the Privilege Level Access page:

3. Check individual boxes to grant user access (or uncheck boxes to deny access) to specific system resources: monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets. To grant (or deny) access to all (or none) of the resources in a group, click All or None.

4. Click **Apply**.

Configuring TACACS+ Privilege Levels

The PRO2 supports 16 different TACACS+ privilege levels. The administrative-level user can configure 15 privilege levels. One level is reserved by default for access to all PRO2 resources by the administrative-level user.

For the Smart unit, three defined user privilege levels are available: Admin, Power User, and User.

1. At the bottom of the TACACS+ screen, click the TACACS+ Privilege Levels link to display the following edit page which shows the current user access level for each TACACS+ privilege level.

2. For a privilege level in the above list, click the related **Edit** link for the TACACS+ Privilege Level Edit page:

3. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select a user access level for the displayed TACACS+ privilege level, as described:

User Access Level (highest to lowest)	Description
Administrator	Administrative user; full access for all configuration, status, and serial/pass-thru ports.
Power User	Status and serial/pass-thru ports. **Note:** The Power User does not have access to user management.
User	Status, and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.

4. Click **Apply**.

Network > Telnet/SSH

The **Telnet/SSH** page provides server, port, and authentication options for support of Telnet and SSH.

To configure the Telnet server and/or SSH server:

1. Server: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable/disable support for Telnet and/or SSH.

2. Port: Type a custom port number or accept the default port number 23 (for Telnet) or the default port number 22 (for SSH), as displayed on the page.

3. For SSH only – Authentication Method: The SSH server supports the following authentication methods.

    - Keyboard Interactive: The SSH server controls an information field followed by one or more prompts requesting credential information from the SSH client. The client gathers credential information typed by the user and sends it back to the server. The Keyboard Interactive method is controlled by the SSH server.

    - Password: The SSH client gathers username/password credentials and makes the authentication request to the SSH server with the credentials. The Password method is controlled by the SSH client.

    - Keyboard Interactive or Password: (Default). Allows either method.

4. From the drop-down menu, select one of the security methods described above, or accept the default, as displayed

5. Click **Apply**.

The WLAN Solution

A high performance Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) solution is available, for firmware 8.0c or later, and using Wi-Fi capable PRO2 products.

The wireless network solution is designed according to IEEE standards 802.11b/g/n 2.4 GHz for implementing network connectivity using Wi-Fi.

When enabled, the **Configuration > Network** page displays the WLAN option, as follows, where Wi-Fi settings are configured:

For more information about setting network configurations for the wireless network, a description of the PRO2 products designated for this solution, and considerations for access point (AP) installation, see Server Technology's Technical Note, 303-9999-37, "Wi-Fi Solution with 802.11b/g/n Support for Wi-Fi Capable PRO2 Products."

Access (Managing Users)

The **Access** section of the Web interface determines how a PRO2 user works with the network and system by configuring the options related to a user: authentication, privilege levels, user access to the unit, and additional functions for individual local users and user groups.

Note: The **Access** section only allows the administrator to determine how the PRO2 user uses the network and system. To set up network protocol parameters, see the **Network** section.

Access > General

The **General** page allows configuration of local and remote access settings.

To configure general system access:

1. Access Method: From the drop-down menu, select an option to enable one of several authentication methods to control user access to the PRO2. Only one method can be enabled at a time: Local Only (default), LDAP Only, LDAP Then Local, RADIUS Only, RADIUS Then Local, TACACS+ Only, TACACS+ Then Local.

2. Configuration Reset Button: Check (or uncheck) the Enable checkbox to enable (or disable) physical access to the **Reset** button on the PRO2 hardware.

   The PRO2 is designed with a reset button on the hardware unit that can be used when a forgotten firmware password prevents logging into the unit. The reset button sets all configuration values back to factory default settings, allowing the administrator to retrieve the admn/admn default administrator login.

   To access the button on the unit, you need a non-conductive metallic tool that fits inside the recess. If you press and hold the **Reset** button on the unit for more than 15 seconds, the reset action will terminate.

   Note: This method of physical access to the unit will not work if the reset button has already been disabled by the administrator through the firmware GUI at **Configuration > Access > General > Configuration Reset Button** (show in the screen example above) or through the firmware CLI with the **set access button** [**enabled/disabled**] command. For security, the administrator can choose to disable the button through firmware to inhiibit a user from causing a reset on the unit.

3. Local Administrator Account: Removes the last local administrator account when remote authentication (LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS) is in use. Only a remotely-authenicated administrator can remove the last local administrator account.

   Accept the "Required" option (default), or select "Optional". Selecting "Optional" disables the restriction to remove the last local administrator, and also enables the Configuration Reset Button.

   In turn, disabling the Configuration Reset Button automatically changes the Local Administrator Account to "Required". When this change occurs, if no local administrator accounts are present, the Configuration Reset Button will be set back to enabled.

   Both the Local Administrator Account drop-down and the Configuration Reset Button turn the other field on if one of them has an Optional setting or is unchecked (disabled).
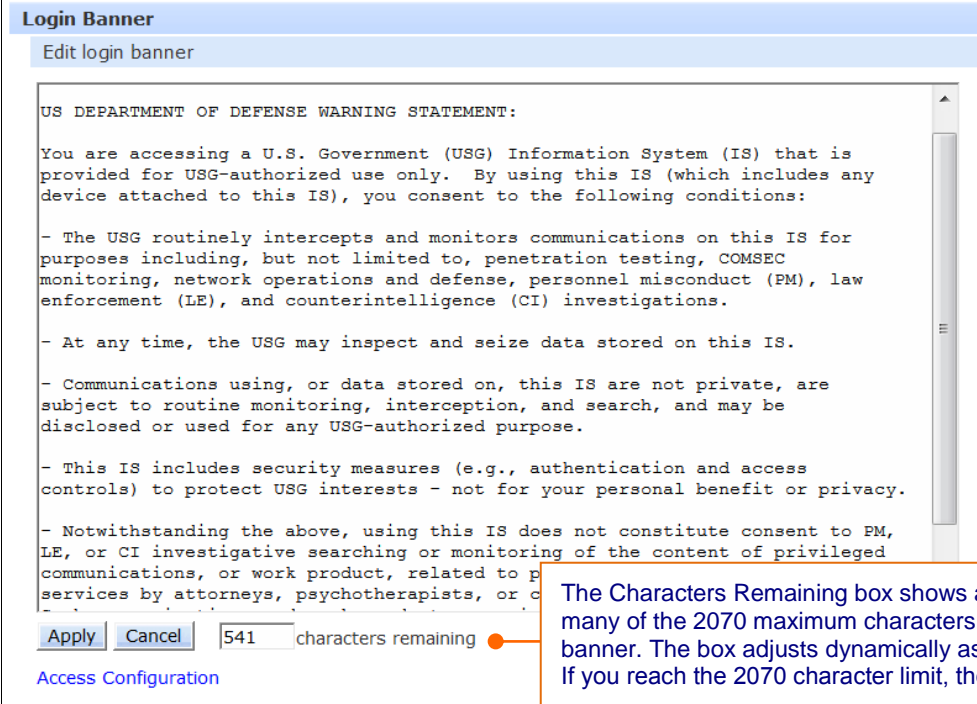
   Note: For PRO2 or PRO1 units only. If LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS is unreachable, or if LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS parameters have changed, you may not be able to log into the PRO2 or PRO1 unit.

4. Strong Passwords: From the drop-down menu, select Optional or Required. The PRO2 supports strong passwords for enhanced system security. From the Strong Passwords drop-down menu, select Optional or Required. If Required, the strong password requirement is applied against all new passwords with the following rules:

   - Minimum of 8 characters long, at least one uppercase letter, at least one lowercase letter, one number, and one special character.

   - When a strong password is changed, a minimum of four characters positions must be changed to define the new password.

5. Custom CLI Prompt: Type a custom text string for the Command Line Interface (CLI) prompt, or leave blank for the default prompt "Smart PDU:"

6. CLI Session Timeout: Enter a timeout period (in minutes). The valid timeout range is 1 to 1440 minutes (24 hours); the default is 5 minutes.

7. Web Session Timeout: Enter a timeout period (in minutes). The valid timeout range is 1 to 1440 minutes (24 hours); the default is 5 minutes.

8. Web Log Entries Per Page: Set the number of entries displayed on the system log, from 10 to 250.

9. Default Log Order: From the drop-down menu, specify the order of the event entries on the system log – oldest events or newest events displayed first in the log.

10. Check (or uncheck) the StartUp Stick® option to enable (or disable) the StartUp Stick tool for mass configuration of PDU operational parameters.

11. Click **Apply.**

Login Banner:

Clicking the Login Banner link displays a blank banner edit window. The following example shows a custom message:

Type the banner text and click **Apply**. To clear the typed entry and start over, click **Cancel**.

Notes:

- The login banner can be up to 2070 characters long and will be displayed prior to the login prompt.

- If the login banner is left blank, the user will be taken directly to the login prompt.

- For an SSH connection, the banner length is truncated to 1500 bytes in SSH packets to avoid failure of the SSH connection when configured with a long text banner.

Access > Local Users

The **Local Users** page allows the administrator to manage options for local users, including creating new users, changing user passwords, establishing the user access level, and granting user access to various resources of the PRO2.

To create a new local user:

1. In the User Name field, type a 1-32 character user name; no spaces; user names are not case-sensitive.

2. Type the user's password; type a 1-32 character password; ASCII 33 to 126 decimal characters are allowed; passwords are case-sensitive.

3. Verify the password.

4. Click **Apply**.

To grant access rights to a user:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The Local User Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, uncheck the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.

2. Click **Apply**.

To set a user's access level:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The Local User Edit page displays.

2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.

3. Click **Apply**.

User Access Level (highest to lowest)	Description
Administrator	Administrative user; full access for all configuration, status, and serial/pass-thru ports.
Power User	Full access for status and serial/pass-thru ports. **Note:** The Power User does not have access to user management.
User	Status, pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.

To change a user's password:

1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The Local User Edit page displays.

2. Type the user's new password; type a 1-32 character password; ASCII 33 to 126 decimal characters are allowed; passwords are case-sensitive.

3. Verify the new password.

4. Click **Apply**.

To delete a local user:
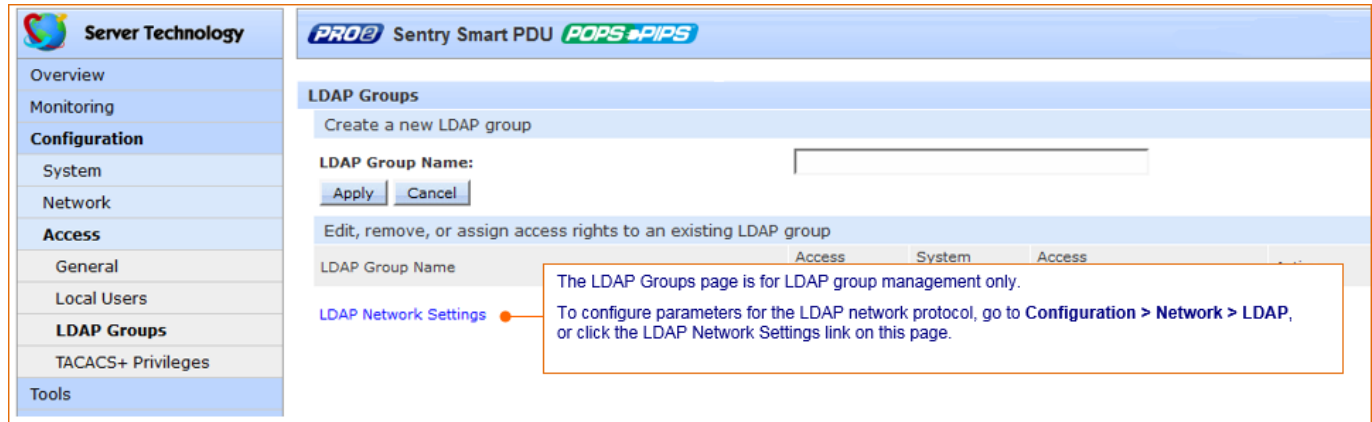
1. For the user name displayed in the list, click the Remove link. You will be prompted with a confirmation for the delete action.

2. Click **OK** or **Cancel**.

Note: The **admn** default administrator account cannot be removed unless administrative access has already been granted to another administrative account.

Access > LDAP Groups

The **LDAP Groups** page allows the administrator to manage options for LDAP user groups, including creating new LDAP groups, establishing the LDAP group access level, and granting LDAP group access to various resources of the PRO2.

To create a new LDAP group:

1. In the LDAP Group Name field, type a 1-32 character LDAP group name; no spaces; LDAP group names are not case-sensitive.

2. Click **Apply**.

To grant access rights to an LDAP group:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Access link. The LDAP Group Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, uncheck the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.

2. Click **Apply**.

To set an LDAP group's access level:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The LDAP Group Edit page displays.

2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.

3. Click **Apply**.

User Access Level (highest to lowest)	Description
Administrator	Administrative user; full access for all configuration, status, and serial/pass-thru ports.
Power User	Full access for status and serial/pass-thru ports. **Note:** The Power User does not have access to user management.
User	Partial access for status and pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.

To delete an LDAP group:

1. For the LDAP group name displayed in the list, click the Remove link. You will be prompted with a confirmation for the delete action.

2. Click **OK** or **Cancel**.

Access > TACACS+ Privileges

The **TACACS+ Privileges** page allows the administrator to manage options for TACACS+ user groups, including establishing TACACS+ privilege levels and granting TACACS+ privilege level access to various areas of the PRO2.

