

ThinkSystem SR570 Maintenance Manual



Machine Types: 7Y02 and 7Y03

Note

Before using this information and the product it supports, be sure to read and understand the safety information and the safety instructions, which are available at: http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/safety_documentation/pdf_files.html

In addition, be sure that you are familiar with the terms and conditions of the Lenovo warranty for your server, which can be found at:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/warrantylookup

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Safety

Before installing this product, read the Safety Information.

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações de Segurança.

在安装本产品之前,请仔细阅读 Safety Information (安全信息)。

安裝本產品之前,請先閱讀「安全資訊」。

Prije instalacije ovog produkta obavezno pročitajte Sigurnosne Upute.

Před instalací tohoto produktu si přečtěte příručku bezpečnostních instrukcí.

Læs sikkerhedsforskrifterne, før du installerer dette produkt.

Lees voordat u dit product installeert eerst de veiligheidsvoorschriften.

Ennen kuin asennat tämän tuotteen, lue turvaohjeet kohdasta Safety Information.

Avant d'installer ce produit, lisez les consignes de sécurité.

Vor der Installation dieses Produkts die Sicherheitshinweise lesen.

Πριν εγκαταστήσετε το προϊόν αυτό, διαβάστε τις πληροφορίες ασφάλειας (safety information).

לפני שתתקינו מוצר זה, קראו את הוראות הבטיחות.

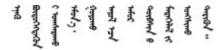
A termék telepítése előtt olvassa el a Biztonsági előírásokat!

Prima di installare questo prodotto, leggere le Informazioni sulla Sicurezza.

製品の設置の前に、安全情報をお読みください。

본 제품을 설치하기 전에 안전 정보를 읽으십시오.

Пред да се инсталира овој продукт, прочитајте информацијата за безбедност.



Les sikkerhetsinformasjonen (Safety Information) før du installerer dette produktet.

Przed zainstalowaniem tego produktu, należy zapoznać się z książką "Informacje dotyczące bezpieczeństwa" (Safety Information).

Antes de instalar este produto, leia as Informações sobre Segurança.

Перед установкой продукта прочтите инструкции по технике безопасности.

Pred inštaláciou tohto zariadenia si pečítaje Bezpečnostné predpisy.

Pred namestitvijo tega proizvoda preberite Varnostne informacije.

Antes de instalar este producto, lea la información de seguridad.

Läs säkerhetsinformationen innan du installerar den här produkten.

Bu ürünü kurmadan önce güvenlik bilgilerini okuyun.

Youq mwngz yungh canjbinj neix gaxgonq, itdingh aeu doeg aen canjbinj soengq cungj vahgangj ancien siusik.

Safety inspection checklist

Use the information in this section to identify potentially unsafe conditions with your server. As each machine was designed and built, required safety items were installed to protect users and service technicians from injury.

Notes:

- 1. The product is not suitable for use at visual display workplaces according to §2 of the Workplace Regulations.
- 2. The set-up of the server is made in the server room only.

CAUTION:

This equipment must be installed or serviced by trained personnel, as defined by the NEC, IEC 62368-1 & IEC 60950-1, the standard for Safety of Electronic Equipment within the Field of Audio/Video, Information Technology and Communication Technology. Lenovo assumes you are qualified in the servicing of equipment and trained in recognizing hazards energy levels in products. Access to the equipment is by the use of a tool, lock and key, or other means of security, and is controlled by the authority responsible for the location.

Important: Electrical grounding of the server is required for operator safety and correct system function. Proper grounding of the electrical outlet can be verified by a certified electrician.

Use the following checklist to verify that there are no potentially unsafe conditions:

- 1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
- 2. Check the power cord.
 - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a meter to measure third-wire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between the external ground pin and the frame ground.
 - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type.

To view the power cords that are available for the server:

a. Go to:

http://dcsc.lenovo.com/#/

- b. In the Customize a Model pane:
 - 1) Click Select Options/Parts for a Model.
 - 2) Enter the machine type and model for your server.
- c. Click the Power tab to see all line cords.
- Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
- 3. Check for any obvious non-Lenovo alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-Lenovo alterations.
- 4. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
- 5. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
- 6. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

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Chapter 1. Introduction

The ThinkSystem™ SR570 server is a 1U rack server designed to be highly flexible to support many kinds of Information Technology (IT) workloads. This high-performance, multi-core server is ideally suited for IT environments that require superior processor performance, input/output (I/O) flexibility, and flexible manageability.

Performance, ease of use, reliability, and expansion capabilities were key considerations in the design of the server. These design features make it possible for you to customize the system hardware to meet your needs today and provide flexible expansion capabilities for the future.

The server comes with a limited warranty. For details about the warranty, see: https://support.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/ht503310

For details about your specific warranty, see: http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/warrantylookup

Identifying your server

When you contact Lenovo for help, the machine type and serial number information helps support technicians to identify your server and provide faster service.

The machine type and serial number are on the ID label on the right rack latch in the front of the server.

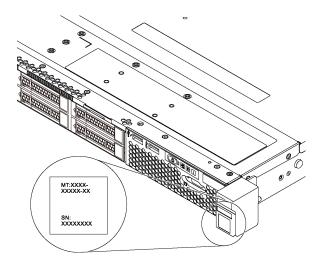


Figure 1. Location of the ID label

XClarity Controller network access label

The XClarity Controller network access label is attached on the top side of the pull-out information tab. After you get the server, peel the XClarity Controller network access label away and store it in a safe place.

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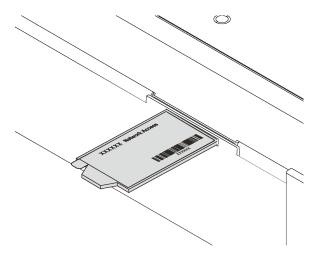


Figure 2. Location of the XClarity Controller network access label

Quick response code

The system service label, which is on the top cover, provides a quick response (QR) code for mobile access to service information. Scan the QR code with a mobile device and a QR code reader application to get quick access to the Lenovo Service Web site for this server. The Lenovo Service Information Web site provides additional information for parts installation and replacement videos, and error codes for server support.

The following illustration shows the QR code: https://support.lenovo.com/p/servers/sr570



Figure 3. QR code

Specifications

The following information is a summary of the features and specifications of the server. Depending on the model, some features might not be available, or some specifications might not apply.

Table 1. Server specifications

Specification	Description				
Dimension	 1U Height: 43.0 mm (1.7 inches) Width: With rack latches: 482.0 mm (19.0 inches) Without rack latches: 434.4 mm (17.1 inches) Depth: 778.3 mm (30.7 inches) Note: The depth is measured with rack latches and power supply installed, bu without security bezel installed.				
Weight	Up to 16.0 kg (35.3 lb)				
Processor (depending on the model)	Up to two Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors Scalable up to 26 cores Designed for Land Grid Array (LGA) 3647 socket Thermal Design Power (TDP): up to 150 watts For a list of supported processors, see: https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml Notes: All processors on the system board must be of the same type, and have the same speed, number of cores, and frequency.				

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification Description						
Memory	For 1st Generation Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (Intel Xeon SP Gen 1):					
	Minimum: 8 GB					
	 Maximum: 512 GB using registered DIMMs (RDIMMs) 1 TB using load-reduced DIMMs (LRDIMMs) 					
	 Type (depending on the model): TruDDR4 2666, single-rank or dual-rank, 8 GB/16 GB/32 GB RDIMMs TruDDR4 2666, quad-rank, 64 GB LRDIMMs 					
	Slots: 16 DIMM slots					
	For 2nd Generation Intel Xeon Scalable Processors (Intel Xeon SP Gen 2):					
	Minimum: 8 GB					
	 Maximum: 1 TB using RDIMMs 2 TB using Intel Optane™ DC Persistent Memory (DCPMMs) and RDIMMs 					
	 Type (depending on the model): TruDDR4 2666, single-rank or dual-rank, 16 GB/32 GB RDIMMs DDR4 2933, single-rank or dual-rank, 8 GB/16 GB/32 GB/64 GB RDIMMs (available by June 2019) 128 GB, 256 GB, or 512 GB DCPMMs 					
	Slots: 16 DIMM slots					
	For a list of supported DIMMs, see: https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml					
	Notes:					
	Operating speed and total memory capacity depends on the processor model and UEFI settings.					
	When four DCPMMs are installed, ensure that the processor TDP is lower than or equal to 125 watts.					
	Supported and certified operating systems:					
	Microsoft Windows Server					
	VMware ESXi					
	Red Hat Enterprise Linux					
Operating systems	SUSE Linux Enterprise Server For a complete list of operating systems, see:					
	https://lenovopress.com/osig					
	For OS deployment instructions, see: "Deploy the operating system" in Setup Guide					

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification	Description					
Internal drives	Up to four 3.5-inch hot-swap SAS/SATA drives					
	Up to four 3.5-inch simple-swap SATA drives					
	Up to eight 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS/SATA drives					
	 Up to ten 2.5-inch hot-swap SAS/SATA/NVMe drives (NVMe drives are supported only in drive bays 6–9) 					
	Up to two M.2 drives					
	Notes:					
	Simple-swap drives are not hot-swappable.					
	NVMe drives means Non-Volatile Memory express drives.					
PCIe slots	Depending on the model, your server supports up to three PCle slots in the rear. For more information, see "Rear view" on page 21.					
Input/Output (I/O) features	Front panel:					
	One VGA connector (available on some models)					
	One XClarity Controller USB 2.0 connector					
	- One USB 3.0 connector					
	Rear panel:					
	- One VGA connector					
	- Two USB 3.0 connectors					
	- Two 1 Gb Ethernet connectors (RJ-45)					
	One XClarity Controller network connector					
	 Two Ethernet connectors on the LOM adapter (available on some models) 					
	One serial port (available on some models)					

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification	Description				
RAID/HBA adapters (depending on the model)	 A RAID 530-8i SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 10, and 50 				
	A RAID 530-16i SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1 and 10				
	A RAID 730-8i 1G Cache SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 10, and 50				
	A RAID 730-8i 2G Flash SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60				
	A RAID 930-8i or 930-16i SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60				
	A RAID 930-8e SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60				
	An HBA 430-8i or 430-16i SAS/SATA adapter that supports JBOD mode but does not support RAID				
	Notes:				
	A software RAID controller is integrated on the system board. The software RAID controller supports JBOD mode and RAID levels 0, 1, 5, and 10.				
	RAID 730-8i 1G Cache SAS/SATA adapter is not available for North America.				
	RAID 530-8i SAS/SATA adapter cannot be mixed with RAID 730-8i 1G Cache SAS/SATA adapter.				
	RAID 730-8i 2G Flash SAS/SATA adapter cannot be mixed with RAID 730-8i 1G Cache SAS/SATA adapter or RAID 930- 8i SAS/SATA adapter.				
	 A RAID super capacitor module must be installed if the RAID 930-8i or 930-16i SAS/SATA adapter, RAID 930-8e SAS/SATA adapter, or RAID 730-8i 2G Flash SAS/SATA adapter is installed. 				
System fans	For server models with four 3.5-inch drive bays or server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays:				
	One processor: four single-rotor hot-swap fans (including one redundant fan)				
	Two processors: six single-rotor hot-swap fans (including one redundant fan)				
	Note: If your server comes with only one processor, four system fans (fan 1 to fan 4) are adequate to provide proper cooling. However, you must keep the locations for fan 5 and fan 6 occupied by a fan filler to ensure proper airflow.				
	For server models with ten 2.5-inch drive bays: six dual-rotor hot-swap fans (including one redundant fan rotor)				

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification	Description					
Power supplies	One or two hot-swap power supplies for redundancy support					
	550-watt ac 80 PLUS Platinum					
	750-watt ac 80 PLUS Platinum					
	750-watt ac 80 PLUS Titanium					
	Notes:					
	For server models with four 3.5-inch simple-swap drive bays and 550-watt power supplies, if you want to install two processors, ensure that the processor Thermal Design Power (TDP) is less than or equal to 125 watts.					
	For server models with eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drive bays and 550-watt power supplies, if you want to install two processors, ensure that the processor TDP is less than or equal to 105 watts.					
Electrical input	Sine-wave input (50–60 Hz) required					
	Input voltage low range:					
	- Minimum: 100 V ac					
	- Maximum: 127 V ac					
	Input voltage high range:					
	- Minimum: 200 V ac					
	- Maximum: 240 V ac					
	Note: For server models with 750-watt ac 80 PLUS Titanium power supplies, 100–127 V ac input voltage is not supported.					
	CAUTION:					
	 240 V dc input (input range: 180-300 V dc) is supported in Chinese Mainland ONLY. Power supply with 240 V dc input cannot support hot plugging power cord function. Before removing the power supply with dc input, please turn off server or disconnect dc power sources at the breaker panel or by turning off the power source. Then, remove the power cord. 					
	In order for the ThinkSystem products to operate error free in both a DC or AC electrical environment, a TN-S earthing system which complies to 60364-1 IEC 2005 standard has to be present or installed.					
Minimal configuration for	One processor in processor socket 1					
debugging	One DIMM in slot 3					
	One power supply					
	Three system fans (fan 1 to fan 3)					

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification	Description					
Acoustical noise emissions	Sound power level, idle					
	- 5.4 bels, minimum					
	- 5.5 bels, typical					
	- 5.6 bels, maximum					
	Sound power level, operating					
	- 5.4 bels, minimum					
	- 5.6 bels, typical					
	- 5.6 bels, maximum					
	Notes:					
	 These sound power levels are measured in controlled acoustical environments according to procedures specified by ISO 7779 and are reported in accordance with ISO 9296. 					
	 The declared acoustic noise levels are based on specified configurations and they may change depending on configurations/conditions. 					
	The declared acoustic noise levels may increase greatly, if high-power components are installed, for example, some high-power NICs, CPUs, and GPUs.					
Environment	The server is supported in the following environment:					
	Note: This server is designed for standard data center environment and recommended to be placed in industrial data center.					
	Air temperature:					
	- Operating:					
	 ASHRAE class A2: 10–35°C (50–95°F); when the altitude exceeds 900 m (2953 ft), the maximum ambient temperature value decreases by 1°C (1.8°F) with every 300 m (984 ft) of altitude increase. 					
	 ASHRAE class A3 (for some models): 5–40°C (41–104°F); when the altitude exceeds 900 m (2953 ft), the maximum ambient temperature value decreases by 1°C (1.8°F) with every 175 m (574 ft) of altitude increase. 					
	 ASHRAE class A4 (for some models): 5–45°C (41–113°F); when the altitude exceeds 900 m (2953 ft), the maximum ambient temperature value decreases by 1°C (1.8°F) with every 125 m (410 ft) of altitude increase. 					
	Server off: 5–45°C (41–113°F)					
	Shipping or storage: -40–60°C (-40–140°F)					
	Maximum altitude: 3050 m (10 000 ft)					
	Relative humidity (non-condensing):					
	- Operating:					
	ASHRAE class A2: 8%–80%; maximum dew point: 21°C (70°F)					
	 ASHRAE class A3: 8%–85%; maximum dew point: 24°C (75°F) 					
	 ASHRAE class A4: 8%–90%; maximum dew point: 24°C (75°F) 					
	- Shipping or storage: 8%-90%					
	Particulate contamination					
	Attention: Airborne particulates and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature					

Table 1. Server specifications (continued)

Specification	Description				
	might pose a risk to the server. For information about the limits for particulates and gases, see "Particulate contamination" on page 9.				
	Notes:				
	• Your server complies with ASHRAE class A2 specifications. If your server comes with Intel Xeon 6240C processor, the operating temperature is equal to or less than 30 °C (86°F). The server performance might be impacted if one system fan fails. For server models with four 3.5-inch drive bays and server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays, within the ASHRAE class A2 specifications, Intel Xeon 8164 processor is not supported if one system fan fails. For server models with four 3.5-inch drive bays and server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays, within the operating temperature of 27 °C (81°F), Intel Xeon 6252N processor is not supported with full performance if one system fan fails.				
	 Depending on the hardware configuration, some server models comply with ASHRAE class A3 and class A4 specifications if no system fan fails. To comply with ASHRAE class A3 and class A4 specifications, the server models must meet the following hardware configuration requirements at the same time: 				
	- Two power supplies are installed.				
	 NVMe drive is not installed. 				
	 NVMe PCIe flash adapter is not installed. 				
	 DCPMM memory is not installed. 				
	- The following processors are not installed: Intel Xeon 6140, 6140M, or 6152.				
	For a list of supported processors, see: https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml				

Important information about EU ecodesign requirements

To meet the EU ecodesign requirements for energy-related products (ErP) Lot 9, your server must meet the following requirements:

- Minimum memory: 16 GB
- If your server is configured with one processor, these processors are not supported: Intel Xeon 3104, 3106, and 3204.

Particulate contamination

Attention: Airborne particulates (including metal flakes or particles) and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the device that is described in this document.

Risks that are posed by the presence of excessive particulate levels or concentrations of harmful gases include damage that might cause the device to malfunction or cease functioning altogether. This specification sets forth limits for particulates and gases that are intended to avoid such damage. The limits must not be viewed or used as definitive limits, because numerous other factors, such as temperature or moisture content of the air, can influence the impact of particulates or environmental corrosives and gaseous contaminant transfer. In the absence of specific limits that are set forth in this document, you must implement practices that maintain particulate and gas levels that are consistent with the protection of human health and safety. If Lenovo determines that the levels of particulates or gases in your environment have caused damage to the device, Lenovo may condition provision of repair or replacement of devices or parts on implementation of appropriate remedial measures to mitigate such environmental contamination. Implementation of such remedial measures is a customer responsibility.

Table 2. Limits for particulates and gases

Contaminant	Limits
Gaseous	Severity level G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985¹, which states that the reactivity rate of copper coupons shall be less than 300 Angstroms per month (Å/month, \approx 0.0039 µg/cm²-hour weight gain).² In addition, the reactivity rate of silver coupons shall be less than 200Å/month (\approx 0.0035 µg/cm²-hour weight gain).³ The reactive monitoring of gaseous corrosivity must be conducted approximately 5 cm (2 in.) in front of the rack on the air inlet side at one-quarter and three-quarter frame height off the floor or where the air velocity is much higher.
Particulate	Data centers must meet the cleanliness level of ISO 14644-1 class 8. For data centers without airside economizer, the ISO 14644-1 class 8 cleanliness might be met by choosing one of the following filtration methods:
	The room air might be continuously filtered with MERV 8 filters.
	Air entering a data center might be filtered with MERV 11 or preferably MERV 13 filters.
	For data centers with airside economizers, the choice of filters to achieve ISO class 8 cleanliness depends on the specific conditions present at that data center.
	The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination should be more than 60% RH.4
	Data centers must be free of zinc whiskers. ⁵

¹ ANSI/ISA-71.04-1985. Environmental conditions for process measurement and control systems: Airborne contaminants. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, U.S.A.

Firmware updates

Several options are available to update the firmware for the server.

You can use the tools listed here to update the most current firmware for your server and the devices that are installed in the server.

Note: Lenovo typically releases firmware in bundles called UpdateXpress System Packs (UXSPs). To ensure that all of the firmware updates are compatible, you should update all firmware at the same time. If you are updating firmware for both the Lenovo XClarity Controller and UEFI, update the firmware for Lenovo XClarity Controller first.

Best practices related to updating firmware is available at the following location:

http://lenovopress.com/LP0656

Important terminology

• In-band update. The installation or update is performed using a tool or application within an operating system that is executing on the server's core CPU.

² The derivation of the equivalence between the rate of copper corrosion growth in the thickness of the corrosion product in Å/month and the rate of weight gain assumes that Cu₂S and Cu₂O grow in equal proportions.

³ The derivation of the equivalence between the rate of silver corrosion growth in the thickness of the corrosion product in Å/month and the rate of weight gain assumes that Ag2S is the only corrosion product.

⁴ The deliquescent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative humidity at which the dust absorbs enough water to become wet and promote ionic conduction.

⁵ Surface debris is randomly collected from 10 areas of the data center on a 1.5 cm diameter disk of sticky electrically conductive tape on a metal stub. If examination of the sticky tape in a scanning electron microscope reveals no zinc whiskers, the data center is considered free of zinc whiskers.

- Out-of-band update. The installation or update is performed by the Lenovo XClarity Controller collecting the update and then directing the update to the target subsystem or device. Out-of-band updates have no dependency on an operating system executing on the core CPU. However, most out-of-band operations do require the server to be in the S0 (Working) power state.
- **On-Target update.** The installation or update is initiated from an Operating System executing on the server's operating system.
- Off-Target update. The installation or update is initiated from a computing device interacting directly with the server's Lenovo XClarity Controller.
- **UpdateXpress System Packs (UXSPs)**. UXSPs are bundled updates designed and tested to provide the interdependent level of functionality, performance, and compatibility. UXSPs are server machine-type specific and are built (with firmware and device driver updates) to support specific Windows Server, Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL) and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server (SLES) operating system distributions. Machine-type-specific firmware-only UXSPs are also available.

See the following table to determine the best Lenovo tool to use for installing and setting up the firmware:

Note: The server UEFI settings for option ROM must be set to **Auto** or **UEFI** to update firmware using Lenovo XClarity Administrator or Lenovo XClarity Essentials. For more information, see the following Tech Tip:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/ht506118

Tool	In- band update	Out- of- band up- date	On- target update	Off- target update	Graphi- cal user inter- face	Com- mand- line interface	Sup- ports UXSPs
Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager Limited to core system firmware only.	$\sqrt{2}$			√	√		√
Lenovo XClarity Controller Supports core system firmware and most advanced I/O option firmware updates		√		√	√	√	
Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates	√	√				√	√
Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates	√	√			√		√
Lenovo XClarity Essentials Bootable Media Creator Supports core system firmware and I/O firmware updates. You can update the Microsoft Windows operating system, but device drivers are not included on the bootable image	√				√	√	√
Lenovo XClarity Administrator Supports core system firmware and I/O firmware updates	√1	$\sqrt{2}$		√	√		

Tool		In- band update	Out- of- band up- date	On- target update	Off- target update	Graphi- cal user inter- face	Com- mand- line interface	Sup- ports UXSPs
Lenovo XClarity Integrator offerings	Lenovo XClarity Integrator for VMware vCenter Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates		√		✓	√		
	Lenovo XClarity Integrator for Microsoft Windows Admin Center Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates	√	√	√	✓	√		
	Lenovo XClarity Integrator for Microsoft System Center Configuration Manager Supports all core system firmware, I/O firmware, and installed operating system driver updates	√		√		√		√

Notes:

- 1. For I/O firmware updates.
- 2. For BMC and UEFI firmware updates.

The latest firmware can be found at the following site:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/products/servers/thinksystem/sr570/7y02/downloads

• Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager, you can update the Lenovo XClarity Controller firmware, the UEFI firmware, and the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager software.

Note: By default, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager Graphical User Interface is displayed when you press F1. If you have changed that default to be the text-based system setup, you can bring up the Graphical User Interface from the text-based system setup interface.

Additional information about using Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update firmware is available at:

• Lenovo XClarity Controller

If you need to install a specific update, you can use the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface for a specific server.

Notes:

- To perform an in-band update through Windows or Linux, the operating system driver must be installed and the Ethernet-over-USB (sometimes called LAN over USB) interface must be enabled.

Additional information about configuring Ethernet over USB is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia_c_ configuringUSB.html

- If you update firmware through the Lenovo XClarity Controller, make sure that you have downloaded and installed the latest device drivers for the operating system that is running on the server.

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Controller are available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia_c_ manageserverfirmware.html

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is a collection of command line applications that can be used to manage Lenovo servers. Its update application can be used to update firmware and device drivers for your servers. The update can be performed within the host operating system of the server (in-band) or remotely through the BMC of the server (out-of-band).

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI is available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr_cli_lenovo/onecli_c_update.html

Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress

Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress provides most of OneCLI update functions through a graphical user interface (GUI). It can be used to acquire and deploy UpdateXpress System Pack (UXSP) update packages and individual updates. UpdateXpress System Packs contain firmware and device driver updates for Microsoft Windows and for Linux.

You can obtain Lenovo XClarity Essentials UpdateXpress from the following location:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/solutions/Invo-xpress

Lenovo XClarity Essentials Bootable Media Creator

You can use Lenovo XClarity Essentials Bootable Media Creator to create bootable media that is suitable for applying firmware updates, running preboot diagnostics, and deploying Microsoft Windows operating systems.

You can obtain Lenovo XClarity Essentials BoMC from the following location:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/solutions/Invo-bomc

Lenovo XClarity Administrator

If you are managing multiple servers using the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, you can update firmware for all managed servers through that interface. Firmware management is simplified by assigning firmwarecompliance policies to managed endpoints. When you create and assign a compliance policy to managed endpoints, Lenovo XClarity Administrator monitors changes to the inventory for those endpoints and flags any endpoints that are out of compliance.

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Administrator are available at:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/update_fw.html

Lenovo XClarity Integrator offerings

Lenovo XClarity Integrator offerings can integrate management features of Lenovo XClarity Administrator and your server with software used in a certain deployment infrastructure, such as VMware vCenter. Microsoft Admin Center, or Microsoft System Center.

Specific details about updating firmware using Lenovo XClarity Integrator offerings are available at:

https://sysmqt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/lxci/lxci product page.html

Tech Tips

Lenovo continually updates the support Web site with the latest tips and techniques that you can use to solve issues that you might have with your server. These Tech Tips (also called retain tips or service bulletins) provide procedures to work around issues related to the operation of your server.

To find the Tech Tips available for your server:

- 1. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your server.
- 2. Click **Documentation** from the navigation pane.

Follow the on-screen instructions to choose the category for the problem that you are having.