Note: The PRO2 supports 16 different TACACS+ privilege levels with 15 configurable levels and 1 level ("0") reserved by default for administrator-level access to all PRO2 resources.

To set a TACACS+ privilege level:

1. For the TACACS+ Privilege Level displayed in the list, click the Edit link. The TACACS+ Privilege Level Edit page displays.

2. From the Access Level drop-down menu, select the desired user access level as described in the table below.

3. Click **Apply**.

User Access Level (highest to lowest)	Description
Administrator	Administrative user; full access for all configuration, status, and serial/pass-thru ports.
Power User	Full access for status and serial/pass-thru ports. **Note:** The Power User does not have access to user management.
User	Partial access for status, pass-thru of assigned outlets, outlet groups, and serial/pass-thru ports.

To grant access rights to a TACACS+ privilege level:

1. For the TACACS+ Privilege Level displayed in the list, click the Access link. The TACACS+ Privilege Level Access page displays to allow granting access rights to selected PRO2 monitors, remote ports, outlet groups, and individual outlets by checking corresponding checkboxes. To deny access to an individual resource, uncheck the related checkbox. To grant (or deny) access to all resources in a displayed group, click All or None.

2. Click **Apply**.
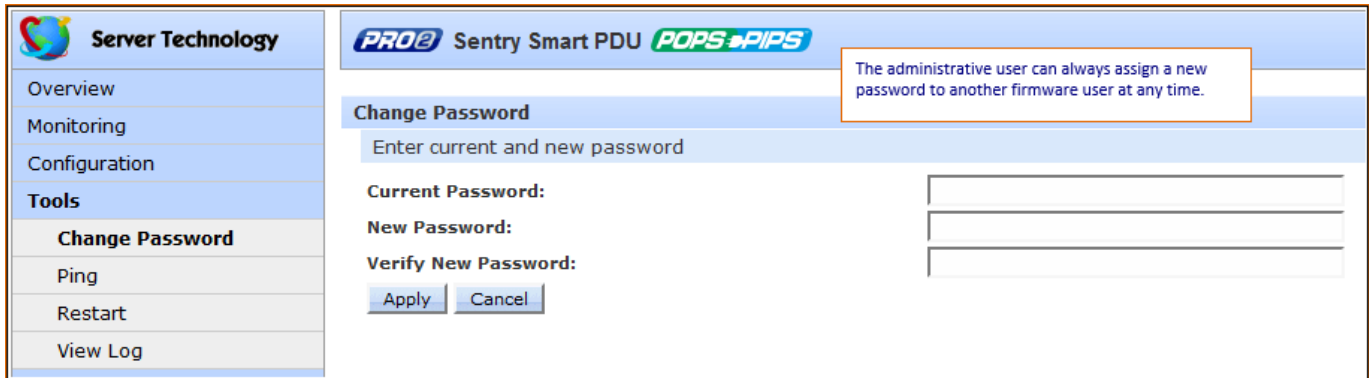
Tools (Using Support Functions)

The **Tools** section of the Web interface is a collection of several utility options for miscellaneous system actions: changing user password, pinging other network devices, viewing the system/debug logs, and uploading new firmware versions.

Also included are several options for rebooting the PRO2, resetting the PRO2 to factory defaults, and restarting the PRO2 with user preferences.

Tools > Change Password

This **Change Password** option allows firmware users to change their own passwords.

To change your password:

1. Type your current password, your new password, and verify the new password.
2. Click **Apply**.

Tools > Ping

The **Ping** option tests the ability of the PRO2 to contact the IP address of another Ethernet-enabled device.

To issue a ping:

1. Type the hostname/IP address to ping (IPv4 or IPv6 format).

2. Click **Apply**.

   If the ping was successful, a responding message is displayed, similar to:

   10.1.1.70 is responding (<1ms)

Tools > Restart

The **Restart** option offers several options for restarting the PRO2.
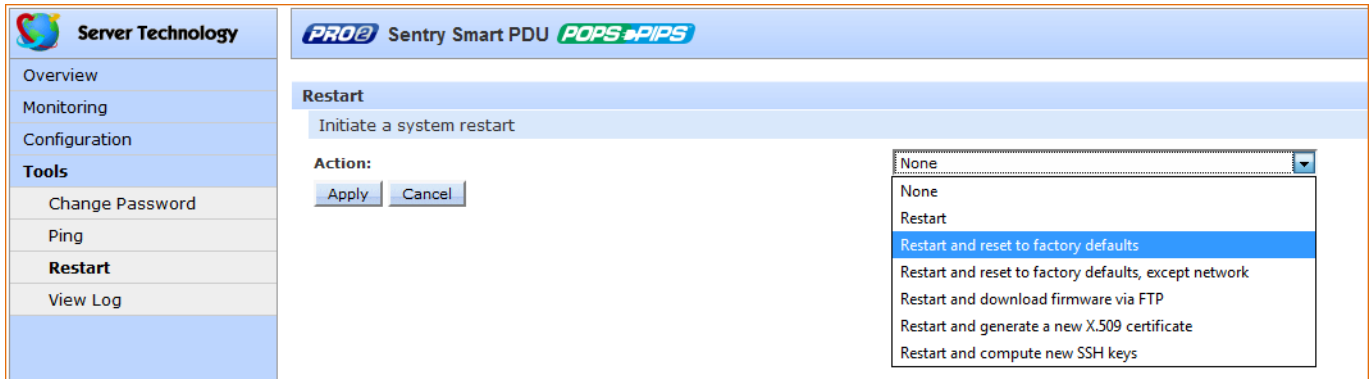
To initiate a system restart:

1. From the Action drop-down menu, select a restart option as described in the table below.

2. Click **Apply**.

Restart Options for the PRO2:

Note: PRO2 products support unit persistence. This means that if a link unit is connected to a master unit, and the link unit is disconnected (powered down or accidentally disconnected), and the master unit is restarted, the link unit will be reported as "Not Found" after the restart because the link unit is no longer physically connected to the master.

However, the association between the master/link units is retained to allow the continuation of alerts. If the disconnected link unit is physically re-connected to the master, the "Not Found" status will return to "Normal" status.

To intentionally remove a link unit from connection with a master unit, the link unit must be purged using the Purge function.

Unit persistence affects **all connected PRO2 master/link units** whether or not they are connected in a multi-linking configuration.

This restart option…	performs this action on the PRO2…
Restart	Performs a warm boot; system user/outlet/outlet group configuration settings and outlet states are **not** changed or reset with the **restart** command.
Restart and reset to factory defaults	Resets the non-volatile RAM where configuration values are stored. This option clears all administrator-editabled fields and resets all CLI configurable options to their factory default values, including all user accounts. Resetting the PRO2 to factory default values also resets all TCP/IP and Telnet/Web configurations. Reconfiguring TCIP/IP and Telnet/Web settings is required.
Restart and reset to factory defaults, except network	Same action as "Restart and reset to factory defaults" described directly above, but network protocol settings are **not** changed.
Restart and download firmware via FTP	New versions of firmware can be uploaded using FTP. To begin an FTP upload session, you must first configure the FTP host address, username/password, filename, and filepath. When initiating an FTP upload session, the PRO2 restarts and uploads the firmware file specified with the FTP filename command from the previously configured FTP host.
Restart and generate a new X.509 certificate	Generates a new X.509 certificate issued and signed by a certificate-authority.
Restart and compute new SSH keys	Generates new private and public SSH keys with the proper location and permisssion.

About the Reset Button on the PRO2 Unit:

The PRO2 is designed with a **Reset** button on the hardware unit that can be used when a forgotten firmware password prevents logging into the unit. The **Reset** button sets all configuration values back to factory default settings, allowing the administrator to retrieve the admn/admn default administrator login.

To access the button on the unit, you need a non-conductive metallic tool that fits inside the recess. If you press and hold the **Reset** button on the unit for more than 15 seconds, the reset action will terminate.

Note: This method of physical access to the unit will not work if the **Reset** button has already been disabled by the administrator through the firmware GUI at **Configuration > Access > General > Configuration Reset Button**, or through the firmware CLI with the **set access button** [**enabled/disabled**] command. For security, the administrator can choose to disable the button through firmware to inhiibit a user from causing a reset on the unit.

Tools > View Log

This tool displays the internal system event log for viewing by the administrative user. The log records all authentication attempts, power actions, configuration changes, and other system events, and also supports email notifications.
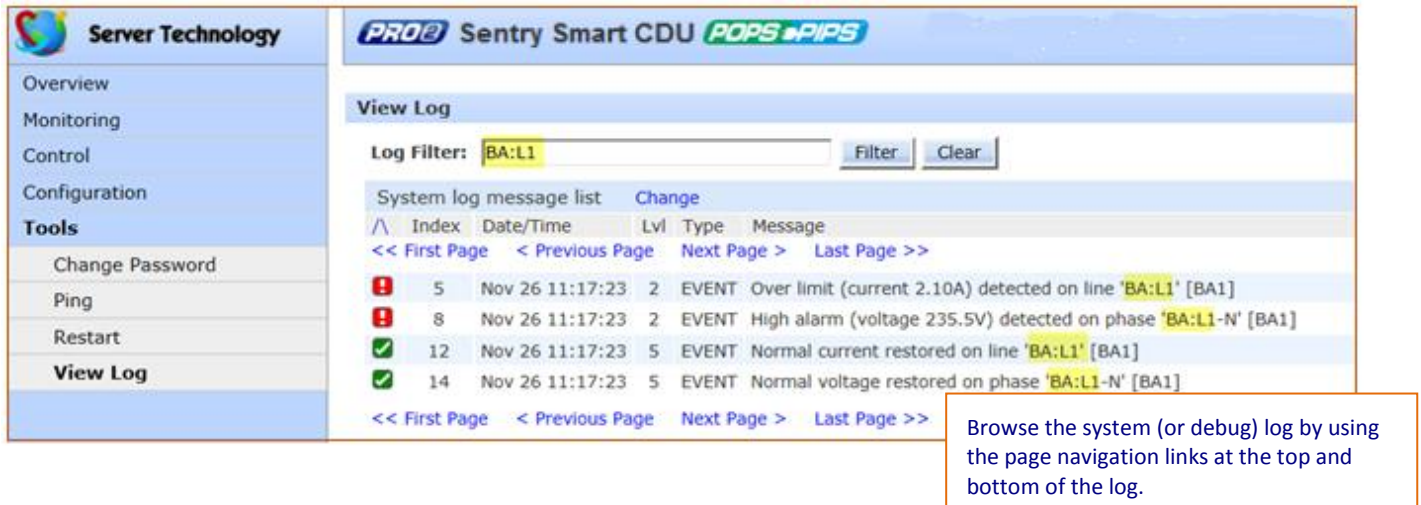
System memory stores more than 4000 entries in a continuously aging log. For permanent off-system log storage, the Syslog protocol is supported.

To filter the system log:

1. Type a text string in the Log Filter box.

2. Click the **Filter** button. The system/debug log is searched by the entered text and displays only the matching entries. To clear the filtered page and return to a full system log, click the **Clear** button.

The following sample shows the filter results (highlighted for this example) of the system log filtered by "BA:L1".

Browse the system (or debug) log by using the page navigation links at the top and bottom of the log.

To sort system log entries:

The entries in the System/Debug Logs can be displayed in ascending or descending order (based on the internal index number in the Index column) by clicking one of the following icons:

For ascending order, click ⟨/\⟩. For descending order, click ⟨V⟩.

About the index:

The index number is assigned internally to control the sequence and identity of displayed System/Debug Log entries. The Index cannot be user-edited.

Date/Time stamp:

The date and time stamp records the details of the system event timeframe. To display the date/time stamp, SNTP server support must be configured.

Level (Lvl):

Indicates the level of the status icons displayed in the System Log.

Type:

The System Log supports the following types of event messages:

AUTH: All attempts to authenticate

CONFIG: All changes in system configuration

EVENT: All general system events, for example, exceeded threshold limits

POWER: All requests for a power state change

Message text:

A text line that describes the detailed parameters of the event. If the event is associated with a user, the user's name will be included in the message text.

System log status icons:

✓	Normal
ℹ	Configuration Change
⚠	Low/High Warning
⬛	Low/High Alarm

Options for Log Viewing

Viewing options for the System Log are set on the **Configuration > Access** page, as highlighted below:
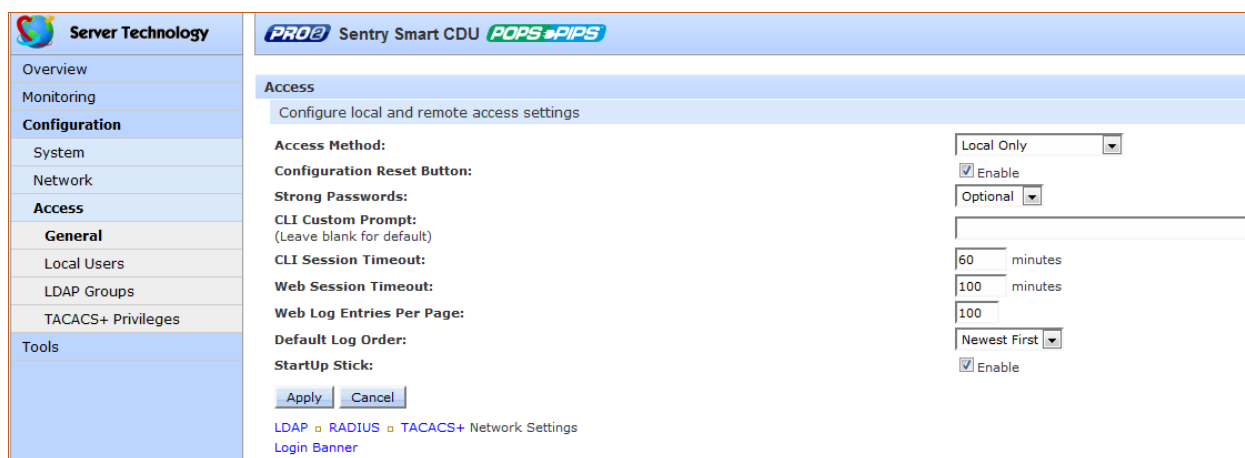
- **Web Log Entries Per Page**: Specifies the number of entries displayed on the System Log and the Debug Log. The maximum number of entries in the Debug Log can be set to 4,000. If the total number of entries exceed the maximum entries allowed, then Syslog will be used.

- **Default Log Order:** Sets the display of the Debug Log to the newest entry first or the oldest entry first.

The Debug Log

Along with the System Log, the Debug Log is also provided. The Change link on each log toggles between logs, as illustrated in the following examples:

Click the Change link from the System Log (above) to display the following Debug Log:

The icons, fields and information columns shown on the Debug Log function the same way as described for the System Log with the following exceptions:

- The only log type is DEBUG.
- The only icon displayed on log entries indicates a debug entry: .

To return to the System Log, click the Change link again.

Chapter 5: Using the Command Line Interface (CLI)

This chapter shows how to work with the firmware CLI (version 8.0x or later) for the PRO2.

Logging In

Logging in through Telnet requires directing the Telnet client to the configured IP address of the unit.

A login through the console (RS232) port requires the use of a terminal or terminal emulation software configured to support ANSI or VT100, and a supported data rate of 300, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9699, 19200, 38400, 57600, or 115200 bps (default rate is 9600); 8 data bits-no parity, 1 stop bit, and device ready output signal (DTR or DSR).

To login by Telnet or RS232 (CLI):

At the command prompt, initiate a Telnet session (telnet [IP address]). The Telnet session automatically opens the login prompt, showing the current product and firmware version.

```
Sentry Smart CDU Version 8.0

Username: admn
Password:

Location:

Smart CDU:
```

The default administrative-level user login (admn/admn) was used for this example.

Press **Enter**.

The command line prompt, such as "Smart PDU:" (for Rack Power Distribution Unit) in this example, displays for the PRO2 product, and you are now logged into the firmware Command Line Interface (CLI).

If a location identifier was user-defined, that location will also be displayed, as shown in the example.

Quick Tour of the Command Line

The features and requirements of the command line are presented in this section.

Running Commands

To run a command, type the command, and while it is displayed on the command line, press **Enter**.

When a command is used to edit configuration settings, the values will be updated immediately.

Commands can be typed in any combination of uppercase and lowercase characters. All characters in the command must be entered correctly and command abbreviations are invalid.

If an invalid command or an incorrectly typed command is entered, one of the following messages displays:

- "Invalid parameter" with a display of the correct menu options, or
- "[command] is not recognized as an internal or external command, operable program, or batch file."

Using the Escape (ESC) Feature

At any time during the typing of a command, press **ESC** to cancel and clear all typed characters from the command line.

Even when setting a user password or other command where a specific prompt has displayed, pressing **ESC** quickly cancels the displayed prompt and the typed command.

Using CTRL-C to Cancel Commands

CLI command operations can be cancelled by using the keys CTRL-C, where applicable.

Editing Commands

Several editing actions are available when typing a command:

This edit action…	does this on the command line…
Left Arrow ←	Moves cursor to the left to correct a typed character.
Right Arrow →	Moves cursor to the right to correct a typed character.
Backspace Key	Deletes typed command one character at a time.
Insert Key	Inserts a character in the command.
Delete Key	Deletes a character in the command.
Home Key	Moves to the first character of the command.
End Key	Moves to the last character of the command.
Esc	Clears typed characters from the command line.
CRTL-C	Cancels CLI operations, where applicable.

Retrieving Command History

The CLI provides a command history feature for the last X commands entered, using the **Up** and **Down** keys.

To display a previously entered command, press the ↑ arrow key. After the ↑ arrow key has been pressed, you can then press the ↓ arrow key to display a previously entered command in reverse order. Pressing the keys displays one command at a time.

To erase the command history, press **Esc**.

Displaying the Command Menu

The main menu of valid top-level commands can be displayed at any time during a CLI session.

At the command prompt, do one of the following:

- Type **help** and press **Enter**
- Type **?** and press **Enter**

Example:

```
Smart PDU: help

  Smart PDU commands:

    add  bstat  connect  create  cstat  delete  dir  list  login  logmon
    logout  lstat  ocpstat ostat  password  ping  pstat
    remove  restart  senstat  set  show  status  sysstat  type upsstat
    ustat  version
```

Example:

```
Smart PDU: ?

  Smart PDU commands:

    add  bstat  connect  create  cstat  delete  dir  list  login  logmon
    logout  lstat  ocpstat  ostat  password  ping  pstat
    remove  restart  senstat  set  show  status  sysstat  upsstat
    ustat  version
```

Displaying the Submenus

To view submenus of valid options for a command, type the main command and press **Enter**:

Example:

```
Smart PDU: set

  'set' menu options:

    access  banner  bluetooth  branch  config  cord  dhcp  dns  email
    energywise  feature  ftp  http  https  ipv4  ipv6  ldap  ldapgroup  line
    location  net  ocp  outlet  phase  port  radius  sensor  snmp sntp  spm
    ssh  syslog  tacacs  tacpriv  telnet  trend  unit  ups  user
```

Example::

```
Smart PDU: show

  'show' menu options:

    access  bluetooth  branches  config  cords  email  energywise  features
    ftp  ldap  lines  loadshed  log  network  ocps  outlets  phases  ports
    radius  sensors  snmp  sntp  syslog  system  tacacs  trend  units  ups
```

Command Syntax Notes

The following conventions apply to the command syntax shown in the Command Details section:

[argument] mandatory argument that is not prompted for.

[*argument*] optional argument that is not prompted for.

<argument> argument that will be prompted for if not specified on the command line.

{argument} argument that can only be prompted for.

Example (set access command):

set access

Sets user access configurations.

Command Syntax

set access button [disabled | enabled]

set access clitimeout <value>

set access logorder [newest | oldest]

set access method [localonly | ldaponly | ldaplocal | radiusonly | radiuslocal | tacacsonly | tacacslocal]

set access prompt <prompt string>

set access strongpw [optional | required]

set access webloglen <value>

set access webtimeout <value>

List of Commands

Click a linked command name in the following table to display detailed information about using the command.

Command	Description
Add Commands	**The Add command group adds control access for outlets/outlet groups, and connection pass-thru to specified ports for LDAP, TACACS+, and local users.**
add grouptoldap	Adds control access for an outlet group to an LDAP group.
add grouptotacacs	Adds control access for an outlet group to a TACACS+ privilege level.
add grouptouser	Adds control access for an outlet group to a local user.
add outlettogroup	Adds control access for an outlet to an outlet group.
add outlettoldap	Adds control access for an outlet to an LDAP group.
add outlettotacacs	Adds control access for an outlet to a TACACS+ privilege level.
add outlettouser	Adds control access for an outlet to a local user.
add porttoldap	Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to an LDAP group.
add porttotacacs	Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a TACACS+ privilege level.
add porttouser	Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.
bstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all branches in the system.
connect	Redirects the current CLI session to the target port.
Create Commands	**The Create command group creates new outlet groups, LDAP groups, UPS devices, and local users.**
create group	Creates a new outlet group.
create ldapgroup	Creates a new LDAP group.
create ups	Creates a new uninterruptable power supply (UPS).
create user	Creates a new local user.
cstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all cords in the system.
Delete Commands	**The Delete command group deletes access for outlets, outlet groups, and connection pass-thru to a specified port from LDAP groups, TACACS+ privilege levels, and local users.**
delete groupfromldap	Deletes control access for an outlet group from an LDAP group.
delete groupfromtacacs	Deletes control access for an outlet group from a TACACS+ privilege level.
delete groupfromuser	Deletes control access for an outlet group from a local user.
delete outletfromgroup	Deletes control access for an outlet from an outlet group.

Command	Description
delete outletfromldap	Deletes control access for an outlet from an LDAP group.
delete outletfromtacacs	Deletes control access for an outlet from a TACACS+ privilege level.
delete outletfromuser	Deletes control access for an outlet from a local user.
delete portfromldap	Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from an LDAP group
delete portfromtacacs	Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from a TACACS+ privilege level.
delete portfromuser	Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.
dir	Directory; displays the contents of the active working path in the file system.
List Commands	**The List command displays outlets in an outlet group, users, user groups, outlets, ports, and TACACS+ privileges.**
list group	Lists the outlets that are collected in an outlet group.
list groups	Lists all outlet groups.
list ldapgroup	Lists the access level of an LDAP group and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that LDAP group.
list ldapgroups	Lists all LDAP groups.
list outlets	Lists all outlets.
list ports	Lists all ports.
list tacpriv	Lists the access level of a TACACS+ privilege level and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that TACACS+ privilege level.
list tacprivs	Lists all TACACS+ privilege levels.
list user	Lists the access level of a local user and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that user.
list users	Lists all local users.
login	Performs system login and access verification.
logmon	Displays system log messages in the CLI session as they occur.
logout	Quits the current CLI session.
lstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all lines in the system.
ocpstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all over-current protectors (OCPs) in the system.
ostat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all outlets in the system.

Command	Description
password	Changes the password for the current local user.
ping	Tests the ability of the PRO2 to contact an IP address for another Ethernet-enabled device.
pstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all phases in the system.
Remove Commands	**The Remove command group removes outlet groups, LDAP groups, UPS devices, and local users from the system.**
remove group	Removes an outlet group from the system.
remove ldapgroup	Removes an LDAP group from the system.
remove ups	Removes a UPS from the system.
remove user	Removes a local user from the system.
restart	Restarts the system.
senstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all sensors in the system.
Set Commands	**The Set command group sets the configuration values for numerous system areas.**
set access	Sets user configuration access.
set banner	Sets the system banner that displays before a user authenticates a user session.
set bluetooth	Sets Bluetooth® configuration values.
set branch	Sets branch configuration values.
set cord	Sets cord configuration values.
set dhcp	Sets DHCP configuration values.
set dns	Sets Domain Name System (DNS) server configuration values.
set email	Sets email configuration values.
set energywise	Sets Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.
set feature	Enables new system features.
set ftp	Sets FTP configuration values.
set http	Sets HTTP configuration values.
set https	Sets HTTPS configuration values.
set ipv4, set ipv6	Sets IPv4 and IPv6 configuration values.

Command	Description
set ldap	Sets LDAP configuration values.
set ldapgroup	Sets configuration values for LDAP group access rights.
set line	Sets line configuration values.
set location	Sets the system location string.
set net	Sets network mode configuration values.
set ocp	Sets over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.
set outlet	Sets outlet configuration values.
set phase	Sets phase configuration values.
set port	Sets serial port configuration values.
set radius	Sets Radius server configuration values.
set sensor	Sets sensor configuration values.
set snmp	Sets SNMP configuration values.
set sntp	Sets SNTP configuration values.
set spm	Sets Sentry Power Manager (SPM) access configuration values.
set ssh	Sets SSH configuration values.
set syslog	Sets Syslog configuration values.
set tacacs	Sets TACACS+ server configuration values.
set tacpriv	Sets TACACS+ configuration values for privilege level access rights.
set telnet	Sets Telnet configuration values.
set trend	Sets power trending configurations.
set unit	Sets PRO2 configuration values.
set ups	Sets UPS device configuration values.
set user	Sets configuration values for local user access rights.
set wlan	Sets the wireless network configuration (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).

Command	Description
Show Commands	**The Show command group displays the current configuration values in the system.**
show access	Shows user access configuration values.
show bluetooth	Shows Bluetooth configuration values.
show branches	Shows branch configuration values.
show cords	Shows cord configuration values.
show email	Shows email configuration values.
show energywise	Shows Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.
show features	Shows the enabled system features.
show ftp	Shows FTP configuration values.
show ldap	Shows LDAP configuration values.
show lines	Shows line configuration values.
show log	Shows the system event log.
show network	Shows network configuration values.
show ocps	Shows over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.
show outlets	Shows outlet configuration values.
show phases	Shows phase configuration values.
show ports	Shows port configuration values.
show radius	Shows Radius server configuration values.
show sensors	Shows sensor configuration values.
show shutdown	Shows outlet shutdown configuration values.
show snmp	Shows SNMP configuration values.
show sntp	Shows SNTP configuration values.
show syslog	Shows Syslog configuration values.
show system	Shows system uptime, firmware version, firmware build information, boot version, number of active users, and location string.
show tacacs	Shows TACACS+ configuration values.

Command	Description
show trend	Shows power trending configurations.
show units	Shows PRO2 configuration values.
show ups	Shows UPS device configuration values.
show waps	Displays the available wireless access points (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).
show wlan	Displays the wireless network configurations (for the WLAN solution on specific Wi-Fi capable PRO2 units).
status	Displays the latest status and control state for a specified outlet or outlet group.
sysstat	Displays the count of all system objects (by type), the latest status of the objects, and the count of objects currently in an event condition.
upsstat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all UPS devices in the system.
ustat	Displays the latest status and metrics for all PRO2 units in the system.
version	Displays the current firmware version.

Command Details

add grouptoldap

Adds control access for an outlet group to an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

add grouptoldap <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>
add gtl <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add grouptotacacs

Adds control access for an outlet group to an TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

add grouptotacacs <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
add gtt <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

add grouptouser

Adds control access for an outlet group to a local user.

Command Syntax

add grouptouser <group name | ALL> <local user name>
add gtu <group name | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add outlettogroup

Adds control access for an outlet to an outlet group.