Security advisories

Lenovo is committed to developing products and services that adhere to the highest security standards in order to protect our customers and their data. When potential vulnerabilities are reported, it is the responsibility of the Lenovo Product Security Incident Response Team (PSIRT) to investigate and provide information to our customers so they may put mitigation plans in place as we work toward providing solutions.

The list of current advisories is available at the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/product_security/home

Power on the server

After the server performs a short self-test (power status LED flashes quickly) when connected to input power, it enters a standby state (power status LED flashes once per second).

The server can be turned on (power LED on) in any of the following ways:

- You can press the power button.
- The server can restart automatically after a power interruption.
- The server can respond to remote power-on requests sent to the Lenovo XClarity Controller.

For information about powering off the server, see "Power off the server" on page 14.

Power off the server

The server remains in a standby state when it is connected to a power source, allowing the Lenovo XClarity Controller to respond to remote power-on requests. To remove all power from the server (power status LED off), you must disconnect all power cables.

To place the server in a standby state (power status LED flashes once per second):

Note: The Lenovo XClarity Controller can place the server in a standby state as an automatic response to a critical system failure.

- Start an orderly shutdown using the operating system (if supported by your operating system).
- Press the power button to start an orderly shutdown (if supported by your operating system).
- Press and hold the power button for more than 4 seconds to force a shutdown.

When in a standby state, the server can respond to remote power-on requests sent to the Lenovo XClarity Controller. For information about powering on the server, see "Power on the server" on page 14.

Chapter 2. Server components

Use the information in this section to learn about each of the components associated with your server.

Front view

The front view of the server varies by model. Depending on the model, your server might look slightly different from the illustrations in this topic.

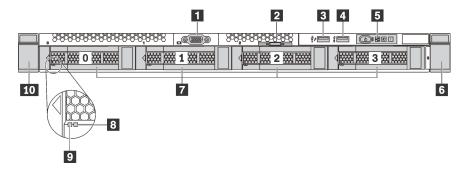


Figure 4. Front view of server models with four 3.5-inch drive bays

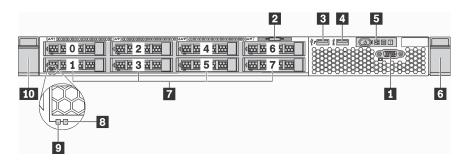


Figure 5. Front view of server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays

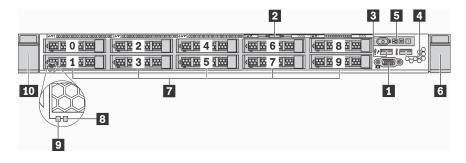


Figure 6. Front view of server models with ten 2.5-inch drive bays

Table 3. Components on the front of the server

■ VGA connector (available on some models)	2 Pull-out information tab	
■ XClarity Controller USB 2.0 connector	■ USB 3.0 connector	
5 Operator information panel	■ Rack latch (right)	

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Table 3. Components on the front of the server (continued)

□ Drive bays	■ Drive status LED (yellow)	
Drive activity LED (green)	10 Rack latch (left)	

VGA connector (available on some models)

Used to attach a high-performance monitor, a direct-drive monitor, or other devices that use a VGA connector.

Pull-out information tab

The XClarity Controller network access label is attached on the pull-out information tab.

■ XClarity Controller USB 2.0 connector

Depending on the setting, this connector supports USB 2.0 function, XClarity Controller management function, or both.

- If the connector is set for USB 2.0 function, you can attach a device that requires a USB 2.0 connection, such as a keyboard, a mouse, or a USB storage device.
- If the connector is set for XClarity Controller management function, you can attach a mobile device installed with the application to run XClarity Controller event logs.
- If the connector is set to have both functions, you can press the ID button for three seconds to switch between the two functions.

USB 3.0 connector

Attach a USB-compatible device, such as a USB keyboard, USB mouse, or USB storage device.

Operator information panel

For information about the controls and status LEDs on the operator information panel, see "Operator information panel" on page 19.

6 10 Rack latches

If your server is installed in a rack, you can use the rack latches to help you slide the server out of the rack. You also can use the rack latches and screws to secure the server in the rack so that the server cannot slide out, especially in vibration-prone areas. For more information, refer to the Rack Installation Guide that comes with your rail kit.

7 Drive bays

The number of the installed drives in your server varies by model. When you install drives, follow the order of the drive bay numbers.

The EMI integrity and cooling of the server are protected by having all drive bays occupied. The vacant drive bays must be occupied by drive fillers.

Drive status LED

Drive activity LED

Each hot-swap drive has two LEDs.

Drive LED	Status	Description
Drive status LED (right)	Solid yellow	The drive has an error.
	Blinking yellow (blinking slowly, about one flash per second)	The drive is being rebuilt.
	Blinking yellow (blinking rapidly, about four flashes per second)	The RAID adapter is locating the drive.
Drive activity LED (left)	Solid green	The drive is powered but not active.
	Blinking green	The drive is active.

Operator information panel

The operator information panel of the server provides controls and LEDs.

The following illustration shows the operator information panel of the server.

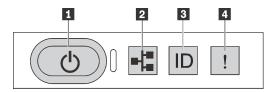


Figure 7. Operator information panel

Table 4. Components on the operator information panel

■ Power button with power status LED	Network activity LED	
System ID button with system ID LED	4 System error LED	

Power button with power status LED

You can press the power button to power on the server when you finish setting up the server. You also can hold the power button for several seconds to power off the server if you cannot shut down the server from the operating system. The power status LED helps you to determine the current power status.

Status	Color	Description	
Solid on	Green	The server is on and running.	
Slow blinking (about one flash per second)	Green	The server is off and is ready to be powered on (standby state).	
Fast blinking (about four flashes per second)	Green	The server is off, but the XClarity Controller is initializing, and the server is not ready to be powered on.	
Off	None	There is no ac power applied to the server.	

▶ Network activity LED

Compatibility of the NIC adapter and the network activity LED.

NIC adapter	Network activity LED	
LOM adapter	Support	
ML2 NIC adapter	Support	
PCIE NIC adapter	Not support	

The network activity LED on the operator information panel helps you identify the network connectivity and activity.

Status	Color	Description	
On	Green	The server is connected to a network.	
Blinking	Green	The network is connected and active.	
Off	None	The server is disconnected from the network.	

System ID button with system ID LED

Use this system ID button and the blue system ID LED to visually locate the server. A system ID LED is also located on the rear of the server. Each time you press the system ID button, the state of both the system ID LEDs changes. The LEDs can be changed to on, blinking, or off. You can also use the Lenovo XClarity Controller or a remote management program to change the state of the system ID LEDs to assist in visually locating the server among other servers.

If the XClarity Controller USB connector is set to have both the USB 2.0 function and XClarity Controller management function, you can press the system ID button for three seconds to switch between the two functions.

System error LED

The system error LED helps you to determine if there are any system errors.

Status	Color	Description	Action
On	Yellow	An error has been detected on the server. Causes might include but not limited to the following errors:	Check the event log to determine the exact cause of the error. For information about troubleshooting, see
		The temperature of the server reached the non-critical temperature threshold.	"Troubleshooting by symptom" on page 156.
		The voltage of the server reached the non-critical voltage threshold.	
		A fan has been detected to be running at low speed.	
		A hot-swap fan has been removed.	
		The power supply has a critical error.	
The power supply is not connected to the power.			
Off	None	The server is off or the server is on and is working correctly.	None.

Rear view

The rear of the server provides access to several connectors and components, including the power supplies, PCIe adapters, serial port, and Ethernet connectors.

- "Rear view of server models with three PCIe slots" on page 21
- "Rear view of server models with two PCIe slots" on page 23

Rear view of server models with three PCIe slots

The following illustration shows the rear view of server models with three PCIe slots. Depending on the model, your server might look slightly different from the illustration in this topic.

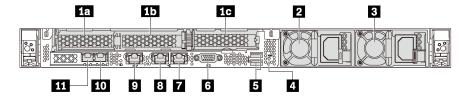


Figure 8. Rear view of server models with three PCIe slots

Table 5. Components on the rear of the server

	T
1a PCle slot 1 on riser 1 assembly	1b PCle slot 2 on riser 1 assembly
1c PCle slot 3 on riser 2 assembly	2 Power supply 1
■ Power supply 2 (available on some models)	4 NMI button
■ USB 3.0 connectors (2)	VGA connector
■ 1 Gb Ethernet connector 2 (RJ-45)	■ 1 Gb Ethernet connector 1 (RJ-45)
XClarity Controller network connector	10 Ethernet connector 2 on the LOM adapter (available on some models)
Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter (available on some models)	

11 1b PCle slots on riser 1 assembly

Your server supports two types of riser cards for riser 1 assembly.

- Type 1
 - Slot 1: PCle x16 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile
 - Slot 2: PCle x16 (x16, x8, x4, x1), low-profile
- Type 2
 - Slot 1: PCle x16 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile
 - Slot 2: ML2 x8 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile

1c PCle slot on riser 2 assembly

Your server supports two types of riser cards for riser 2 assembly.

• Type 1: PCle x16 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile

• Type 2: PCle x16 (x16, x8, x4, x1), low-profile

Note: Type 2 is supported only when two processors are installed.

Power supply 1

Power supply 2 (available on some models)

The hot-swap redundant power supplies help you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system when a power supply fails. You can purchase a power supply option from Lenovo and install the power supply to provide power redundancy without turning off the server.

On each power supply, there are three status LEDs near the power cord connector. For information about the LEDs, see "Rear view LEDs" on page 25.

4 NMI button

Press this button to force a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) to the processor. By this way, you can blue screen the server and take a memory dump. You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button.

USB 3.0 connectors (2)

Attach a USB-compatible device, such as a USB keyboard, USB mouse, or USB storage device.

VGA connector

Used to attach a high-performance monitor, a direct-drive monitor, or other devices that use a VGA connector.

1 Gb Ethernet connector 2

1 Gb Ethernet connector 1

Used to attach an Ethernet cable for a LAN. Each Ethernet connector has two status LEDs to help you identify the Ethernet connectivity and activity. For information about the LEDs, see "Rear view LEDs" on page 25.

Ethernet connector 1 can be set as XClarity Controller network connector. To set Ethernet connector 1 as XClarity Controller network connector, start Setup utility, go to BMC Settings → Network Settings → Network Interface Port and select Shared. Then, go to Shared NIC on and select Onboard Port 1.

Used to attach an Ethernet cable to manage the system using XClarity Controller.

10 Ethernet connector 2 on the LOM adapter

III Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter

The LOM adapter provides two extra Ethernet connectors for network connections.

Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter can be set as XClarity Controller network connector. To set the Ethernet connector 1 as XClarity Controller network connector, start Setup utility, go to BMC Settings → Network Settings → Network Interface Port and select Shared. Then, go to Shared NIC on and select PHY Card.

Rear view of server models with two PCIe slots

The following illustration shows the rear view of the server models with two PCIe slots. Depending on the model, your server might look slightly different from the illustration in this topic.

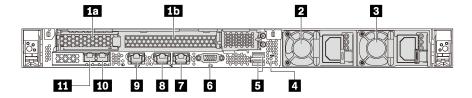


Figure 9. Rear view of server models with two PCIe slots

Table 6. Connectors on the rear of the server

13 PCIe slot 1 on riser 1 assembly	1b PCle slot 2 on riser 1 assembly	
2 Power supply 1	Power supply 2 (available on some models)	
4 NMI button	USB 3.0 connectors (2)	
6 VGA connector	1 Gb Ethernet connector 2 (RJ-45)	
1 Gb Ethernet connector 1 (RJ-45)	XClarity Controller network connector	
10 Ethernet connector 2 on the LOM adapter (available on some models)	Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter (available on some models)	

1a 1b PCle slots on riser 1 assembly

Your server supports two types of riser cards for riser 1 assembly.

- Type 1
 - Slot 1: PCle x16 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile
 - Slot 2: PCle x16 (x16, x8, x4, x1), full-height, half-length
- Type 2
 - Slot 1: PCle x16 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile
 - Slot 2: ML2 x8 (x8, x4, x1), low-profile adapter with full-height bracket

2 Power supply 1

Power supply 2 (available on some models)

The hot-swap redundant power supplies help you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system when a power supply fails. You can purchase a power supply option from Lenovo and install the power supply to provide power redundancy without turning off the server.

On each power supply, there are three status LEDs near the power cord connector. For information about the LEDs, see "Rear view LEDs" on page 25.

MI button

Press this button to force a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) to the processor. By this way, you can blue screen the server and take a memory dump. You might have to use a pen or the end of a straightened paper clip to press the button.

USB 3.0 connectors (2)

Attach a USB-compatible device, such as a USB keyboard, USB mouse, or USB storage device.

VGA connector

Used to attach a high-performance monitor, a direct-drive monitor, or other devices that use a VGA connector.

1 Gb Ethernet connector 2

1 Gb Ethernet connector 1

Used to attach an Ethernet cable for a LAN. Each Ethernet connector has two status LEDs to help you identify the Ethernet connectivity and activity. For information about the LEDs, see "Rear view LEDs" on page 25.