Command Syntax

add outlettogroup <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>
add otg <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add outlettoldap

Adds control access for an outlet to an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

add outlettoldap <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
add otl <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add outlettotacacs

Adds control access for an outlet to a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

add outlettotacacs <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
add ott <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

add outlettouser

Adds control access for an outlet to a local user.

Command Syntax

add outlettouser <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>
add otu <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add porttoldap

Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

add porttoldap <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
add ptl <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

add porttotacacs

Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

add porttotacacs <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
add ptt <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

add porttouser

Adds access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.

Command Syntax

add porttouser <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>
add ptu <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

bstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all branches in the system.

Command Syntax

bstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

connect

Redirects the current CLI session to the target port.

Command Syntax

connect <target port>

Command Access

Any access level for command; for user level lower than admin, access must be granted to a port for successful connection.

create group

Creates a new outlet group.

Command Syntax

create group <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

create ldapgroup

Creates a new LDAP group.

Command Syntax

create ldapgroup <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

create ups

Creates a new uninterruptable power supply (UPS).

Command Syntax

create ups <name | ups type |> <hostname>

Parameters

The **create ups** command uses the following parameters:

hostname	Hostname or IP address of the UPS.
ups type	Selects UPS type from list of manufacturers. (1-11).

Command Access

Admin level only

create user

Creates a new local user.

Command Syntax

create user <name> {password} {verify password}

Command Access

Admin level only

cstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all cords in the system.

Command Syntax

cstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

delete groupfromldap

Deletes control access for an outlet group from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delete groupfromldap <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete gfl <group name | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete groupfromtacacs

Deletes control access for an outlet group from a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

delete groupfromtacacs <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete gft <group name | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete groupfromuser

Deletes control access for an outlet group from a local user.

Command Syntax

delete groupfromuser <group name | ALL> <local user name>
delete gfu <group name | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromgroup

Deletes control access for an outlet from an outlet group.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromgroup <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>
delete ofg <outlet name | id | ALL> <group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromldap

Deletes control access for an outlet from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromldap <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete ofl <outlet name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromtacacs

Deletes control access for an outlet from a TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromtacacs <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete oft <outlet name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete outletfromuser

Deletes control access for an outlet from a local user.

Command Syntax

delete outletfromuser <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>
delete ofu <outlet name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete portfromldap

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from an LDAP group.

Command Syntax

delete portfromldap <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>
delete pfl <port name | id | ALL> <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete portfromtacacs

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port from a TACACS privilege level.

Command Syntax

delete portfromtacacs <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>
delete pft <port name | id | ALL> <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

delete portfromuser

Deletes access to use a connection pass-thru to a specified port to a local user.

Command Syntax

delete portfromuser <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>
delete pfu <port name | id | ALL> <local user name>

Command Access

Admin level only

dir

(Directory) Displays the contents of the active working path in the file system.

Command Syntax

.
dir [.]
dir [path] [volume]

Parameters

The **dir** command uses the following parameters.

"."	Displays the current path.
path	Specifies a path.
volume	(FLASH0 | RAM0)

Command Access

Admin level only

list group

Lists the outlets that are contained in an outlet group.

Command Syntax

list group <group name | ALL>

Command Access

Any access level

list groups

Lists all outlet groups.

Command Syntax

list groups

Command Access

Any access level

list ldapgroup

Lists access level of an LDAP group and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that LDAP group.

Command Syntax

list ldapgroup <LDAP group name>

Command Access

Admin level only

list ldapgroups

Lists all LDAP groups.

Command Syntax

list ldapgroups

Command Access

Admin level only

list outlets

Lists all outlets.

Command Syntax

list outlets

Command Access

Any access level

list ports

Lists all ports.

Command Syntax

list ports

Command Access

Any access level

list tacpriv

Lists access level of a TACACS+ privilege level and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that TACACS+ privilege level.

Command Syntax

list tacpriv <TACACS+ privilege level>

Command Access

Admin level only

list tacprivs

Lists all TACACS+ privilege levels.

Command Syntax

list tacprivs

Command Access

Admin level only

list user

Lists access level of a local user and any outlet groups, outlets, and ports assigned to that user.

Command Syntax

list user <username>

Command Access

Admin level only

list users

Lists all local users.

Command Syntax

list users

Command Access

Admin level only

login

Performs system login and access verification.

Command Syntax

login

Command Access

Any access level

logmon

Log monitor. Displays system log messages in the CLI session as they occur.

Command Syntax

logmon [filter]

Parameters

The **logmon** command uses the following parameter.

filter	Keyword filter for log entries.

Usage Guidelines

The log monitor command runs until ESC or RETURN is pressed.

Command Access

Admin level only

logout

Quits the current CLI session.

Command Syntax

logout

Command Access

Any access level

lstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all lines in the system.

Command Syntax

lstat

Command Access

System monitor access

ocpstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all over-current protectors (OCPs) in the system.

Command Syntax

ocpstat

Command Access

System monitor access

ostat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all outlets in the system.

Command Syntax

ostat <name | outlet | outlet id | group | ALL>

Command Access

System monitor access

password

Changes the password for the current local user.

Command Syntax

Password {password} {verify password}

Command Access

Any access level

ping

Tests the reachability of a host on the IP network.

Command Syntax

ping <hostname>

Parameters

The **ping** command uses the following parameter.

hostname	Specifies the host to ping, 0-63 characters.

Command Access

Any access level

pstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all phases in the system.

Command Syntax

pstat

Command Access

System monitor access

remove group

Removes an outlet group from the system.

Command Syntax

remove group <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

remove ldapgroup

Removes an LDAP group from the system.

Command Syntax

remove ldapgroup <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

remove ups

Removes an uninterruptable power supply (UPS) from the system.

Command Syntax

remove ups <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

remove user

Removes a local user from the system.

Command Syntax

remove ups <name>

Command Access

Admin level only

restart

Restarts the system.

Command Syntax

restart [factkeepnet | factory | ftpload | newx509cert | newsshkeys | normal]

Parameters

The **restart** command uses the following parameters.

Note: None of the parameters in the following table performs a normal system restart.

factkeepnet	Removes all system configurations except network configuration.
factory	Removes all system configurations.
ftpload	Performs a system update through an FTP load.
newx509cert	Creates a new self-signed SSL X509 certificate.
newsshkeys	Creates a new set of public and private SSH keys.
normal	Performs a normal system restart.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

senstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all sensors in the system.

Command Syntax

senstat

Command Access

System monitor access

set access

Sets user access configurations.

Command Syntax

set access button [disabled | enabled]
set access clitimeout <value>
set access localadmin [required | optional]
set access logorder [newest | oldest]
set access method [localonly | ldaponly | ldaplocal | radiusonly | radiuslocal |
    tacacsonly | tacacslocal]
set access prompt <prompt string>
set access startupstick [disabled | enabled]
set access strongpw [optional | required]
set access webloglen <value>
set access webtimeout <value>

Parameters

The **set access** command uses the following parameters:

button	Sets if the Configuration Reset button can reset the system configuration.
clitimeout	Set the CLI session idle time before automatic logout [1-1440 minutes].
localadmin	Removes the restriction to not allow the last local administrator to be removed when remote authentication (LDAP, TACACS+, or RADIUS) is in use.
logorder	Sets the default order of the system log when displayed.
method	Sets the allowed access methods for users.
prompt	Sets the system CLI prompt (0-32 characters).
startupstick	Enables/disables the Startup Stick tool for mass PDU configuration.
strongpw	Sets if strong passwords are required for local users.
webloglen	Sets the number of log entries per page when viewing the log on the Web [10-250 entries].
webtimeout	Sets the Web session idle time before automatic logout [1-1440 minutes].

Sub-Parameters

The **set access** command uses the following sub-parameters:

localonly	Local authentication only.
ldaponly	Authentication using only the configured LDAP servers.
ldaplocal	Authentication using the configured LDAP servers, then locally if no LDAP match is found.
radiusonly	Authentication using only the configured Radius servers.
radiuslocal	Authentication using the configured Radius servers, then locally if no Radius match is found.
tacacsonly	Authentication using only the configured TACACS servers.
tacacslocal	Authentication using the configured TACACS+ servers, then locally if no TACACS+ match is found.

Command Access   Admin level only

set banner

Sets the system banner that displays before a user authenticates a user session.

Command Syntax

set banner <banner text>

Parameters

The **set banner** command uses the following sub-parameters:

banner text	Text for system banner, 0-2070 characters.

Usage Guidelines

- The banner accepts all printable ASCII characters, plus CRLF.
- CTL-Z terminates banner input.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set bluetooth

Sets Bluetooth® configuration values.

Command Syntax

set bluetooth [disabled | enabled]
set bluetooth discover [disabled | enabled | limited]
set bluetooth name <name>
set bluetooth pincode <value>
set bluetooth transpwr <value>

Parameters

The **set bluetooth** command uses the following parameters:

discover	Sets the discoverability of the Bluetooth module.
name	Sets the name of the Bluetooth module (1-31 characters).
pincode	Sets the pin code used for Bluetooth pairing (0000-9999).
transpwr	Sets the transmission power for Bluetooth communications.

Sub-Parameters

The **set bluetooth** command uses the following sub-parameter:

limited	The Bluetooth module will be discoverable to 60-seconds after the module button has been pressed.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode.

set branch

Sets branch configuration values.

Command Syntax

set branch email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set branch load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlow] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set branch load hyst <value>
set branch snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set branch** command uses the following parameters:

email	Email notifications for branch events.
hyst	Hysteresis between event state and recovery (0.0 to 10.0).
load	Current load for a branch. min=0A; max (max current) in **show branches** command; hyst=0.0-10.0A; default-1.0A.
snmpt	SNMP trap notifications for branch events.

Sub Parameters

The **set branch** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	High alarm value.
alarmlo	Low alarm value.
warnhi	High warning alarm.
warnlo	Low warning alarm.

Usage Guidelines

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only

set cord

Sets cord configuration values.

Command Syntax

set cord email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set cord loadmax <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord name <name | id> <name string>
set cord nomvolts <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord outofbal [alarmhi | warnhi] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord outofbal hyst <value>
set cord pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord pf hyst <value>
set cord snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set cord va [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord va hyst <value>
set cord watts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set cord watts hyst <value>

Parameters

The **set cord** command uses the following parameters:

email	Email notifications for cord events.
hyst	Hysteresis between event state and recovery.
loadmax	Maximum current load for a cord. 1-max factory current in **show cords** command.
name	Name for the cord. 0-32 characters.
nomvolts	Nominal voltage for the cord. 0-max factory voltage in **show cords** command.
outofbal	Out-of-balance; the percent power difference between phases of a cord. min 0%, max 200%, hyst 0-10% (default 2%).
pf	Power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-0.20 (default 0.02).
snmpt	SNMP trap notifications for cord events.
va	Power (with power factor included). min 0VA, max (power capacity) in **cstat** command, hyst 0-1000VA (default 100VA).
watts	Power (without power factor included). Min 0W, max (power capacity) in **cstat** command, hyst 0-1000W (default 100W).

Sub-Parameters

The **set cord** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	High alarm value.
alarmlo	Low alarm value.
warnhi	High warning alarm.
warnlo	Low warning alarm.

Usage Guidelines

min <=alarmlo <=warnlo <=warnhi <=alarmhi <=max

Command Access

Admin level only

---

set dhcp

Sets DHCP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set dhcp [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp fqdn [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp fqdn name <name>
set dhcp staticfallback [disabled | enabled]
set dhcp bootdelay [disabled | enabled]

Parameters

The **set dhcp** command uses the following parameters:

fqdn	Fully-qualified domain name (FQDN).
staticfallback	Falls back to static IP address if DHCP fails. **Note:** The staticfallback option does not apply when WLAN is enabled.
bootdelay	Delays system boot by 100 seconds.

Sub-Parameters

The **set dhcp** command uses the following sub-parameter:

name	FQDN name. 0-63 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only

set dns

Sets domain name system (DNS) server configuration values.

Command Syntax

set dns [primary | secondary] <ipv4/ipv6>

Parameters

The **set dns** command uses the following parameters:

primary	Sets the first DNS server. 0-46 characters.
secondary	Sets the secondary DNS server. 0-46 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set email

Sets email configuration values.

Command Syntax

set email auth [disabled | enabled]
set email config [disabled | enabled]
set email [disabled | enabled]
set email event [disabled | enabled]
set email fromaddr <email addr>
set email smtp authtype [any | crammd5 | digestmd5 | login | plain | none]
set email smtp host <hostname>
set email smtp password <password>
set email smtp port <port>
set email smtp usefromaddr
set email smtp username <user name>
set email smtp useusername
set email test
set email toaddr1 <email addr>
set email toaddr2 <email addr>
set email trendfiles [disabled | enabled]
set email usesubjloc
set email usesubjdef

Parameters

The **set email** command uses the following parameters:

auth	Sets if authentication log messages are relayed by email
config	Sets if configuration log messages are relayed by email.
event	Sets if event log messages are relayed by email.
fromaddr	Sets the email address the messages are relayed from. 0-48 characters.
authtype	Sets the type of authentication to use when logging into the relay SMTP server.
host	Sets the host where the relay SMTP server is located. 0-63 characters.
password	Sets the password for logging into the relay SMTP server 0-32 characters.
port	Sets the port number for the relay SMTP server, 1-65535 (default 25).
toaddr1	Sets the first address to send email messages to. 0-48 characters.
toaddr2	Sets the second address to send email messages to. 0-48 characters.
trendfiles	Sets the preference to have new trending report files sent out daily to both "toaddrr" addresses at midnight.
userfromaddr	Sets to log into the relay SMTP server using the from address.

username	Sets the username for logging into the relay SMTP server. 0-32 characters; spaces are not allowed.
test	Tests the email setting for logging into the relay SMTP.
usesubjloc	Uses the location string as the subject of the relayed emails.
usesubjdef	Uses the default subject as the subject of the relayed emails. (sentry@macoui).
useusername	Set to log into the relay SMTP server using the SMTP username.