Ethernet connector 1 can be set as XClarity Controller Network connector. To set Ethernet connector 1 as XClarity Controller Network connector, start Setup utility, go to BMC Settings → Network Settings → Network Interface Port and select Shared. Then, go to Shared NIC on and select Onboard Port 1.

XClarity Controller network connector

Used to attach an Ethernet cable to manage the system using XClarity Controller.

10 Ethernet connector 2 on the LOM adapter

III Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter

The LOM adapter provides two extra Ethernet connectors for network connections.

Ethernet connector 1 on the LOM adapter can be set as XClarity Controller Network connector. To set the Ethernet connector 1 as XClarity Controller Network connector, start Setup utility, go to BMC Settings → Network Settings → Network Interface Port and select Shared. Then, go to Shared NIC on and select PHY Card.

Rear view LEDs

The rear of the server provides system ID LED, system error LED, network LEDs, and power supply LEDs.

The following illustration shows the LEDs on the rear view of server models with three PCle slots. The LEDs on the rear view of server models with two PCle slots are the same.

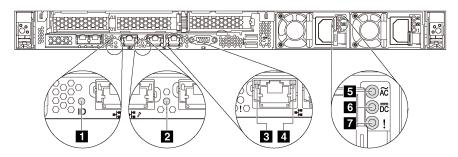


Figure 10. Rear view LEDs

Table 7. LEDs on the rear view of the server

■ System ID LED	System error LED	
3 Ethernet link LED	4 Ethernet activity LED	
5 Power input LED	6 Power output LED	
■ Power supply error LED		

System ID LED

The blue system ID LED helps you to visually locate the server. A system ID LED is also located on the front of the server. Each time you press the system ID button, the state of both the system ID LEDs changes. The LEDs can be changed to on, blinking, or off. You can also use the Lenovo XClarity Controller or a remote management program to change the state of the system ID LEDs to assist in visually locating the server among other servers.

2 System error LED

The system error LED helps you to determine if there are any system errors. For details, see "System error LED" on page 20.

Ethernet link LED

Ethernet activity LED

Each Ethernet connector has two status LEDs.

Ethernet status LED	Color	Status	Description
3 Ethernet link LED	Green	On	Network link is established.
	None	Off	Network link is disconnected.
4 Ethernet activity LED	Green	Blinking	Network link is connected and active.
Linomot dotivity LLD	None	Off	The server is disconnected from a LAN.

5 6 7 Power supply LEDs

Each hot-swap power supply has three status LEDs.

LED	Description
5 Power input LED	 Green: The power supply is connected to the ac power source. Off: The power supply is disconnected from the ac power source or a power problem occurs.
6 Power output LED	 Green: The server is on and the power supply is working normally. Blinking green: The power supply is in the zero-output mode (standby). When the server power load is low, one of the installed power supplies enters into the standby state while the other one delivers the entire load. When the power load increases, the standby power supply will switch to active state to provide sufficient power to the system. To disable zero-output mode, start the Setup utility, go to System Settings → Power → Zero Output and select Disable. If you disable the zero-out mode, both power supplies will be in the active state. Off: The server is powered off, or the power supply is not working properly. If the server is powered on but the LED is off, replace the power supply.
Power supply error LED	 Yellow: The power supply has failed. To resolve the issue, replace the power supply. Off: The power supply is working normally.

System board components

The illustration in this section shows the component locations on the system board.

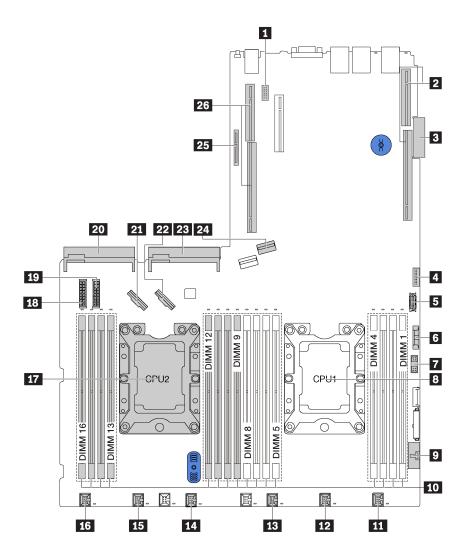


Figure 11. System board components

1 Serial-port-module connector	2 Riser 1 slot
3 LOM adapter connector	4 TCM¹/TPM² connector (for Chinese Mainland only)
5 Front USB connector	6 CMOS battery
7 Front VGA connector	Processor 1 socket
Operator-information-panel connector	10 DIMM slots (16)
System fan 1 connector	12 System fan 2 connector
System fan 3 connector	14 System fan 4 connector
15 System fan 5 connector	16 System fan 6 connector
17 Processor 2 socket	18 Backplane power connector 1

19 Backplane power connector 2	20 Power supply 2 connector
21 NVMe 2-3 connector	22 NVMe 0-1 connector
23 Power supply 1 connector	24 SATA 0-3 connector
25 M.2 module slot	26 Riser 2 slot

Notes:

- ¹ Trusted Cryptography Module
- ² Trusted Platform Module

System board LEDs

The illustration in this section shows the LEDs on the system board.

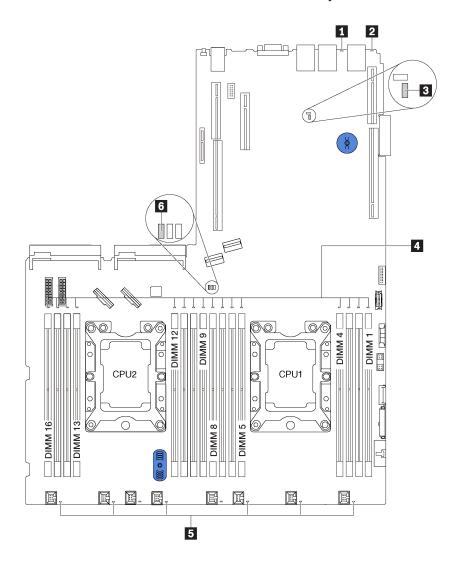


Figure 12. System board LEDs

System error LED	2 System ID LED		
XClarity Controller heartbeat LED	4 DIMM error LEDs		
System fan error LEDs	6 System power LED		

System board jumpers

The following illustration shows the jumpers on the system board of your server.

Note: If there is a clear protective sticker on the top of the switch blocks, you must remove and discard it to access the switches.

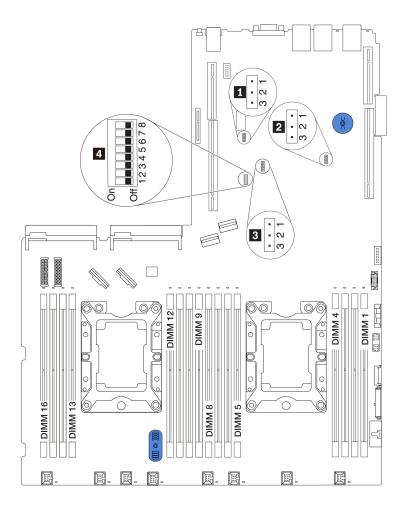


Figure 13. System board jumpers

Table 8. Jumper description

Jumper/Switch name	Jumper/Switch number	Jumper/Switch setting
■ TPM/TCM physical presence jumper	JP6	 Pins 1 and 2: The jumper is in default setting. Pins 2 and 3: TPM/TCM physical presence is asserted.
2 Clear CMOS jumper	JP3	 Pins 1 and 2: The jumper is in default setting. Pins 2 and 3: Clear the real-time clock (RTC) registry.
■ ME firmware security override	JP8	 Pins 1 and 2: The jumper is in default setting. Pins 2 and 3: Enable Flash security override. Note: For debug only.
4 SW6 switch block	SW6 (including switches 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8)	 All the switches are in the Off position by default. Switches 1, 6, and 8: Reserved. Switch 2: Override power-on password switch. Changing position of this switch overrides the power-on password. Changing position of this switch does not affect the administrator password.
4 Power permission	SW6 (switch 7)	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position enables Power On.
4 Force XCC reset	SW6 (switch 4)	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position resets the Lenovo XClarity Controller.
4 Boot backup UEFI	SW6 (switch 5)	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position forces the tower server to boot from the backup UEFI image.
4 Force XCC update	SW6 (switch 3)	The default position is Off. Changing this switch to the On position force the Lenovo XClarity Controller to update to the latest version.

Important:

- Before you move any jumpers, power off the server; then, disconnect all power cords and external cables. Do not open your server or attempt any repair before reading and understanding the following information:
 - http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/safety_documentation/pdf_files.html
 - "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 52

•	Any system-board switch or jumper block that is not shown in the illustrations in this document are reserved.

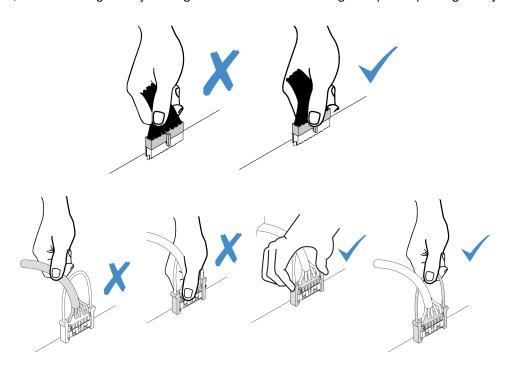
Internal cable routing

Some of the components in the server have internal cables and cable connectors.

To connect cables, observe the following guidelines:

- Power off the server before you connect or disconnect any internal cables.
- See the documentation that comes with any external devices for additional cabling instructions. It might be easier for you to route cables before you connect the devices to the server.
- Cable identifiers of some cables are printed on the cables that come with the server and optional devices. Use these identifiers to connect the cables to the correct connectors.
- Ensure that the relevant cables pass through the cable clips.

Note: Disengage all latches, release tabs, or locks on cable connectors when you disconnect cables from the system board. Failing to release them before removing the cables will damage the cable sockets on the system board, which are fragile. Any damage to the cable sockets might require replacing the system board.



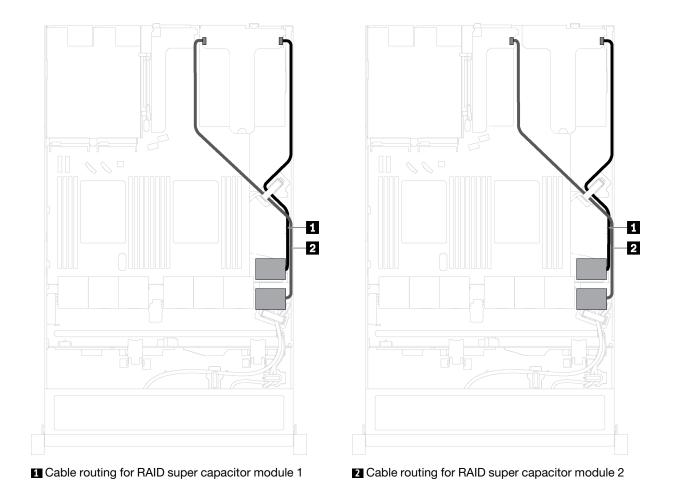
RAID super capacitor module

Use this section to understand the cable routing for RAID super capacitor modules.

Your server supports up to two RAID super capacitor modules.

Scenario 1: The second RAID adapter in PCIe slot 2

Scenario 2: The second RAID adapter in PCle slot 3



An extension cable is provided for each RAID super capacitor module for connection.

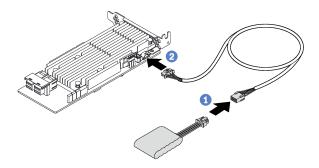


Figure 14. Connecting the RAID super capacitor module to the RAID adapter

Backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this section to understand the connectors on the backplane and internal cable routing for server models with four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives.

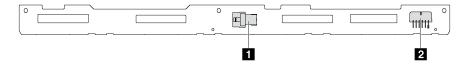


Figure 15. Connectors on the backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

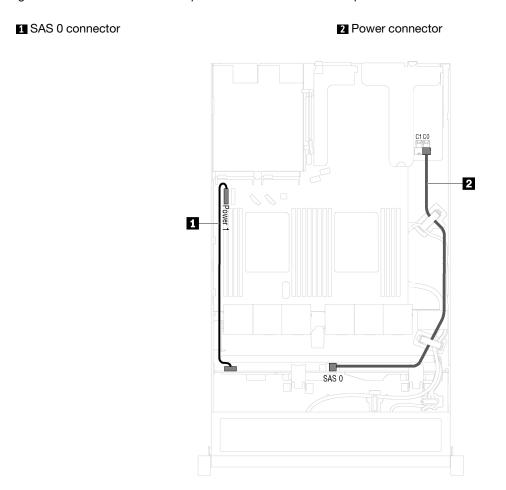


Figure 16. Cable routing for server models with four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

Cable	From	То
1 Power cable	Power connector on the backplane	Backplane power connector 1 on the system board
2 SAS signal cable	SAS 0 connector on the backplane	C0 connector on the RAID adapter

Backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this section to understand the connectors on the backplane and internal cable routing for server models with eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.

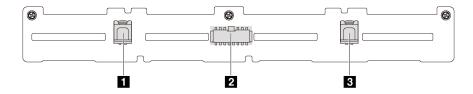


Figure 17. Connectors on the backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

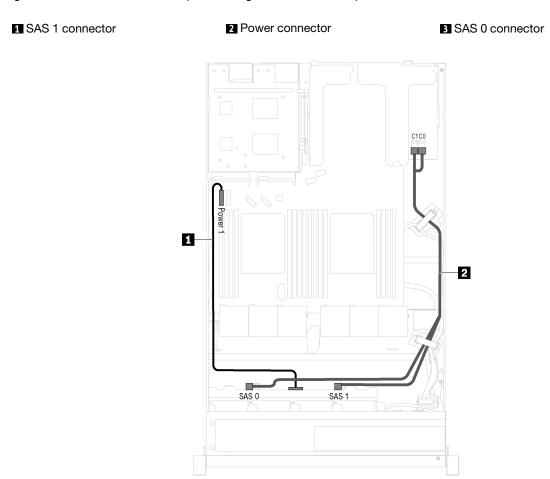


Figure 18. Cable routing for server models with eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Cable	From	То	
■ Power cable	Power connector on the backplane	Backplane power connector 1 on the system board	
SAS signal cable	SAS 0 and SAS 1 connectors on the backplane	C0 and C1 connectors on the RAID adapter	

Backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this section to understand the connectors on the backplane and the internal cable routing for server models with ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.

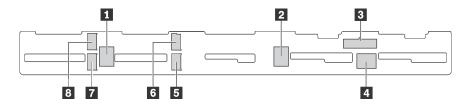


Figure 19. Connectors on the backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

1 SAS 2 connector	2 SAS 1 connector	3 Power connector	4 SAS 0 connector
5 NVMe 1 connector	6 NVMe 0 connector	7 NVMe 3 connector	8 NVMe 2 connector

Server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/NVMe drives, and one 16i RAID adapter

Note: NVMe drives are only supported in drive bays 6-9.

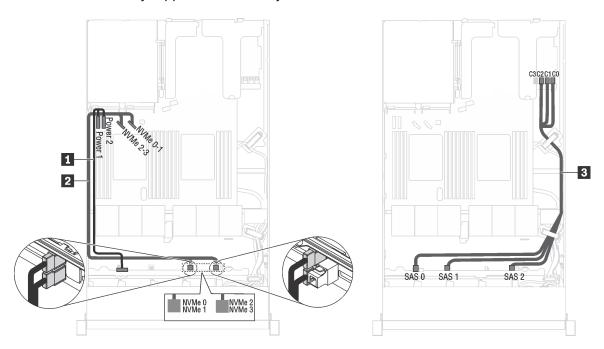


Figure 20. Cable routing for server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/NVMe drives, and one 16i RAID adapter

Cable	From	То
■ Power cable	Power connector on the backplane	Backplane power connector 1 and backplane power connector 2 on the system board
2 NVMe signal cable	NVMe 0, NVMe 1, NVMe 2, and NVMe 3 connectors on the backplane	NVMe 0-1 connector and NVMe 2-3 connector on the system board
■ SAS signal cable	SAS 0, SAS 1, and SAS 2 connectors on the backplane	C0, C1, and C2 connectors on the RAID adapter

Server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch NVMe drives, and one 8i RAID adapter Note: NVMe drives are only supported in drive bays 6–9.

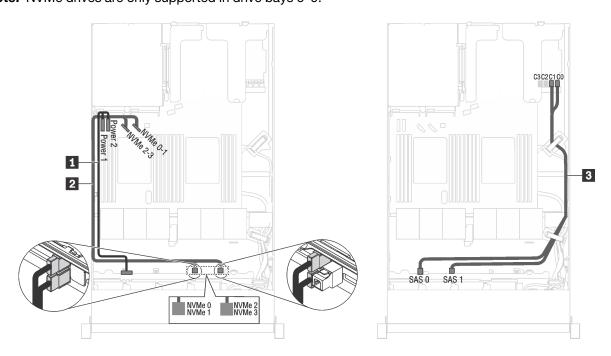


Figure 21. Cable routing for server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch NVMe drives, and one 8i RAID adapter

Cable	From	То
■ Power cable	wer cable Power connector on the backplane Backpl backpl system	
NVMe signal cable	NVMe 0, NVMe 1, NVMe 2, and NVMe 3 connectors on the backplane	NVMe 0-1 connector and NVMe 2-3 connector on the system board
SAS signal cable	SAS 0 and SAS 1 connectors on the backplane	C0 and C1 connectors on one RAID adapter

Server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch NVMe drives, one 16i RAID adapter, and one 1610-4P NVMe switch adapter

Notes:

- NVMe drives are only supported in drive bays 6-9.
- This configuration is supported in server models installed with one processor.

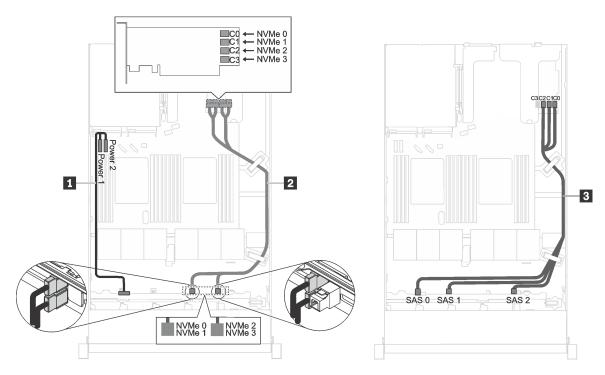


Figure 22. Cable routing for server models with six 2.5-inch SAS/SATA drives, four 2.5-inch NVMe drives, one 16i RAID adapter in PCIe slot 1, and one 1610-4P NVMe switch adapter in PCIe slot 2

Cable	From	То
■ Power cable	Power connector on the backplane Backplane power connector backplane power back	
2 NVMe signal cable	NVMe 0, NVMe 1, NVMe 2, and NVMe 3 connectors on the backplane	C0, C1, C2, and C3 connectors on the NVMe switch adapter installed in PCle slot 2
■ SAS signal cable	SAS 0, SAS 1 and SAS 2 connectors on the backplane	C0, C1 and C2 connectors on one RAID adapter installed in PCle slot 1

Server models with four 2.5-inch NVMe drives and no RAID adapter

Note: NVMe drives are only supported in drive bays 6-9.

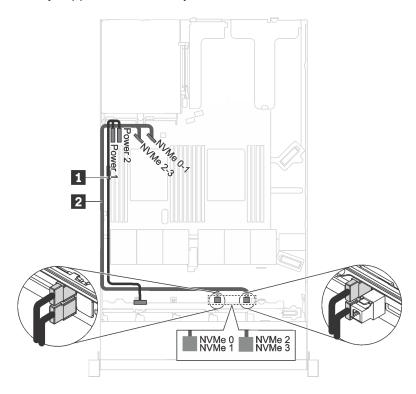


Figure 23. Cable routing for server models with four 2.5-inch NVMe drives, and no RAID adapter

Cable	From	То	
1 Power cable	Power connector on the backplane	Backplane power connector 1 and backplane power connector 2 on the system board	
2 NVMe signal cable	NVMe 0, NVMe 1, NVMe 2, and NVMe 3 connectors on the backplane	NVMe 0-1 connector and NVMe 2-3 connector on the system board	

Backplate for four 3.5-inch simple-swap drives

Use this section to understand the internal cable routing for the server model with four 3.5-inch simple-swap drives.

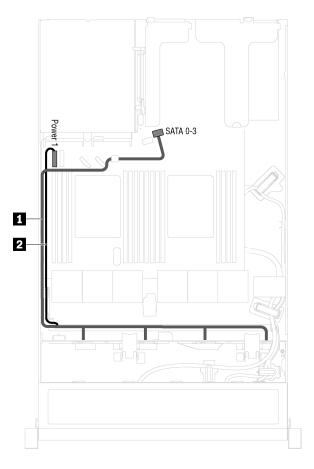


Figure 24. Cable routing for server models with four 3.5-inch simple-swap drives

The simple-swap drive backplate assembly comes with a power cable and a SATA signal cable.

From	То		
■ Power cable of the backplate assembly	Backplane power connector 1 on the system board		
2 SATA signal cable of the backplate assembly	SATA 0-3 connector on the system board		

Parts list

Use the parts list to identify each of the components that are available for your server.

For more information about ordering the parts shown in Figure 25 "Server components" on page 44, go to:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/products/servers/thinksystem/sr570/7y02/parts

Note: Depending on the model, your server might look slightly different from the illustration. Some of the components might not be available on your server.

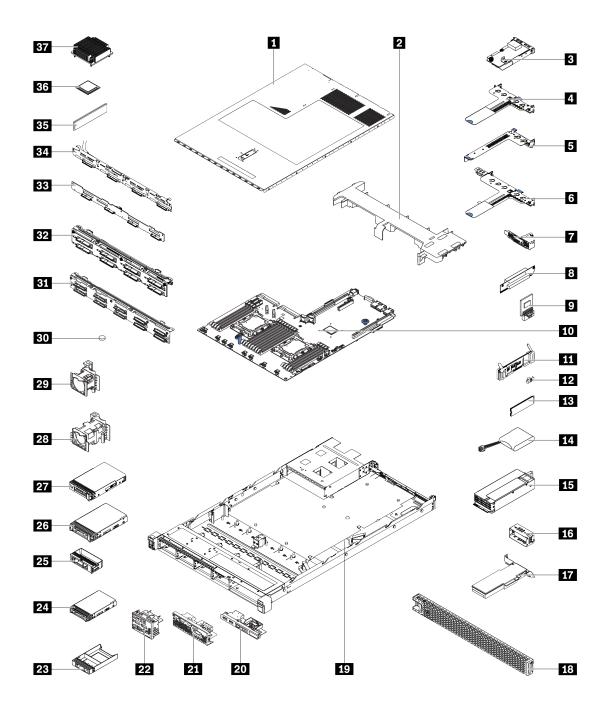


Figure 25. Server components

The parts listed in the following table are identified as one of the following:

- Tier 1 customer replaceable unit (CRU): Replacement of Tier 1 CRUs is your responsibility. If Lenovo installs a Tier 1 CRU at your request with no service agreement, you will be charged for the installation.
- Tier 2 customer replaceable unit (CRU): You may install a Tier 2 CRU yourself or request Lenovo to install it, at no additional charge, under the type of warranty service that is designated for your server.
- Field replaceable unit (FRU): FRUs must be installed only by trained service technicians.

• Consumable and Structural parts: Purchase and replacement of consumable and structural parts (components, such as a cover or bezel) is your responsibility. If Lenovo acquires or installs a structural component at your request, you will be charged for the service.

Table 9. Parts list

Index	Description	Tier 1 CRU	Tier 2 CRU	FRU	Consumable and Structural parts
For mo	re information about ordering parts, go to:		•	•	
http://d	latacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/products/s	servers/thinksy	stem/sr570/7y0	02/parts	
1	Top cover	√			
2	Air baffle				√
3	LOM adapter	√			
4	Riser 1 bracket (two low-profile slots)	√			
5	Riser 2 bracket (one low-profile slot)	√			
6	Riser 1 bracket (one low-profile slot and one full-height half-length slot)	√			
7	Serial port module	√			
8	Riser card	√			
9	TCM/TPM adapter (for Chinese Mainland only)			√	
10	System board			√	
11	M.2 drive backplane	√			
12	M.2 retainer	√			
13	M.2 drive	√			
14	RAID super capacitor module	√			
15	Power supply	√			
16	Power supply filler				√
17	PCIe adapter	√			
18	Security bezel	√			
19	Chassis with four 3.5-inch drive bays Chassis with eight 2.5-inch drive bays Chassis with ten 2.5-inch drive bays			√	
20	Front I/O assembly for server models with four 3.5-inch drive bays	√			
21	Front I/O assembly for server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays	√			
22	Front I/O assembly for server models with ten 2.5-inch drive bays	√			
23	2.5-inch drive filler				√
24	2.5-inch hot-swap drive	√			

Table 9. Parts list (continued)

Index	Description	Tier 1 CRU	Tier 2 CRU	FRU	Consumable and Structural parts
For more information about ordering parts, go to:					
http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/products/servers/thinksystem/sr570/7y02/parts					
25	3.5-inch drive filler				√
26	3.5-inch hot-swap drive	√			
27	3.5-inch simple-swap drive	√			
28	System fan (for server models with ten 2.5-inch drive bays)	√			
29	System fan (for server models with four 3.5- inch drive bays and server models with eight 2.5-inch drive bays)	V			
30	CMOS battery (CR2032)				√
31	Backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives	√			
32	Backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives	√			
33	Backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives	√			
34	Simple-swap drive backplate assembly	√			
35	Memory module (DCPMM module might look slightly from the illustration)	√			
36	Processor			√	
37	Heat sink			√	

Power cords

Several power cords are available, depending on the country and region where the server is installed.