Sub-Parameters

The **set email** command uses the following sub-parameters:

any	Uses any of the authentication methods described in this table.
crammd5	Uses only CRAM-MD5 for authentication.
digestmd5	Uses only Digest MD5 for authentication
login	Uses only login authentication.
plain	Uses only plain authentication.
none	Uses only no authentication.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set energywise

Sets Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.

Command Syntax

set energywise [disabled | enabled]
set energywise port <UDP port>
set energywise domain <domain name>
set energywise refresh <refresh rate>
set energywise secret <secret key>

Parameters

The **set energywise** command uses the following parameters:

port	Sets the port number of the EnergyWise host. 1-65535 (default 43440).
domain	Sets the domain of the EnergyWise host. 0-63 characters.
refresh	Sets the refresh rate that sends new EnergyWise discovery packets. 30-600 seconds.
secret	Sets the secret key for the EnergyWise server. 0-80 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set feature

Enables new system features.

set feature <feature key>

Parameters

The **set feature** command uses the following parameter:

feature key	Key for unlocking system features (XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX), where X = 0-9 or A-Z.

Command Access

Admin level only

set ftp

Sets FTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ftp autoupdate [disabled | enabled]
set ftp autoupdate day [sunday-saturday | everyday]
set ftp autoupdate hour [1am-12am | 1pm-12pm]
set ftp directory <path name>
set ftp filename <filename>
set ftp host <hostname>
set ftp password <password>
set ftp server [disabled | enabled]
set ftp test [*full*]
set ftp username <username>

Parameters

The **set ftp** command uses the following parameters:

autoupdate	Sets to use automatic system firmware updates.
directory	Sets the directory of the update file in remote FTP update server. 0-64 characters.
filename	Sets the name of the update file in remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.
host	Sets the hostname of remote FTP update server. 0-63 characters.
password	Sets the password for logging into the remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.
server	Sets if the system can be an FTP server to serve system files.
test	Tests current FTP settings. Using the *full* sub-parameter ensures connection to the FTP server is correct, verifies firmware can be sent to the PDU, and downloads firmware to the PDU (but does not install firmware).
username	Sets the username for logging into the remote FTP update server. 0-32 characters.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ftp** command uses the following sub-parameters:

day	Sets the day of the week to automatically update system firmware.
hour	Sets the hour of the day to automatically update system firmware.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set http

Sets HTTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set http [disabled | enabled]
set http port <port>

Parameters

The **set http** command uses the following parameter:

port	Sets the port for HTTP connections. 1-65535 (default 443).

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set https

Sets HTTPS configuration values.

Command Syntax

set https [disabled | enabled]
set https port <port>
set https usercert [disabled | enabled]
set https userpass <passphrase>

Parameters

The **set https** command uses the following parameters:

port	Sets the port for HTTPS connections.1-65535 (default 80).
usercert	Sets to use user-provided certificates instead of system self-signed certificates.
userpass	Sets the pass phrase for user-provided certificates. 0-63 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set ipv4, set ipv6

Sets IPv4 and IPv6 configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ipv4 address <ipv4 address>
set ipv4 gateway <ipv4 address>
set ipv4 subnet <ipv4 address>
set ipv6 address <ipv6 address>
set ipv6 gateway <ipv6 address>
set ipv6 prefix <ipv6 CIDR prefix>

Parameters

The **set ipv4** and **set ipv6** commands use the following parameters:

Ipv4 address	Uses the format of XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX, where XXX=0-255.
Ipv6 address	Uses the format of XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX, where XXXX=0-0xFFFF.
Ipv6 CIDR prefix	Uses the format of /0-64.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

---

set ldap

Sets LDAP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ldap bind [simple | tls | md5]
set ldap binddn <distinguished name>
set ldap bindpw <password>
set ldap groupattr <group attribute>
set ldap groupsearch basedn <distinguished name>
set ldap groupsearch [disabled | enabled]
set ldap groupsearch useattr <user attribute>
set ldap primary <hostname>
set ldap secondary <hostname>
set ldap port <port>
set ldap userbasedn <distinguished name>
set ldap userfilter <filter>

Parameters

The **set ldap** command uses the following parameters:

bind	Sets the bind method for the LDAP server.
binddn	Sets the distinguished name (DN) for the bind.
bindpw	Sets the password for the bind.
groupattr	Sets the user class distinguished name (DN) or names of groups a user is a member of.
groupsearch	Sets the bind to search groups for the username in addition to searching the usernames for its list of group memberships.
hostname	Sets the hostname of the Directory Services server.
port	Sets the port number for the LDAP server. 1-65535 (default 389).
userbasedn	Sets the base distinguished name (DN) for the username search at login.
userfilter	Sets the filter used for the username search at login.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ldap** command uses the following sub-parameters:

simple	Uses simple bind method.
tls	Uses bind with TLS. (TLS version 1).
md5	Uses Digest MD5 bind.
basedn	Base Distinguished Name (DN).
useattr	Sets the user attribute to search for.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

---

set ldapgroup

Sets configuration values for LDAP group access rights.

Command Syntax

set ldapgroup access [admin }| admin | poweruser | user] <groupname>

set ldapgroup sysmon [disabled | enabled] <groupname>

Parameters

The **set ldap group** command uses the following parameters:

access	Sets the access type of an LDAP group.
sysmon	Sets system monitor access for an LDAP group.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ldap group** command uses the following sub-parameter:

groupname	Name of the LDAP group to change access rights. 0-32 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only

set line

Sets line configuration values.

Command Syntax

set line email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set line load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set line load hyst <value>
set line snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set line** command uses the following parameters:

Email	Email notification for line events.
Hyst	Hysteresis between event state and recovery.
Load	Current load for a line. min = 0A, max (current limit) in **show lines** command, hyst 0.0-10.0A (default 1.0A).
SNMPT	SNMP trap notifications for line events.

Sub-Parameters

The **set line** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	High alarm value.
alarmlo	Low alarm value.
warnhi	High warning alarm.
warnlo	Low warning alarm.

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only

set location

Sets the system location string.

Command Syntax

set location <location string>

Parameters

The **set location** command uses the following parameter:

location string	Location string text for system location. 0-63 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only

set net

Sets network mode configuration values.

Command Syntax

set net [disabled | ipv4only | dualv6v4]

Parameters

The **set net** command uses the following parameters:

disabled	Disables network access to system.
ipv4only	System only allows IPv4 functionality.
Dualv6v4	System allows IPv6 and IPv4 functionality.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode.

set ocp

Sets over-current protector (OCP) configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ocp email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set ocp loadmax <name | id | ALL> <value>
set ocp snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set ocp** command uses the following parameters:

email	Email notifications for OCP events.
loadmax	Maximum current load for an OCP. Valid range is 1 to "max factory current" from the **show ocps** command.
snmpt	SNMP trap notifications for OCP events.

Command Access

Admin level only

set outlet

Sets outlet configuration values.

Command Syntax

set outlet email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet load [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet load hyst <value>
set outlet name <name | id> <new name>
set outlet snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set outlet watts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet watts hyst <value>

For AC products only:
set outlet pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set outlet pf hyst <value>

Parameters

The **set outlet** command uses the following parameters:

email	Sets email notifications for outlet events.
hyst	Sets the hysteresis between event state and recovery.
load	Sets the current load for an outlet. min 0.0A, max (max current) in **show outlets** command, hyst 0.0-10.0A (default 1.0A)
pf	Sets the power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-0.20 (default 0.02)
snmpt	Sets if SNMP trap notifications for outlet events.
watts	Sets the power (without power factor). min 0W, max (power capacity) in **ostat**, hyst 0-1000W (default 10W).

Sub-Parameters

The **set outlet** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	Sets high alarm value.
alarmlo	Sets low alarm value.
warnhi	Sets high warning value.
warnlo	Sets low warning value.

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only

set phase

Sets phase configuration values.

Command Syntax

set phase email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set phase pf [alarmlo | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set phase snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set phase volts [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set phase volts hyst <value>

For AC products only:
set phase pf hyst <value>

Parameters

The **set phase** command uses the following parameters:

email	Sets email notifications for phase events.
hyst	Sets hysteresis between event state and recovery.
pf	Sets power factor. min 0.00, max 1.00, hyst 0.0-20.0 (default 0.02).
snmpt	Sets SNMP trap notifications for phase events.
volts	Sets voltage. min and max vary by product[*], hyst 0.0-20 (default 0.02). * For the min-max range, issue **set cord nomvolts all** command (press ESC to quit command).

Sub-Parameters

The **set phase** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	Sets high alarm value.
alarmlo	Sets low alarm value.
warnhi	Sets high warning value.
warnlo	Sets low warning value.

Command Access

Admin level only

set port

Sets serial port configuration values.

Command Syntax

set port [baud | speed] [1200 | 2400 | 4800 | 9600 | 19200 | 38400 | 57600 | 115200] <name | id >
set port dsrcheck [disabled | enabled] <name | id >
set port timeout <name | id > <timeout>

Parameters

The **set port** command uses the following parameters:

baud/speed	Sets the number of symbols per second of the serial port.
dsrcheck	Sets to use DSR before making a serial connection.
timeout	Sets the connection idle timeout for pass-thru connections to this port. 0-60 minutes (default 5 minutes).

Command Access

Admin level only

set radius

Sets Radius server configuration values.

Command Syntax

set radius [primary | secondary] port <port>
set radius [primary | secondary] retries <retries>
set radius [primary | secondary] host <hostname>
set radius [primary | secondary] secret <shared secret>
set radius [primary | secondary] timeout <timeout>

Parameters

The **set radius** command uses the following parameters:

primary	Sets the first Radius server.
secondary	Sets the second Radius server.
port	Sets the port for Radius sever connections. 1-65535 (default 1812).
retries	Set the maximum retry count for the Radius server. 0-10 (default 2).
host	Sets the Radius server hostname. 0-63 characters.
secret	Sets the shared secret value for the Radius server. 0-48 characters. **Note:** The secret that was set for the primary server will not be cleared when setting the secret for the secondary server, and vice versa.
timeout	Sets the connection timeout for the Radius server. 1-30 seconds (default 5 seconds).

Command Access

Admin level only; No access in Demo mode

set sensor

Sets sensor configuration values.

Command Syntax

set sensor adc [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor adc email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor adc hyst <value>
set sensor adc name <name | id> <name>
set sensor adc snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor contact email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor contact name <name | id> <name>
set sensor contact snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor humid [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor humid email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor humid hyst <value>
set sensor humid name <name | id> <name>
set sensor humid snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp [alarmhi | alarmlo | warnhi | warnlo] <name | id | ALL> <value>
set sensor temp email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp hyst <value>
set sensor temp name <name | id> <name>
set sensor temp snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor water email [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor water name <name | id> <name>
set sensor water snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set sensor temp scale [celsius | fahrenheit]

Parameters

The **set sensor** command uses the following parameters:

adc	Sets the analog-to-digital converter sensor. min 0, max 255, hyst 0-20 (default 1).
contact	Sets the contact closure sensor.
humid	Sets the humidity sensor. min 0%RH, max 100%RH, hyst 0-20%RH (default 2%RH).
temp	Sets temperature sensor. For Celsius: min -40°, max 123°, hyst 0-30°, default 1°; For Fahrenheit: min -40°, max 253°, hyst 0-54°, default 2°.
water	Sets the water sensor.
email	Sets the email notifications for sensor events.
hyst	Sets the hysteresis between event state and recovery.
name	Sets the name of the sensor.
snmpt	SNMP trap notifications for sensor events.
scale	Sets temperature scale.

Sub-Parameters

The **set sensor** command uses the following sub-parameters:

alarmhi	Sets high alarm value.
alarmlo	Sets low alarm value.
warnhi	Sets high warning value.
warnlo	Sets low warning value.

min <= alarmlo <= warnlo <= warnhi <= alarmhi <= max

Command Access

Admin level only

set snmp

Sets SNMP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set snmp iprestrict [none | trapdests]
set snmp syscontact <system contact>
set snmp syslocation <location>
set snmp sysname <system name>
set snmp trap dest1 <hostname>
set snmp trap dest2 <hostname>
set snmp trap format [v1 | v2c | v3]
set snmp trap repeat <repeat time>
set snmp v2 [disabled | enabled]
set snmp v2 [getcomm | setcomm | trapcomm] <comm string>
set snmp v3 [disabled | enabled]
set snmp v3 [roauth | rwauth] [none | md5 | md5des]
set snmp v3 [roauthpass | rwauthpass] {password} verify password}
set snmp v3 [roprivpass | rwprivpass] {password} {verify password}
set snmp v3 [rousername | rwusername | trapusername] <username>

Parameters

The **set snmp** command uses the following parameters:

iprestrict	Sets to only allow to trap destinations to have SNMP access
syscontact	System contact string. 0-63 characters.
syslocation	System location string. 0-63 characters.
sysname	System name string. 0-63 characters.
trap	Sets trap notification options.
v2	Sets to allow access with SNMPv2.
v3	Sets to allow access with SNMPv3.