To view the power cords that are available for the server:

1. Go to:

http://dcsc.lenovo.com/#/

- 2. Click Preconfigured Model or Configure to order.
- 3. Enter the machine type and model for your server to display the configurator page.
- Click Power → Power Cables to see all line cords.

Notes:

- For your safety, a power cord with a grounded attachment plug is provided to use with this product. To avoid electrical shock, always use the power cord and plug with a properly grounded outlet.
- Power cords for this product that are used in the United States and Canada are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories (UL) and certified by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA).
- For units intended to be operated at 115 volts: Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a parallel blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 125 volts.
- For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (U.S. use): Use a UL-listed and CSA-certified cord set consisting of a minimum 18 AWG, Type SVT or SJT, three-conductor cord, a maximum of 15 feet in length and a tandem blade, grounding-type attachment plug rated 15 amperes, 250 volts.
- For units intended to be operated at 230 volts (outside the U.S.): Use a cord set with a grounding-type attachment plug. The cord set should have the appropriate safety approvals for the country in which the equipment will be installed.
- Power cords for a specific country or region are usually available only in that country or region.

Chapter 3. Hardware replacement procedures

This section provides installation and removal procedures for all serviceable system components. Each component replacement procedure references any tasks that need to be performed to gain access to the component being replaced.

For more information about ordering parts, go to:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/products/servers/thinksystem/sr570/7y02/parts

Note: If you replace a part, such as an adapter, that contains firmware, you might also need to update the firmware for that part. For more information about updating firmware, see "Firmware updates" on page 10.

Installation Guidelines

Before installing components in your server, read the installation guidelines.

Before installing optional devices, read the following notices carefully:

Attention: Prevent exposure to static electricity, which might lead to system halt and loss of data, by keeping static-sensitive components in their static-protective packages until installation, and handling these devices with an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system.

- Read the safety information and guidelines to ensure that you work safely.
 - A complete list of safety information for all products is available at:
 http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/safety_documentation/pdf_files.html
 - The following guidelines are available as well: "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 52 and "Working inside the server with the power on" on page 51.
- Make sure the components you are installing are supported by the server. For a list of supported optional components for the server, see https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml.
- When you install a new server, download and apply the latest firmware. This will help ensure that any
 known issues are addressed, and that your server is ready to work with optimal performance. Go to
 ThinkSystem SR570 Drivers and Software to download firmware updates for your server.

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the component is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

- It is good practice to make sure that the server is working correctly before you install an optional component.
- Keep the working area clean, and place removed components on a flat and smooth surface that does not shake or tilt.
- Do not attempt to lift an object that might be too heavy for you. If you have to lift a heavy object, read the following precautions carefully:
 - Make sure that you can stand steadily without slipping.
 - Distribute the weight of the object equally between your feet.
 - Use a slow lifting force. Never move suddenly or twist when you lift a heavy object.
 - To avoid straining the muscles in your back, lift by standing or by pushing up with your leg muscles.
- Back up all important data before you make changes related to the disk drives.

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- Have a small flat-blade screwdriver, a small Phillips screwdriver, and a T8 torx screwdriver available.
- To view the error LEDs on the system board and internal components, leave the power on.
- You do not have to turn off the server to remove or install hot-swap power supplies, hot-swap fans, or hotplug USB devices. However, you must turn off the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing adapter cables, and you must disconnect the power source from the server before you perform any steps that involve removing or installing a riser card.
- Blue on a component indicates touch points, where you can grip to remove a component from or install it in the server, open or close a latch, and so on.
- The Red strip on the drives, adjacent to the release latch, indicates that the drive can be hot-swapped if
 the server and operating system support hot-swap capability. This means that you can remove or install
 the drive while the server is still running.

Note: See the system specific instructions for removing or installing a hot-swap drive for any additional procedures that you might need to perform before you remove or install the drive.

 After finishing working on the server, make sure you reinstall all safety shields, guards, labels, and ground wires.

Safety inspection checklist

Use the information in this section to identify potentially unsafe conditions with your server. As each machine was designed and built, required safety items were installed to protect users and service technicians from injury.

Notes:

- The product is not suitable for use at visual display workplaces according to §2 of the Workplace Regulations.
- 2. The set-up of the server is made in the server room only.

CAUTION:

This equipment must be installed or serviced by trained personnel, as defined by the NEC, IEC 62368-1 & IEC 60950-1, the standard for Safety of Electronic Equipment within the Field of Audio/Video, Information Technology and Communication Technology. Lenovo assumes you are qualified in the servicing of equipment and trained in recognizing hazards energy levels in products. Access to the equipment is by the use of a tool, lock and key, or other means of security, and is controlled by the authority responsible for the location.

Important: Electrical grounding of the server is required for operator safety and correct system function. Proper grounding of the electrical outlet can be verified by a certified electrician.

Use the following checklist to verify that there are no potentially unsafe conditions:

- 1. Make sure that the power is off and the power cord is disconnected.
- 2. Check the power cord.
 - Make sure that the third-wire ground connector is in good condition. Use a meter to measure thirdwire ground continuity for 0.1 ohm or less between the external ground pin and the frame ground.
 - Make sure that the power cord is the correct type.

To view the power cords that are available for the server:

a. Go to:

http://dcsc.lenovo.com/#/

b. In the Customize a Model pane:

- 1) Click Select Options/Parts for a Model.
- 2) Enter the machine type and model for your server.
- c. Click the Power tab to see all line cords.
- Make sure that the insulation is not frayed or worn.
- 3. Check for any obvious non-Lenovo alterations. Use good judgment as to the safety of any non-Lenovo alterations.
- 4. Check inside the server for any obvious unsafe conditions, such as metal filings, contamination, water or other liquid, or signs of fire or smoke damage.
- 5. Check for worn, frayed, or pinched cables.
- 6. Make sure that the power-supply cover fasteners (screws or rivets) have not been removed or tampered with.

System reliability guidelines

Review the system reliability guidelines to ensure proper system cooling and reliability.

Make sure the following requirements are met:

- When the server comes with redundant power, a power supply must be installed in each power-supply bay.
- Adequate space around the server must be spared to allow server cooling system to work properly. Leave approximately 50 mm (2.0 in.) of open space around the front and rear of the server. Do not place any object in front of the fans.
- For proper cooling and airflow, refit the server cover before you turn the power on. Do not operate the server for more than 30 minutes with the server cover removed, for it might damage server components.
- Cabling instructions that come with optional components must be followed.
- A failed fan must be replaced within 48 hours since malfunction.
- A removed hot-swap fan must be replaced within 30 seconds after removal.
- A removed hot-swap drive must be replaced within two minutes after removal.
- A removed hot-swap power supply must be replaced within two minutes after removal.
- Every air baffle that comes with the server must be installed when the server starts (some servers might come with more than one air baffle). Operating the server with a missing air baffle might damage the processor.
- All processor sockets must contain either a socket cover or a processor with heat sink.
- When more than one processor is installed, fan population rules for each server must be strictly followed.

Working inside the server with the power on

You might need to keep the power on with the server cover removed to look at system information on the display panel or to replace hot-swap components. Review these guidelines before doing so.

Attention: The server might stop and loss of data might occur when internal server components are exposed to static electricity. To avoid this potential problem, always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding systems when working inside the server with the power on.

- Avoid loose-fitting clothing, particularly around your forearms. Button or roll up long sleeves before working inside the server.
- Prevent your necktie, scarf, badge rope, or long hair from dangling into the server.
- Remove jewelry, such as bracelets, necklaces, rings, cuff links, and wrist watches.

- Remove items from your shirt pocket, such as pens and pencils, in case they fall into the server as you lean over it.
- Avoid dropping any metallic objects, such as paper clips, hairpins, and screws, into the server.

Handling static-sensitive devices

Review these guidelines before you handle static-sensitive devices to reduce the possibility of damage from electrostatic discharge.

Attention: Prevent exposure to static electricity, which might lead to system halt and loss of data, by keeping static-sensitive components in their static-protective packages until installation, and handling these devices with an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system.

- Limit your movement to prevent building up static electricity around you.
- Take additional care when handling devices during cold weather, for heating would reduce indoor humidity and increase static electricity.
- Always use an electrostatic-discharge wrist strap or other grounding system, particularly when working inside the server with the power on.
- While the device is still in its static-protective package, touch it to an unpainted metal surface on the outside of the server for at least two seconds. This drains static electricity from the package and from your body.
- Remove the device from the package and install it directly into the server without putting it down. If it is necessary to put the device down, put it back into the static-protective package. Never place the device on the server or on any metal surface.
- When handling a device, carefully hold it by the edges or the frame.
- Do not touch solder joints, pins, or exposed circuitry.
- Keep the device from others' reach to prevent possible damages.

Top cover replacement

Use this information to remove and install the top cover.

Remove the top cover

Use this information to remove the top cover.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION: **Static Sensitive Device** Ground package before opening" on page 52

S033



CAUTION:

Hazardous energy present. Voltages with hazardous energy might cause heating when shorted with metal, which might result in spattered metal, burns, or both.

S014



CAUTION:

Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels might be present. Only a qualified service technician is authorized to remove the covers where the label is attached.

Note: You can remove or install a hot-swap fan without powering off the server, which helps you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system.

To remove the top cover, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

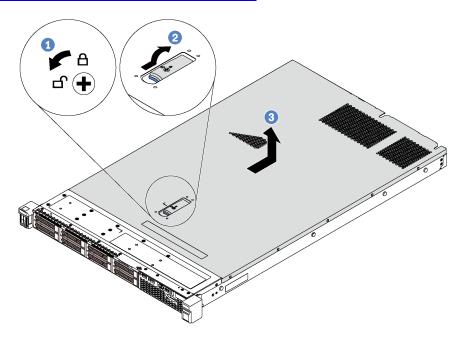


Figure 26. Top cover removal

- Step 1. Use a screwdriver to turn the cover lock to the unlocked position as shown.
- Step 2. Press the release button on the cover latch and then fully open the cover latch.
- Step 3. Slide the top cover to the rear of the server until it is disengaged from the chassis. Then, lift the top cover off the chassis and place it on a flat clean surface.

Attention:

- Handle the top cover carefully. Dropping the top cover with the cover latch open might damage the cover latch.
- For proper cooling and airflow, install the top cover before you power on the server.

Install the top cover

Use this information to install the top cover.







"ATTENTION: Static Sensitive Device Ground package before opening" on page 52

Before installing the top cover:

- 1. Ensure that all cables, adapters, and other components are installed and seated correctly and that you have not left loose tools or parts inside the server.
- 2. Ensure that all internal cables are correctly routed. See "Internal cable routing" on page 33.
- 3. If you are installing a new top cover, attach the service label to the new top cover first if necessary.

Note: A new top cover comes without a service label attached. If you need a service label, order it together with the new top cover. The service label is free of charge.

To install the top cover, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

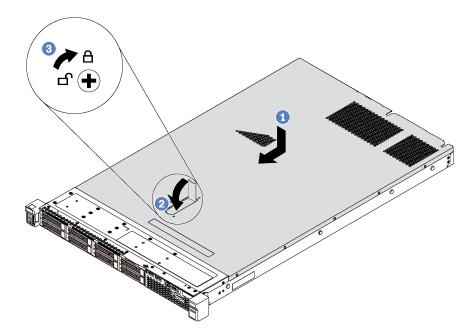


Figure 27. Top cover installation

Note: Before you slide the top cover forward, ensure that all the tabs on the top cover engage the chassis correctly. If the tabs do not engage the chassis correctly, it will be very difficult to remove the top cover later.

- Step 1. Ensure that the cover latch is in the open position. Lower the top cover onto the chassis until both sides of the top cover engage with the guides on both sides of the chassis.
- Step 2. Pivot the cover latch and slide the top cover to the front of the chassis at the same time until the top cover snaps into position. Ensure that the cover latch is completely closed.
- Step 3. Use a screwdriver to turn the cover lock to the locked position.

After installing the top cover, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Air baffle replacement

Use this information to remove and install the air baffle.

S033



CAUTION:

Hazardous energy present. Voltages with hazardous energy might cause heating when shorted with metal, which might result in spattered metal, burns, or both.

S017



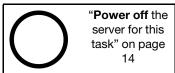
CAUTION:

Hazardous moving fan blades nearby. Keep fingers and other body parts away.

Remove the air baffle

Use this information to remove the air baffle.





Before removing the air baffle:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. If there is a RAID super capacitor module installed on the bottom of the air baffle, disconnect the RAID super capacitor module cable first.

To remove the air baffle, complete the following step:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

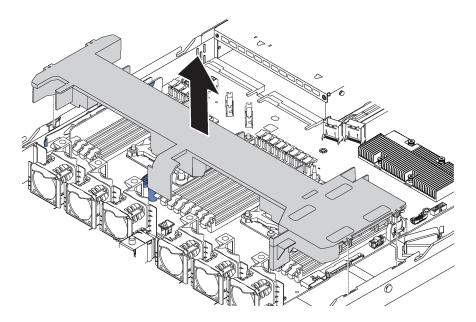


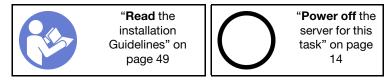
Figure 28. Air baffle removal

Step 1. Grasp the air baffle and carefully lift it out of the server.

Attention: For proper cooling and airflow, install the air baffle before you power on the server. Operating the server with the air baffle removed might damage server components.

Install the air baffle

Use this information to install the air baffle.



Before installing the air baffle, if you want to install a RAID super capacitor module on the bottom of the air baffle, install it first. See "Install a RAID super capacitor module" on page 121.

To install the air baffle, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

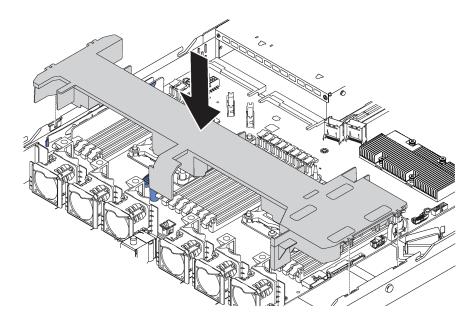


Figure 29. Air baffle installation

- Step 1. Align the tabs on both sides of the air baffle with the corresponding slots on both sides of the chassis.
- Step 2. Lower the air baffle into the chassis and press the air baffle down until it is securely seated.

After installing the air baffle:

- 1. If there is a RAID super capacitor module installed on the bottom of the air baffle, connect it to the RAID adapter with the extension cable that comes with the RAID super capacitor module.
- 2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Rack latches replacement

Use this information to remove and install the rack latches.

Remove the rack latches

Use this information to remove the rack latches.



Before removing the rack latches:

1. If the server is installed with the security bezel, remove it first. See "Remove the security bezel" on page 63.

2. Use a flat-blade screwdriver to remove the ID label plate on the right rack latch and place it in a safe place.

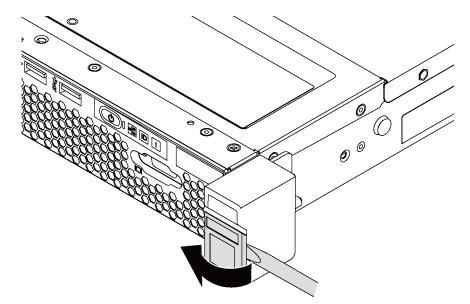
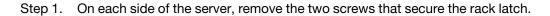


Figure 30. ID label plate removal

To remove the rack latches, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391



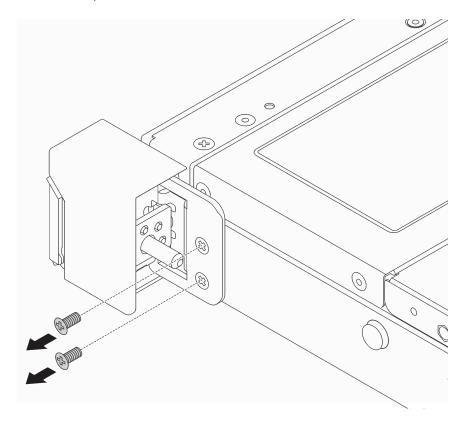


Figure 31. Rack latch screws removal

Step 2. On each side of the server, remove the rack latch from the chassis as shown.

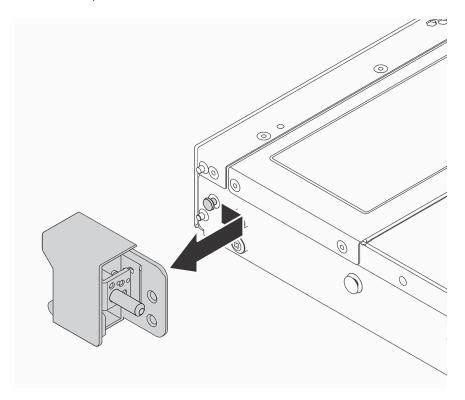


Figure 32. Rack latch removal

If you are instructed to return the old rack latches, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the rack latches

Use this information to install the rack latches.



To install the rack latches, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. On each side of the server, align the rack latch with the pin on the chassis. Then, press the rack latch onto the chassis and slightly slide it forward as shown.

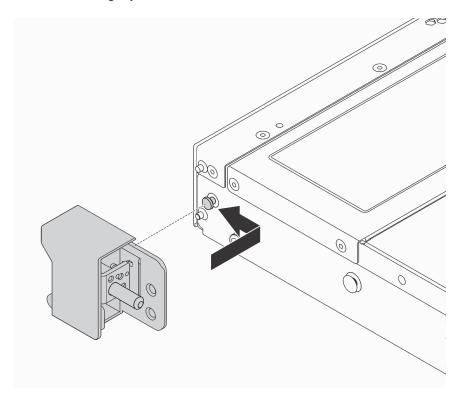
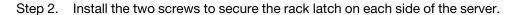


Figure 33. Rack latch installation



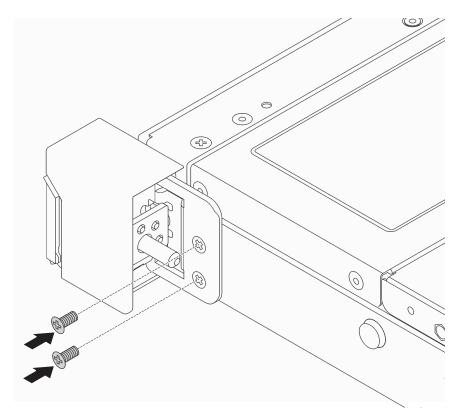


Figure 34. Rack latch screws installation

After installing the rack latches:

1. Install the ID label plate to the right rack latch as shown.

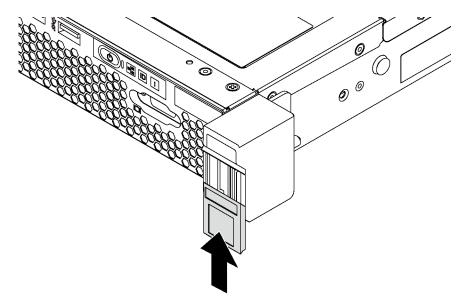


Figure 35. ID label plate installation

2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Security bezel replacement

Use this information to remove and install the security bezel.

Remove the security bezel

Use this information to remove the security bezel.



To remove the security bezel, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. Use the key to unlock the security bezel.

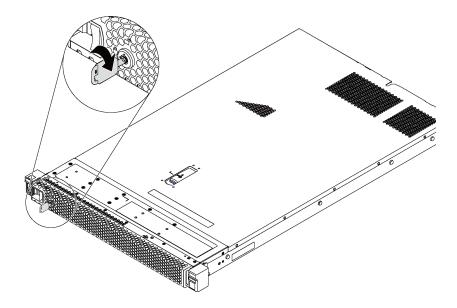


Figure 36. Security bezel unlock

Step 2. Press the blue release latch and pivot the security bezel outward to remove it from the chassis.

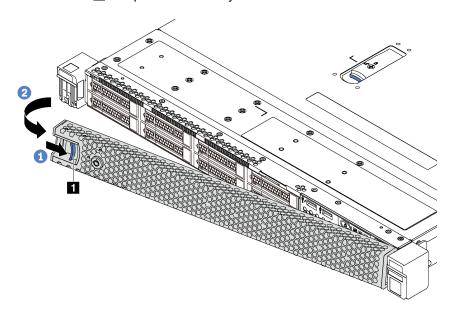


Figure 37. Security bezel removal

Attention: Before you ship the rack with the server installed, reinstall and lock the security bezel into place.

Install the security bezel

Use this information to install the security bezel.



Before installing the security bezel, if you have removed the rack latches, reinstall them. See "Install the rack latches" on page 60.

To install the security bezel, complete the following steps:

Attention: Before you ship the rack with the server installed, reinstall and lock the security bezel into place.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. If the key is held inside the security bezel, remove it out of the security bezel.

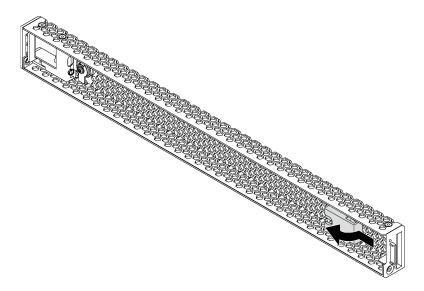


Figure 38. Key removal

Step 2. Insert the tab on the security bezel into the slot on the right side of the chassis. Then, press and hold the blue release latch **I** and pivot the security bezel inward until it clicks into place.

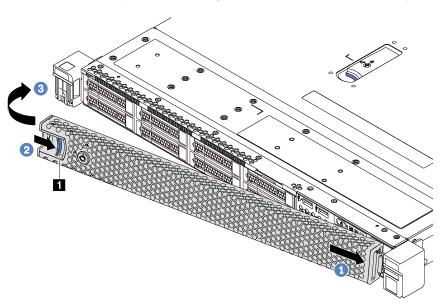


Figure 39. Security bezel installation

Step 3. Use the key to lock the security bezel.

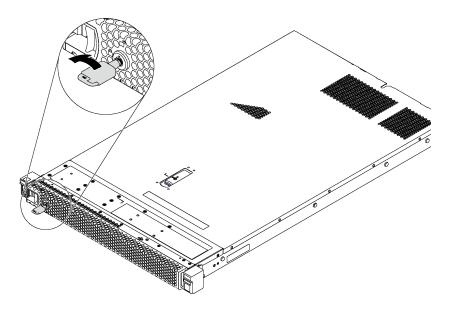


Figure 40. Security bezel lockup

System fan replacement

Use this information to remove and install a system fan.

Remove a system fan

Use this information to remove a system fan. You can remove a hot-swap fan without powering off the server, which helps you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"ATTENTION: **Static Sensitive Device** Ground package before opening" on page 52

S033



CAUTION:

Hazardous energy present. Voltages with hazardous energy might cause heating when shorted with metal, which might result in spattered metal, burns, or both.

S017



CAUTION:

Hazardous moving fan blades nearby. Keep fingers and other body parts away.

Before removing a system fan, remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.

To remove a system fan, complete the following step:

Note: The fan you want to remove might be different from the following illustration, but the removal method is the same.

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

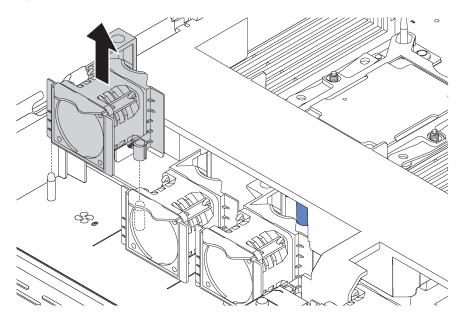


Figure 41. System fan removal

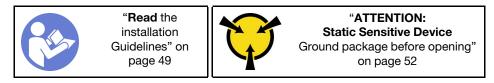
Step 1. Grasp the fan tabs on both ends of the system fan and carefully lift the system fan out of the server.

After removing the system fan:

- Install a new system fan. See "Install a system fan" on page 67.
- If you are instructed to return the old system fan, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a system fan

Use this information to install a system fan. You can install a hot-swap fan without powering off the server, which helps you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system.



S033



CAUTION:

Hazardous energy present. Voltages with hazardous energy might cause heating when shorted with metal, which might result in spattered metal, burns, or both.

S017



CAUTION:

Hazardous moving fan blades nearby. Keep fingers and other body parts away.

Before installing a system fan, touch the static-protective package that contains the new system fan to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new system fan out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a system fan, complete the following steps:

Note: The fan you want to install might be different from the following illustration, but the installation method is the same.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

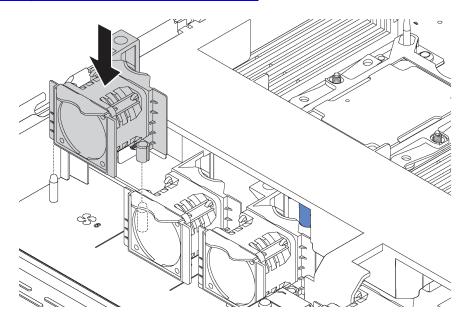


Figure 42. System fan installation

Step 1. Align the two holes in the system fan with the two pins on the chassis.

Step 2. Press the system fan down until it is seated correctly in the slot. Ensure that the fan connector is installed correctly to the connector on the system board.

After installing the system fan, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

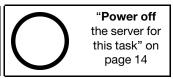
Memory module replacement

Use this information to remove and install a memory module.

Remove a memory module

Use this information to remove a memory module. This section applies to both DRAM DIMMs and DCPMMs.







Before removing a memory module:

- 1. If you are removing a DCPMM in App Direct or Mixed Memory Mode, make sure to:
 - a. Back up the stored data.
 - b. If the App Direct capacity is interleaved:
 - 1) Delete all the created namspaces and filesystems in the operating system.
 - Perform secure erase on all the DCPMMs that are installed. Go to Intel Optane DCPMMs → Security → Press to Secure Erase to perform secure erase.

Note: If one or more DCPMMs are secured with passphrase, make sure security of every unit is disabled before performing secure erase. In case the passphrase is lost or forgotten, contact Lenovo service.