Sub-Parameters

The **set snmp** command uses the following sub-parameters:

dest1	First SNMP trap destination. 0-63 characters.
dest2	Second SNMP trap destination. 0-63 characters.
format	Format of SNMP trap and header.
repeat	Sets the SNMP trap repeat time for object in an event condition. 1-65535 seconds.
getcomm	Read community string for SNMPv2. 0-32 characters. Default is public.
setcomm	Read/write community string in SNMPv3. 0-32 characters. Default is blank.
trapcomm	Community string in SNMPv2 traps for authentication. 0-32 characters.
ro-prefix	Read-Only SNMPv3 user.
rw-prefix	Read/write SNMPv3 user.
auth	Authentication type for an SNMPv3 user.
authpass	Authentication password for an SNMPv3 user. 0-39 characters.
privpass	Privacy password for an SNMPv3 user. 0-31 characters.
username	Username for an SNMPv3 user. 0-31 characters.
trapusername	Username for trap authentication for SNMPv3 traps. 0-31 characters.
none	No authentication or privacy is used (authpass and privpass are not used).
md5	Authentication but not privacy is used (privpass is not used).
md5des	Authentication and privacy are used

Command Access

Admin level only; No access in Demo mode

set sntp

Sets SNTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

set sntp dst [disabled | enabled]
set sntp dst [end | start] <tz string>
set sntp gmtoffset <offset>
set sntp primary <hostname>
set sntp secondary <hostname>

Parameters

The **set sntp** command uses the following parameters:

dst	Sets to automatically adjust for Daylight Saving Time (DST).
gmtoffset	Sets the adjustment from Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). (-12 to 14). GMT Offset includes both extended hours and minutes, and supports all standard international time zones from -12:59 to +14.59. The GMT Offset can be set in minutes to accommodate partial-hour time zones.
primary	Sets the first SNTP server. 0-63 characters.
secondary	Sets the second SNTP server. 0-63 characters.

Sub-Parameters

The **set sntp** command uses the following sub-parameters:

end	Date to end DST.
start	Date to start DST.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set spm

Sets Sentry Power Manager (SPM) access configuration values.

Command Syntax

set spm [disabled | enabled]
set spm resetpw

Parameters

The **set spm** command uses the following parameter:

resetpw	Sets to reset SPM secure password back to default.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set ssh

Sets SSH configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ssh [disabled | enabled]
set ssh port
set ssh authmethod [all | kbint | password]

Parameters

The **set ssh** command uses the following parameters:

port	Sets port for SSH connections 1-65535 (default is 22).
authmethod	Sets authentication method for SSH connections.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ssh** command uses the following sub-parameters:

all	Allows either of the authentication methods described in this table.
kbint	Allows only keyboard-interactive authentication.
password	Allows only password authentication.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set syslog

Sets Syslog configuration values.

Command Syntax

set syslog debugmsg [disabled | enabled]
set syslog host1 <hostname>
set syslog host2 <hostname>
set syslog port <port>
set syslog protocol [rfc3164 | rfc5424]

Parameters

The **set syslog** command uses the following parameters:

debugmsg	Sets to send debug log messages in addition to system log messages.
host1	Sets the first Syslog server. 0-63 characters.
host2	Sets the second Syslog server. 0-63 characters.
port	Sets the port for the Syslog servers. 1-65535 (default 514).
protocol	Sets the format of the Syslog messages.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set tacacs

Sets TACACS+ server configuration values.

Command Syntax

set tacacs primary <hostname>
set tacacs secondary <hostname>
set tacacs port <port>
set tacacs key {key}

Parameters

The **set tacacs** command uses the following parameters:

primary	Sets the first TACACS+ server (0-63 characters).
secondary	Sets the second TACACS+ server (0-63 characters).
port	Sets the port for the TACACS+ servers 1-65535 (default is 49).
key	Sets the key for authentication with the TACACS+ servers.

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set tacpriv

Sets TACACS+ configuration values for privilege level access rights.

Command Syntax

set tacpriv access [admin | poweruser | user] <priv level>
set tacpriv sysmon [disabled | enabled] <priv level>

Parameters

The **set tacpriv** command uses the following parameters:

access	Sets the access type for a level.
sysmon	Sets the system monitor access for a level.

Sub-Parameters

The **set tacpriv** command uses the following sub-parameter:

priv level	The ID of the TACACS+ privilege level to change access rights (0-15).

Command Access

Admin level only

set telnet

Sets Telnet configuration values.

Command Syntax

set telnet [disabled | enabled]
set telnet port <port>

Parameters

The **set telnet** command uses the following parameters:

port	Sets the port for Telnet connections 1-65535 (default is 23).

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set trend

Sets power trending configurations.

Command Syntax

set trend [disabled | enabled]

Command Access

Admin level only; no access in Demo mode

set unit

Sets PRO2 configuration values.

Command Syntax

set unit assettag <name | id> <asset tag>
set unit display [auto | inverted | normal] <name | id | ALL>
set unit email [disabled | enabled] <name |id | ALL>
set unit identify [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>
set unit name <name | id> <new name>

Factory unlocked only:
set unit golden [disabled | enabled]
set unit prodsn <name | id> <prod sn>

Confirmation required:
set unit purge <name | id | ALL>
set unit snmpt [disabled | enabled] <name | id | ALL>

Parameters

The **set unit** command uses the following parameters:

assettag	The asset tag value of the unit. 0-32 characters.
display	Sets the orientation of the displays on a unit.
email	Email notifications for an event.
golden	Set to have the system not retain unit information.
identify	Set to enable/disable flashing display.

name	The name of the unit. 0-32 characters.
prodsn	Sets the product serial number for a unit. 0-32 characters.
purge	Removes all stored information for a unit.
snmpt	SNMP trap notifications for unit events.

Sub-Parameters

The **set unit** command uses the following sub-parameters:

auto	Set automatic display orientation using internal orientation sensor.
Inverted	Set display to be upside down.
normal	Set display to be right-side up.

Command Access

Admin level only

set ups

Sets UPS device configuration values.

Command Syntax

set ups addline <UPS#> <line name | id | ALL>
set ups commstr <UPS#> <get community string>
set ups delline <UPS#> <line name | id | ALL>>
set ups host <UPS#> <hostname>
set ups oidspoll <UPS#> <oid>
set ups onbattery <UPS#> <value>
set ups onutility <UPS#> <value>
set ups port <UPS#> <port>
set ups type <UPS#> <value>

Parameters

The **set ups** command uses the following parameters:

UPS#	The number of the UPS to change. 1-8.
addline	Adds the specified line to be protected by the UPS.
commstr	Sets the community string for polling the UPS by SNMP. 0-32 characters.
delline	Removes the specified line from a UPS.
host	Hostname for polling the UPS by SNMP. 0-63 characters.
oidspoll	The OID for getting the "on battery"/"on utility" value when polling the UPS by SNMP.
onbattery	Value of the OID when the UPS is in an "on battery" state. 1-65535.

onutility	Value of the OID when the UPS is in an "on utility" state. 1-65535.
port	Port number for polling the UPS by SNMP. 1-65535 (default 161).
type	Sets the type of the UPS; sets default commstr, oidspoll, onbattery, onutility, and port. 1-11.

Sub-Parameters

The **set ups** command uses the following sub-parameter:

oid	The OID string with sequences of a dot and a number. 1-65535.

Command Access

Admin level only

set user

Sets configuration values for local user access rights.

Command Syntax

set user access [admin | poweruser | user] <username>
set user password <username> {password} {verify password}
set user sysmon [disabled | enabled] <username>

Parameters

The **set user** command uses the following parameters:

access	Sets the access type of a local user.
password	Sets the password for a local user.
sysmon	Sets system monitor access for a local user.

Sub-Parameters

The **set user** command uses the following sub-parameter:

username	The ID of the local user to change access rights. 0-32 characters.

Command Access

Admin level only

set wlan

Description:

Sets the wireless network configuration.

Command Syntax:

set wlan [disabled | enabled]
set wlan bssid <ap bssid>
set wlan key <ap key>
set wlan mac <mac address>
set wlan security [open | wep-open | wep-shared | wpapsk-aes | wpapsk-tkip | wpapsk-tkipaes | wpa2psk-aes | wpa2psk-tkip | wpa2psk-tkipaes]

set wlan ssid <ap ssid>

Command Access:

Admin level only; wireless module installed.

show access

Shows user access configuration values.

Command Syntax

show access

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show access

  Access Configuration

    Access Method:              LDAP then local
    Configuration Reset Button: enabled
    Local Administrator Account: required
    Strong Passwords:           optional
    CLI Custom Prompt:          <none>
    CLI Timeout:                5 minute<s>
    Web Timeout:                5 minute<s>
    Web Log Entries:            100 <per page>
    Default Log Order:          newest first
    StartUp Stick:              enabled
```

show bluetooth

Shows Bluetooth® configuration values.

Command Syntax

show bluetooth

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show bluetooth

  Bluetooth Configuration

    Bluetooth:          enabled
    Name:               BT-Mod1
    Pin code:           0000
    Discoverability:    enabled
    Transmission Power: 0 (dbm)
```

show branches

Shows branch configuration values.

Command Syntax

show branches

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show branches

  ID    Branch Name
  --    -----------
  AA1   AA:Branch_1
  AA2   AA:Branch_2
  AA3   AA:Branch_3
  BA1   BA:Branch_1
  BA2   BA:Branch_2
  BA3   BA:Branch_3

        SNMP      Email     Max       Current  Current  Current  Current
  ID    Notif.    Notif.    Current   Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm
  --    ------    ------    -------   -------  -------  -------  -------
  AA1   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A
  AA2   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A
  AA3   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A
  BA1   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A
  BA2   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A
  BA3   enabled   enabled   20A       0.0A     0.0A     14.0A    16.0A

  Common Branch Settings

    Branch Current Hysteresis:        1.0A
```

show cords

Shows cord configuration values.

Command Syntax

show cords

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show cords


ID    Cord Name
--    ---------
AA    Master_Cord_A
BA    Link_Cord_A

      SNMP     Email    User  / Factory   User  / Factory
ID    Notif.   Notif.   Current Capacity  Nominal Voltage
--    ------   ------   ----------------  ---------------
AA    enabled  enabled  30A   / 30A       230V  / 230V
BA    enabled  enabled  30A   / 30A       230V  / 230V

      Power    Power    Power    Power    Balance  Balance
ID    Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm
--    -------  -------  -------  -------  -------  -------
AA    0W       0W       14490W   16560W   15%      20%
BA    0W       0W       14490W   16560W   15%      20%

      App Pwr  App Pwr  App Pwr  App Pwr  PF       PF
ID    Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm  Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn
--    -------  -------  -------  -------  -------  -------
AA    0VA      0VA      14490VA  16560VA  0.70     0.80
BA    0VA      0VA      14490VA  16560VA  0.70     0.80

Common Cord Settings

  Cord Power Hysteresis:            100
  Cord Apparent Power Hysteresis:   100
  Cord Power Factor Hysteresis:     0.0
  Cord 3-Phase Out-Of-Balance Hyst: 2%
```

show email

Shows email configuration values.

Command Syntax

show email

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show email

  Email/SMTP Configuration

    SMTP Host:          (not set)
    SMTP Port:          25
    SMTP Authentication: None with SMTP Username
    SMTP Username:
    SMTP Password:      (not set)
    'From' Addr:
    'To' Address 1:
    'To' Address 2:
    Subject ID:         [Sentry_60000a]


    Email Notifications: disabled
      EVENT Messages:    enabled
      AUTH Messages:     disabled
      CONFIG Messages:   disabled
      Trend Files:       disabled
```

show energywise

Shows Cisco EnergyWise configuration values.

Command Syntax

show energywise

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show energywise

  EnergyWise Configuration

    EnergyWise Endpoint: disabled
    Port:               43440
    Domain:             (not set)
    Refresh Rate:       180
    Secret:             (not set)
```

show features

Shows the enabled system features.

Command Syntax

show features

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show features
  Add-on features installed on this system:
    Smart Load Shedding
```

show ftp

Shows FTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ftp

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show ftp
 FTP Client Configuration

   Host:        10.1.2.230
   Username:    swcdu8
   Password:    <not set>
   Directory:
   Filename:    firmware.bin

   Auto Upgrades: disabled
   Update Day:  Everyday
   Update Hour  12 AM

 FTP Server Configuration

  Server:        enabled
```

show ldap

Shows LDAP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ldap

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show ldap

  LDAP Configuration

    LDAP:            disabled
    Primary Host:    <not set>
    Secondary Host:  <not set>
    Port:            389
    Bind Type:       Simple

    Search Bind
      DN:
      Password:      <not set>

    User Search
      Base DN:
      Filter:

    Group Membership
      Attribute:

    Group Search:      disabled
      Base DN:
      User Member
      Attribute:
```

show lines

Shows line configuration values.

Command Syntax

show lines

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show lines

  ID    Line Name
  --    ---------
  AA1   AA:L1
  CA1   CA:L1
  DA1   DA:L1

        SNMP      Email     Max       Current Current Current Current
  ID    Notif.    Notif.    Current   Lo-Alrm Lo-Warn Hi-Warn Hi-Alrm
  --    ------    ------    -------   ------- ------- ------- -------
  AA1   enabled   enabled   30A       0.0A    0.0A    21.0A   24.0A
  CA1   enabled   enabled   30A       0.0A    0.0A    21.0A   24.0A
  DA1   enabled   enabled   30A       0.0A    0.0A    21.0A   24.0A

  Common Line Settings

    Line Current Hysteresis:          1.0A
```

show log

Shows the system event log.

Command Syntax

show log [*filter*]

Parameters

The **show log** command uses the following parameter:

filter	Keyword filter for long entries.

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show log

There are 8 messages in the system log (#1-#8)

[1] L6 EVENT: Network stack started

[2] L6 EVENT: System boot complete

[3] L2 EVENT: High alarm (temperature 22.9C) detected on temperature sensor 'Temp_Sensor_C2' [C2]

[4] L5 EVENT: Normal temperature restored on temperature sensor 'Temp_Sensor_C2'[C2]

[5] May  5 13:54:56 L2 EVENT: High alarm (power 1W) detected on outlet 'Master_Outlet_30' [AA30]

[6] May  5 13:54:56 L2 EVENT: Low alarm (power factor 0.03) detected on outlet 'Master_Outlet_30'
[AA30]

[7] May  5 13:54:56 L5 EVENT: Normal power factor restored on outlet 'Master_Outlet_30' [AA30]

[8] May  5 14:38:34 L6 AUTH: User 'admn' logged in from 10.1.7.30 using TELNET
```

show network

Shows network configuration values.

Command Syntax

show network

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show network

  Network Configuration

    State:          Static IPv4       Network:        IPv4 only
    Link:           Up                Negotiation:    Auto
    Speed:          100 Mbps          Duplex:         Full
    Ethernet MAC:   00-0A-9C-60-00-0A
    AutoCfg IPv6:   FE80::20A:9CFF:FE60:A/64
    IPv4 Address:   10.1.2.205        Subnet Mask:    255.255.0.0
    IPv4 Gateway:   10.1.1.1
    DNS1:           10.1.5.133
    DNS2:           10.1.5.134

  Static IPv4/IPv6 Settings

    IPv6 Address:   FD01::A01:305/64
    IPv6 Gateway:   FD01::A01:585
    IPv4 Address:   10.1.2.205        Subnet Mask:    255.255.0.0
    IPv4 Gateway:   10.1.1.1
    DNS1:           10.1.5.133
    DNS2:           10.1.5.134

  DHCP Settings

    DHCP:           disabled
    FQDN:           enabled [sentry-ffffff]
    Boot Delay:     disabled
    Static Fallback: enabled

  Network Services

    FTP Server:  enabled    Port:    21
    FTP Updates: disabled   Port:    21
    SSH:         enabled    Port:    22   Auth:      Password, Kb-Int
    Telnet:      enabled    Port:    23
    HTTP:        enabled    Port:    80
    HTTPS:       enabled    Port:    443  Installed Cert: Factory
      User Cert: enabled

                                           SSL User Certificates:   enabled
                                           User Passphrase: <none>
                                           Uploaded Files: None
    SNMPv1/2:    enabled    Port:    161  TrapPort:  162
    SNMPv3:      disabled   Port:    161  TrapPort:  162
    SPM Access:  enabled
```

show ocps

Shows over-current protection (OCP) configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ocps

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show ocps

                                    SNMP     Email    User   / Factory
ID     Over-Current Protector Name  Notif.   Notif.   Current Capacity
--     --------------------------   ------   ------   ----------------
AA1    AA:Breaker_1                 enabled  enabled  20A    / 20A
AA2    AA:Breaker_2                 enabled  enabled  20A    / 20A
AA3    AA:Breaker_3                 enabled  enabled  20A    / 20A
```

show outlets

Shows outlet configuration values.

Command Syntax

show outlets

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show outlets

                                    SNMP      Email     Max
ID    Outlet Name                   Notif.    Notif.    Current
--    -----------                   ------    ------    -------
AA1   Master_Outlet_1               enabled   enabled   20A
AA2   Master_Outlet_2               enabled   enabled   15A
AA3   Master_Outlet_3               enabled   enabled   15A


                                              PF        PF
ID                                            Lo-Alrm   Lo-Warn
                                              -------   -------
AA1                                           0.70      0.80
AA2                                           0.70      0.80
AA3                                           0.70      0.80


      Current Current Current Current Power   Power   Power   Power
ID    Lo-Alrm Lo-Warn Hi-Warn Hi-Alrm Lo-Alrm Lo-Warn Hi-Warn Hi-Alrm
--    ------- ------- ------- ------- ------- ------- ------- -------
AA1   0.0A    0.0A    14.0A   16.0A   0W      0W      2912W   3328W
AA2   0.0A    0.0A    10.5A   12.0A   0W      0W      2184W   2496W
AA3   0.0A    0.0A    10.5A   12.0A   0W      0W      2184W   2496W


Common Outlet Settings

  Outlet State Change Logging:      disabled
  Outlet Current Hysteresis:        1.0A
  Outlet Power Hysteresis:          10W
  Outlet Power Factor Hysteresis:   0.02
```

show phases

Shows phase configuration values.

Command Syntax

show phases

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show phases

  ID    Phase Name
  --    ----------
  AA1   AA:L1-L2
  AA2   AA:L2-L3
  AA3   AA:L3-L1

        SNMP        Email        Nominal
  ID    Notif.      Notif.       Voltage
  --    ------      ------       -------
  AA1   enabled     enabled      208V
  AA2   enabled     enabled      208V
  AA3   enabled     enabled      208V

        Voltage  Voltage  Voltage  Voltage  PF       PF
  ID    Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm  Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn
  --    -------  -------  -------  -------  -------  -------
  AA1   187.2V   197.6V   218.4V   228.8V   --       --
  AA2   187.2V   197.6V   218.4V   228.8V   --       --
  AA3   187.2V   197.6V   218.4V   228.8V   --       --

  Common Phase Settings

    Phase Voltage Hysteresis:          2.0V
    Phase Power Factor Hysteresis:     0.02
```

show ports

Shows port configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ports

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show ports

  ID    Port Name           Locked   Baud    Timeout   DSR Chk
  --    ---------           ------   ----    -------   -------
  COM1  Console             No       9600    5 min     enabled
  COM2  Aux                 No       115200  5 min     enabled
```

show radius

Shows Radius server configuration values.

Command Syntax

show radius

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show radius

 RADIUS Configuration

 RADIUS:          disabled

 Primary
   Server:        (not set)
   Shared Secret: (not set)
   Port:          1812
   Timeout:       5 second(s)
   Retries:       2

 Secondary
   Server:        (not set)
   Shared Secret: (not set)
   Port:          1812
   Timeout:       5 second(s)
   Retries:       2
```

show sensors

Shows sensor configuration values.

Command Syntax

show sensors

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show sensors

   Sensor  ID  Sensor Name
   ------  --  -----------
   Temp    A1  Temp_Sensor_A1
   Temp    A2  Temp_Sensor_A2
   Temp    C1  Temp_Sensor_C1
   Temp    C2  Temp_Sensor_C2
   Humid   A1  Humid_Sensor_A1
   Humid   A2  Humid_Sensor_A2
   Humid   C1  Humid_Sensor_C1
   Humid   C2  Humid_Sensor_C2
   Contact C1  Contact_Sensor_C1
   Contact C2  Contact_Sensor_C2
   Contact C3  Contact_Sensor_C3
   Contact C4  Contact_Sensor_C4
   Water   C1  Water_Sensor_C1
   ADC     C1  ADC_Sensor_C1


           SNMP     Email
   Sensor  ID  Notif.   Notif.    Lo-Alrm  Lo-Warn  Hi-Warn  Hi-Alrm
   ------  --  ------   ------    -------  -------  -------  -------
   Temp    A1  enabled  enabled   1C       5C       45C      50C
   Temp    A2  enabled  enabled   1C       5C       45C      50C
   Temp    C1  enabled  enabled   1C       5C       45C      50C
   Temp    C2  enabled  enabled   1C       5C       45C      50C
   Humid   A1  enabled  enabled   5% RH    10% RH   90% RH   95% RH
   Humid   A2  enabled  enabled   5% RH    10% RH   90% RH   95% RH
   Humid   C1  enabled  enabled   5% RH    10% RH   90% RH   95% RH
   Humid   C2  enabled  enabled   5% RH    10% RH   90% RH   95% RH
   Contact C1  enabled  enabled   --       --       --       --
   Contact C2  enabled  enabled   --       --       --       --
   Contact C3  enabled  enabled   --       --       --       --
   Contact C4  enabled  enabled   --       --       --       --
   Water   C1  enabled  enabled   --       --       --       --
   ADC     C1  disabled disabled  0        0        255      255

   Common Sensor Settings

     Temperature Scale:             Celsius
     Temperature Sensor Hysteresis: 1C
     Humidity Sensor Hysteresis:    2% RH
     ADC Sensor Hysteresis:         1
```

show snmp

Shows SNMP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show snmp

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show snmp

  SNMP Configuration

  SNMPv2 Agent:            enabled

    Get Community <RO>:    public
    Set Community <RW>:

  SNMPv3 Agent:            disabled

    Engine ID:             8000006B602

    RW User Name:          <not set>
    RW User Auth Method:   none
    RW User Auth Password: <not set>
    RW User Privacy Pass:  <not set>
    RO User Name:          <not set>
    RO User Auth Method:   none
    RO User Auth Password: <not set>
    RO User Privacy Pass:  <not set>

  SNMP Trap:

    Format:                v1
    v2 Community:     trap
    v3 Username:      <not set>
    Destination 1:
    Destination 2:
    IP Restrictions:      No Restrictions
    Error Repeat Time:    60 second(s)

  SNMP SysName:            Sentry_60000ae
  SNMP SysLocation:
  SNMP SysContact:
```

show sntp

Shows SNTP configuration values.

Command Syntax

show sntp

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show sntp

  SNTP Configuration

    Local Date/Time:     2014-05-06  14:30:41 (DST)
    Primary Host:        2.servertech.pool.ntp.org
    Secondary Host:      1.servertech.pool.ntp.org
    Local GMT Offset:    -8:00 hours

    Daylight Saving Time: enabled
      DST Start:            2nd Sunday in March at 02:00:00
      DST End:              1st Sunday in November at 02:00:00
```

show syslog

Shows Syslog configuration values.

Command Syntax

show syslog

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show syslog

  SYSLOG Configuration

    Host 1:          <not set>
    Host 2:          <not set>
    Port:            514
    Protocol:        RFC3164
    Debug Messaging: disabled
```

show system

Shows system uptime, firmware version, firmware build information, boot version, hardware version, number of active users, and location string.

Command Syntax

show system

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show system

  System Information

    Uptime:       1 day 20 hours 0 minutes 13 seconds
    Firmware:     Sentry Smart PDU Version 8.0
    Build Info:   Rev 1032, January 7 2015, 10:52:42
    Boot Info:    4.0d-r139
    Hardware:     NIM2-1L (129), 75 MHz, 16MB RAM, 4MB FLASH
    NIC S/N:      9600165
    Active Users: 1

    Location:     PIPS-POPS Smart
```

show tacacs

Shows TACACS+ configuration values.

Command Syntax

show tacacs

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show tacacs

  TACACS+ Configuration

    TACACS+:        disabled
    Primary Host:   <not set>
    Secondary Host: <not set>
    Port:           49
    Key:            <not set>
```

show trend

Shows power trending configurations.

Command Syntax

show trend

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show trend

  Trending Configuration

    Data Trending:  enabled
```

show units

Shows PDU configuration values.

Command Syntax

show units

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show units

  Unit Name:      Master <A>
  Type:           Master
  Model Number:   STV-6503K
  Product S/N:    STVU0000118
  Asset Tag:      testtag1asdf
  Display Orient: Auto <Normal>
  SNMP Notif.:    enabled
  Email Notif.:   enabled

  Unit Name:      Link <B>
  Type:           Link
  Model Number:   SEV-4503K
  Product S/N:    <not set>
  Asset Tag:      AGHWERAFSasdf
  Display Orient: Auto <Normal>
  SNMP Notif.:    enabled
  Email Notif:    enabled
```

show ups

Shows UPS device configuration values.

Command Syntax

show ups

Command Access

Admin level only

Example

```
Smart PDU: show ups

  UPS #1:              Generic RFC1628

  SNMP Host/IP:        (not set)
  SNMP Port:           161
  SNMP Get Community:  public
  SNMP Status OID:     .1.3.6.1.2.1.33.1.4.1.0
  SNMP On Utility Val: 0x3
  SNMP On Battery Val: 0x5
  Line List:
```

show waps

Description:

Displays the available wireless access points.

Command Syntax:

show waps

Command Access:

Admin level only; wireless module installed.

show wlan

Description:

Displays the wireless network configurations.

Command Syntax:

show wlan

Command Access:

Admin level only; wireless module installed.

status

Displays the latest status and control state for a specified outlet or outlet group.

Command Syntax

status <name | id | group | ALL>

Usage Guidelines

Command Access

Any access level

Example

```
Smart PDU: status all

  ID    Outlet Name                State  Status
  --    -----------                ------ -------
  AA1   Master_Outlet_1            On     Normal
  AA2   Master_Outlet_2            On     Normal
  AA3   Master_Outlet_3            On     Normal
  AA4   Master_Outlet_4            On     Normal
  AA5   Master_Outlet_5            On     Normal
  AA6   Master_Outlet_6            On     Normal
```

sysstat

Displays the count of all system objects (by type), the latest status of the objects, and the count of objects currently in an event condition.

Command Syntax

sysstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

Example

```
Smart PDU: sysstat

  Qty   Sub-System                      Status          Events
  ---   ----------                      ------          ------
  2     Units                           Normal          0
  1     Cords                           Normal          0
  3     Lines                           Normal          0
  3     Phases                          Normal          0
  3     OCPs                            Normal          0
  3     Branches                        Normal          0
  30    Outlets                         Normal          0
  14    Sensors                         Normal          0
  1     UPS                             Normal          0
```

upsstat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all UPS devices in the system.

Command Syntax

upsstat

Command Access

System Monitor access

Example

```
Smart PDU: upsstat

  ID    UPS Type                        Status
  --    --------                        ------
  1     Generic RFC1628                 Not Found
```

ustat

Displays the latest status and metrics for all PDUs in the system.

Command Syntax

ustat

Command Access

System Monitor access

Example

```
Smart PDU: ustat
 ID    Unit Name                   Type   Status
 --    ---------                   -----  ------
 A     Master                      Master Normal

 ID    Display Orientation
 --    -------------------
 A     Auto <Inverted>
```

version

Displays the current firmware version.

Command Syntax

version

Command Access

Any access level

Example

```
Smart PDU: version
Sentry Smart PDU Version 8.0
```

# Appendix A: Product Support Information

LED Indicators

The following input current LED indicators can be displayed on the Smart PRO2 products:

| Behavior/Indicator	Description	Comments/User Action
"--" (flashing double dashes)	Occurs during normal boots, restarts, and firmware flash updates but should revert to displaying amperage values upon completion. Internal communication bus error is indicated if behavior is endless.	If the behavior is endless, contact Server Technology Technical Support at: 1-800-835-1515 or support@servertech.com
(flashing amperage value)	The current exceeds user-defined "high load" threshold (default setting is 80% of maximum input feed capacity).	Unit blinks a half-second on, half-second off.
"bE"	Breaker Error. The PDU has detected an error with the circuit-breakered Branch Circuit Protection.	Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing "bE" three times. Check to see if the breaker was tripped.
"FE"	Fuse Error. The PDU has detected an error with the fused Branch Circuit Protection.	Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing "FE" three times. Check to see if the fuse was blown or removed.
"oL" (flashing)	Overload.	Current exceeds the input feed capacity.
"UA", "Ub", "UC", "Ud"	Occurs when you select the **Configuration > Units > Identify** option.	Not an error code; no user action required. Display alternates between showing amperage value for two seconds and flashing "UA", "Ub", "UC", or "Ud" three times. If unit is a master, "UA" (unit A) flashes. If unit is one of up-to-three possible link types, these indicators flash: "Ub" (unit B), "UC" (unit C), or "Ud" (unit D).

Branch Circuit Protection

Server Technology PDUs are equipped with one of several types of Branch Circuit Protection, including internal fuses, retractable fuse holders, and circuit breakers, as illustrated below.

These fuses and circuit breakers meet the strict safety requirements of UL 60950-1 and EN 60950-1 for Branch Circuit Protection.

| Circuit Breaker | Compact Fuse Holder | Fuse Retractor | Fuse Access Window | Fuse Access Cover |
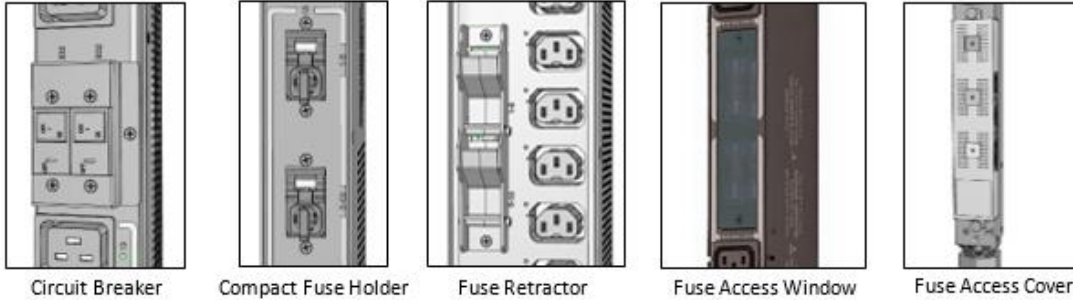
Circuit Breaker

If a circuit breaker is tripped, it can be reset by pressing or switching it back ON once the cause of the overload or short circuit has been identified, removed, or resolved. Intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing *FE* on the input current LED(s) to indicate *Fuse Error*.
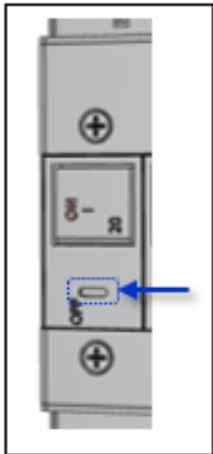

Alternatively, the circuit breaker can be turned OFF manually by inserting a slotted or flat-blade tool into the OFF switch as shown in the illustration on the left.

It is not necessary to disconnect the AC power source to perform this operation.

NOTE: This circuit breaker contains no user-serviceable parts. Do not open or disassemble this part.

Compact Fuse Holder

The Compact Fuse Holder is a UL 98 listed Fused Disconnect Switch that allows the user to turn OFF the branch circuit and safely service the fuse without having to disconnect the PDU AC power source prior to performing this operation.
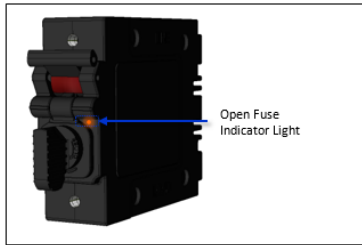
To help identify which fuse is open, blown, or missing, the Open Fuse Indicator Light glows **orange** when the PDU is powered and the Switch Handle is in the ON position.

Additionally, intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing *FE* on the input current LEDs to indicate *Fuse Error*.
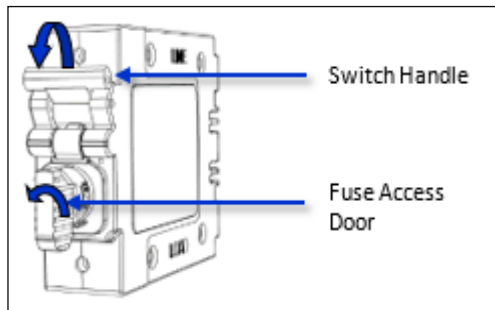
To service the fuse or turn OFF the branch, rotate the Switch Handle toward the Fuse Access Door.

Next, rotate the Fuse Access Door counter clock-wise until it opens.

Only replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings as the original fuse.

Reverse these steps after the new fuse(s) is installed.

CAUTION:

- Failure to replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings will damage the PDU and the connected and nearby equipment, and will cause electrical shock, fire, explosion, or injury/death.

- Do not attempt to open the Fuse Access Door without first setting the Switch Handle in the OFF position. Forcibly rotating the Fuse Access Door will damage the fused holder.

# Fuse Retractor, Fuse Access Window, and Fuse Access Cover

The PDU AC power source must be disconnected prior to servicing a unit with the Fuse Retractor, Fuse Access Window, and Fuse Access Cover.

Intelligent PDUs with branch circuit sensing will display a flashing *FE* on the input current LEDs to indicate *Fault Error*.

For the fuse retractor, rotate the fuse holder exposing the fuse.

For the fuse access window or cover, remove the screws that secure the plastic cover.

Fuse Retractor   Fuse Access Window   Fuse Access Cover
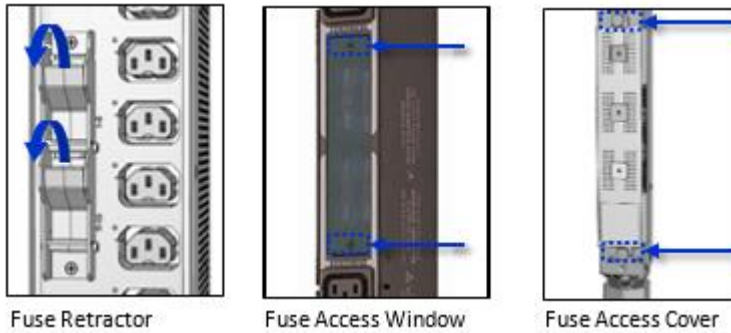
Once the fuses are exposed, carefully remove and replace with a new one of the same size, type, and ratings as the original. A fuse puller may be needed for fuse access windows and covers.

Reverse these steps after the new fuse(s) is installed.

CAUTION:

- Failure to replace the fuse with the same size, type, and ratings will damage the PDU and the connected and nearby equipment, and will cause electrical shock, fire, explosion, or injury/death.

Time-Delay Fuses – Class G

NOTE: Server Technology PDUs ship with Bussman SC-20 fuses.

Ampere Rating	Voltage	Interrupting Rating	Bussman Part No.[*]	Server Technology Part No.
20 A	600 Vac	100,000 A RMS Sym. AC	SC-20	FUSE-SC20G

* Cooper Bussman Technical Data Sheet 1024

For technical support or service with time-delay fuses, contact Server Technology as follows:

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.

|		
1040 Sandhill Drive	Tel: 1-800-835-1515	Web: www.servertech.com
Reno, Nevada 89521 USA	Fax: 775-284-2065	Email: support@servertech.com

PROx Network Interface Card (NIC) Swap

The NIC in your PROx PDU is a hot-swappable assembly that can be removed and installed without the loss of output voltage, as described in the following instructions:

1. Remove the Phillips-head retention screws and save for step 4.

   Note: Some models have either one or two screws, shown in the following two images:

2. Using equal pressure on both sides, pull the NIC out of the PDU enclosure.

3. Install the new NIC, ensuring the NIC is orientated so that it lines up with the connector inside of the PDU enclosure, as illustrated below.
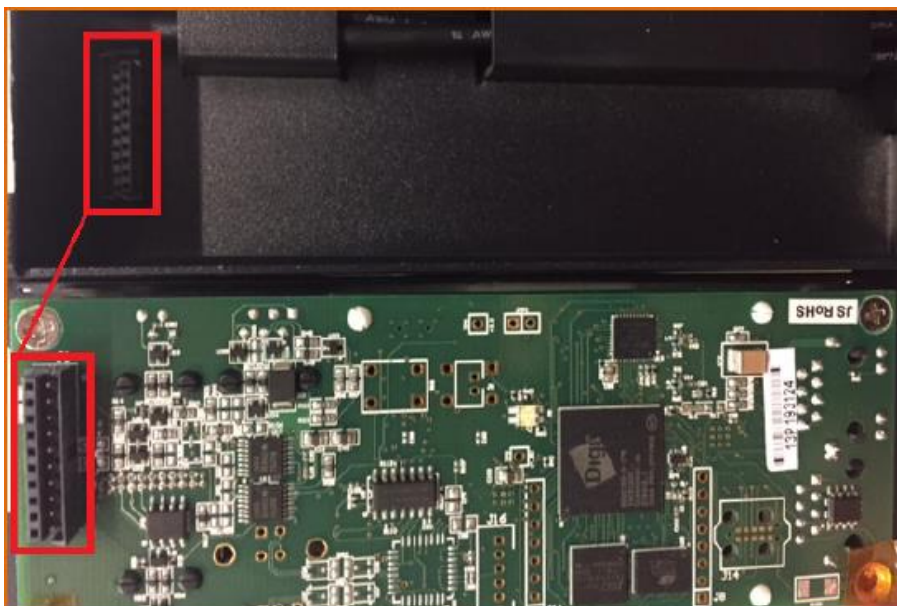
4. Install the Phillips-head retention screws.

Appendix B: Regulatory Compliance

Product Safety

Units have been safety tested and certified to the following standards:

- USA/Canada   UL 60950-1:2007 and CAN/CSA 22.2 No. 60950-1-07
- European Union   EN 60950-1:2006 + A11 +A1 + A12

This product is also designed for Norwegian IT power system with phase-to phase voltage 230V.

Notifications

USA Notification

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at the user's own expense.

Modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment under FCC rules.

Canadian Notification

This Class A digital apparatus complies meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigencies du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

European Union Notification

Products with the CE Marking comply with both the EMC Directive (89/336/EEC) and the Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC) issued by the Commission of the European Community.

Compliance with these directives implies conformity to the following European Norms:

- EN55022   Electromagnetic Interference
- EN55024   Electromagnetic Immunity
- EN60950-1   Product Safety

- EN61000-3   Harmonics and Flicker

Products with the following mark comply with the RoHS Directive (2002/95/EC) issued by the Commission of the European Community.

Japanese Notification

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（ＶＣＣＩ）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

本製品に同梱または付属しております電源コードは、本製品専用です。本製品以外の製品ならびに他の用途に使用しないで下さい。

Chinese Notification

关于符合中国《电子信息产品污染控制管理办法》的声明

产品中有毒有害物质的名称及含量

部件名称	有毒有害物质或元素 (Hazardous Substance)					
(Parts)	铅 (Pb)	汞 (Hg)	镉 (Cd)	六价铬 (Cr (VI))	多溴联苯 (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 (PBDE)
机箱子组件 (Chassis Subassembly)	O	O	O	O	O	O
印刷板组件 (PCAs)	X	O	O	O	O	O

O 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在SJ/T 11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下。

Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in all homogeneous materials of this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.

X 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T 11363-2006 标准 规定的限量要求。

Indicates that this hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials of this part is above the limit requirement in SJ/T 11363-2006.

Product Recycling

Recycling

Server Technology Inc. encourages the recycling of its products. Disposal facilities, environmental conditions and regulations vary across local, state and country jurisdictions, so Server Technology encourages consultation with qualified professional and applicable regulations and authorities within your region to ensure proper disposal.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)

In the European Union, this label indicates that this product should not be disposed of with household waste. It should be deposited at an appropriate facility to enable recovery and recycling.

Appendix C: Product Warranty–Technical Support–RMA

Warranty

For Server Technology warranty information, visit our website: www.servertech.com

Contact Technical Support

Experience Server Technology's FREE Technical Support

Server Technology understands that there are often questions when installing and/or using a new product. Free Technical Support is provided from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. PST, Monday through Friday. After-hours service is provided to ensure your requests are handled quickly no matter what time zone or country you are located in.

Server Technology, Inc.

1040 Sandhill Drive	Tel: 1-800-835-1515	Web: www.servertech.com
Reno, Nevada 89521 USA	Fax: 775-284-2065	Email: support@servertech.com

Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA)

If you have a product that is not functioning properly and needs technical assistance or repair, see the Server Technology **Return Merchandise Authorization** process at: www.servertech.com

Server Technology®