If the App Direct capacity is not interleaved:

- 1) Delete the namespace and filesystem of the DCPMM unit to be replaced in the operating system.
- 2) Perform secure erase on the DCPMM unit that is to be replaced. Go to **Intel Optane DCPMMs**→ **Security** → **Press to Secure Erase** to perform secure erase.
- 2. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 3. Remove the air baffle. See "Remove the air baffle" on page 55.

Attention:

- Disconnect all power cords for this task.
- Memory modules are sensitive to static discharge and require special handling. In addition to the standard guidelines for "Handling static-sensitive devices" on page 52:
 - Always wear an electrostatic-discharge strap when removing or installing memory modules.
 Electrostatic-discharge gloves can also be used.
 - Never hold two or more memory modules together so that they touch. Do not stack memory modules
 directly on top of each other during storage.
 - Never touch the gold memory module connector contacts or allow these contacts to touch the outside
 of the memory module connector housing.

- Handle memory modules with care: never bend, twist, or drop a memory module.

To remove a memory module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

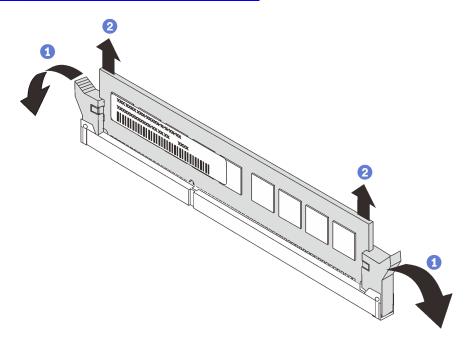


Figure 43. Memory module removal

Note: A DCPMM module looks slightly different from a DRAM DIMM in the illustration, but the removal method is the same.

Step 1. Open the retaining clips on each end of the memory slot.

Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the memory slots, handle the clips gently.

Step 2. Grasp the memory module at both ends and carefully lift it up to remove it from the slot.

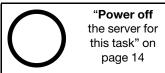
After removing a memory module:

- 1. Install a memory filler or a new memory module to cover the slot. See "Install a memory module" on page 70.
- 2. If you are instructed to return the old memory module, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a memory module

Use this information to install a memory module.







"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Attention:

- Disconnect all power cords for this task.
- Memory modules are sensitive to static discharge and require special handling. In addition to the standard guidelines for Handling static-sensitive devices:
 - Always wear an electrostatic-discharge strap when removing or installing memory modules. Electrostatic-discharge gloves can also be used.
 - Never hold two or more memory modules together so that they do not touch each other. Do not stack memory modules directly on top of each other during storage.
 - Never touch the gold memory module connector contacts or allow these contacts to touch the outside of the memory module connector housing.
 - Handle memory modules with care: never bend, twist, or drop a memory module.
 - Do not use any metal tools (such as jigs or clamps) to handle the memory modules, because the rigid metals may damage the memory modules.
 - Do not insert memory modules while holding packages or passive components, which can cause package cracks or detachment of passive components by the high insertion force.

Before installing a memory module:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new memory module to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new memory module out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.
- 2. Locate the required memory module slot on the system board.

Note: Ensure that you observe the installation rules and sequence in "Memory module installation rules" on page 73.

3. If you are installing Intel Optane DC Persistent Memory modules (DCPMM) for the first time, follow the instructions in "Intel Optane DC Persistent Memory (DCPMM) setup" in Setup Guide.

Note: A DCPMM module looks slightly different from a DRAM DIMM in the illustration, but the installation method is the same.

To install a memory module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

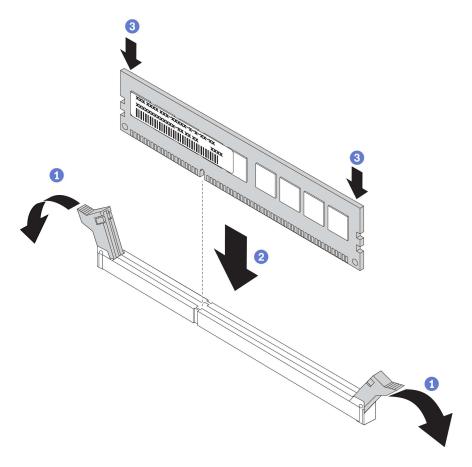


Figure 44. Memory module installation

Step 1. Open the retaining clips on each end of the memory module slot.

Attention: To avoid breaking the retaining clips or damaging the memory module slots, open and close the clips gently.

- Step 2. Align the memory module with the slot, and gently place the memory module on the slot with both hands.
- Step 3. Firmly press both ends of the memory module straight down into the slot until the retaining clips snap into the locked position.

Note: If there is a gap between the memory module and the retaining clips, the memory module has not been correctly inserted. In this case, open the retaining clips, remove the memory module, and then reinsert it.

If you have installed a DRAM DIMM module, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152).

If you have installed a DCPMM:

- 1. Update the system firmware to the latest version (see "Update the firmware" in Setup Guide).
- 2. Make sure the firmware of all the DCPMM units is the latest version. If not, update it to the latest version (see https://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/update_fw.html).
- 3. Configure DCPMMs and DRAM DIMMs (see "Configure DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM)" in Setup Guide).
- 4. Restore the data that have been backed up if necessary.

Memory module installation rules

Memory modules must be installed in a specific order based on the memory configuration that you implement on your server.

Your server has 16 memory slots, and supports the following types of memory modules depending on the processors installed:

- For Intel Xeon SP Gen 1 processors:
 - TruDDR4 2666, single-rank or dual-rank, 8 GB/16 GB/32 GB RDIMMs
 - TruDDR4 2666, quad-rank, 64 GB LRDIMMs
- For Intel Xeon SP Gen 2 processors:
 - TruDDR4 2666, single-rank or dual-rank, 16 GB/32 GB RDIMMs
 - DDR4 2933, single-rank or dual-rank, 8 GB/16 GB/32 GB/64 GB RDIMMs (available by June 2019)
 - 128 GB, 256 GB, or 512 GB DCPMMs

For a list of supported memory options, see: https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml

Depending on the memory modules installed, refer to below topics for detailed installation rules:

- Without DCPMMs: "DRAM DIMM installation rules" on page 74
- With DCPMMs: "DCPMM and DRAM DIMM installation rules" on page 78

The following illustration helps you to locate the memory slots on the system board.

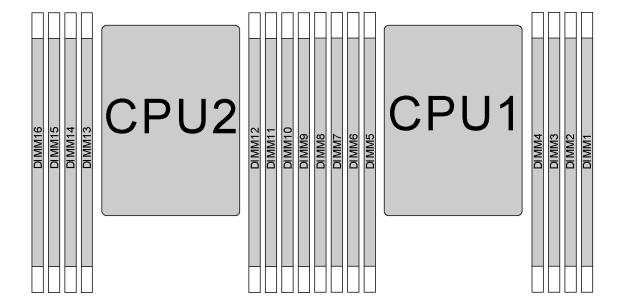


Figure 45. DIMM locations

The following table shows the relationship between the processors, memory controllers, memory channels, slots, and DIMM numbers. For each memory controller, channel 0 has two DIMM slots (slot 0, furthest from the processor, and slot 1, closest to the processor), and channel 1 and channel 2 have only one DIMM slot (slot 0).

Processor				СР	U2				CPU1							
Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)		iMC1			iMC0					iM	C1		iMC0			
Channel (CH)	C- H2	C- H1	Cł	H0	CH0		C- H1	C- H2	C- H2	C- H1	Cł	1 0	CI	H0	C- H1	C- H2
Slot	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
DIMM number	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

DRAM DIMM installation rules

For RDIMMs or LRDIMMs, the following memory modes are available:

- "Independent mode" on page 74
- "Mirroring mode" on page 75
- "Rank sparing mode" on page 76

Notes:

- All DIMMs to be installed must be the same type. Do not mix RDIMM and LRDIMM in the same server.
- When you install DIMMs with same rank and different capacity, install the DIMM that has the highest capacity first.
- When you install DIMMs with different rank, install the DIMM with highest rank first.

Independent mode

Independent mode provides high performance memory capability. You can populate all channels with no matching requirements. Individual channels can run at different DIMM timings, but all channels must run at the same interface frequency.

Independent mode with one processor

Note: If there are three identical DIMMs to be installed for CPU1, and the three DIMMs have the same Lenovo part number, install the DIMMs in slots 1, 2, and 3.

Table 10. Memory population order

Total				Proce	ssor 1				Total
DIMMs	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs
1						3			1
2			6			3			2
3			6			3	2		3
4		7	6			3	2		4
5		7	6			3	2	1	5
6	8	7	6			3	2	1	6
7	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	7
8	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	8

Independent mode with two processors

Notes:

- If there are three identical DIMMs to be installed for CPU1, and the three DIMMs have the same Lenovo part number, install the DIMMs in slots 1, 2, and 3.
- If there are three identical DIMMs to be installed for CPU2, and the three DIMMs have the same Lenovo part number, install the DIMMs in slots 9, 10, and 11.

Table 11. Memory population order

Total		Processor 2										Proce	ssor 1				Total
DIMMs	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs
2						11								3			2
3						11					6			3			3
4			14			11					6			3			4
5			14			11					6			3	2		5
6			14			11	10				6			3	2		6
7			14			11	10			7	6			3	2		7
8		15	14			11	10			7	6			3	2		8
9		15	14			11	10			7	6			3	2	1	9
10		15	14			11	10	9		7	6			3	2	1	10
11		15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	11
12	16	15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	12
13	16	15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	13
14	16	15	14		12	11	10	9	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	14
15	16	15	14		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	15
16	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	16

Mirroring mode

In mirroring mode, each DIMM in a pair must be identical in size and architecture. The channels are grouped in pairs with each channel receiving the same data. One channel is used as a backup of the other, which provides redundancy.

Note: All DIMMs to be installed must be the same type with the same capacity, frequency, voltage, and ranks.

Mirroring mode with one processor

Table 12. Memory population order

Total										
DIMMs	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs	
2						3	2		2	
3						3	2	1	3	
4		7	6			3	2		4	
6	8	7	6			3	2	1	6	

Mirroring mode with two processors

Table 13. Memory population order

Total		Processor 2								Processor 1							Total
DIMMs	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs
4						11	10							3	2		4
5						11	10							3	2	1	5
6						11	10	9						3	2	1	6
8		15	14			11	10			7	6			3	2		8
9						11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	9
10		15	14			11	10		8	7	6			3	2	1	10
12	16	15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	12

Rank sparing mode

In rank sparing mode, one rank of a DIMM works as the spare rank for the other ranks on the same channel. The spare rank is not available as system memory.

Notes:

- All DIMMs to be installed must be the same type with the same capacity, frequency, voltage, and ranks.
- Single-rank RDIMMs do not support rank sparing mode.

Rank sparing mode with one processor

Table 14. Memory population order

Total				Proce	ssor 1				Total	
DIMMs	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs	
1						3			1	
2			6			3			2	
3			6			3	2		3	
4		7	6			3	2		4	
5		7	6			3	2	1	5	
6	8	7	6			3	2	1	6	
7	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	7	
8	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	8	

Rank sparing mode with two processors

Table 15. Memory population order

Total				Proce	ssor 2	!						Proce	ssor 1				Total
DIMMs	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	DIMMs
2						11								3			2
3						11					6			3			3
4			14			11					6			3			4
5			14			11					6			3	2		5
6			14			11	10				6			3	2		6
7			14			11	10			7	6			3	2		7
8		15	14			11	10			7	6			3	2		8
9		15	14			11	10			7	6			3	2	1	9
10		15	14			11	10	9		7	6			3	2	1	10
11		15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	11
12	16	15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6			3	2	1	12
13	16	15	14			11	10	9	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	13
14	16	15	14		12	11	10	9	8	7	6		4	3	2	1	14
15	16	15	14		12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	15
16	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	16

DCPMM and **DRAM DIMM** installation rules

For Intel Optane DC Persistent Memory (DCPMM), the following memory modes are available:

- "App Direct Mode" on page 78
- "Mixed Memory Mode" on page 80
- "Memory Mode" on page 81

Notes:

- Before installing DCPMMs and DRAM DIMMs, refer to "DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) setup" in Setup Guide and make sure to meet all the requirements.
- To verify if the presently installed processors support DCPMMs, examine the four digits in the processor description. Only processors with description meeting both of the following requirements support DCPMMs.
 - The first digit is 5 or a larger number.

Note: The only exception to this rule is Intel Xeon Silver 4215, which also supports DCPMM.

- The second digit is 2.

Example: Intel Xeon 5215L and Intel Xeon Platinum 8280M

If the presently installed processors do not support DCPMMs, replace them with the processors that support DCPMMs.

- Supported memory capacity range varies with the following types of processors:
 - Large memory tier (L): The processors with L after the four digits (for example: Intel Xeon 5215L)
 - Medium memory tier (M): The processors with M after the four digits (for example: Intel Xeon Platinum 8280**M**)
 - Other: Other processors that support DCPMMs (for example: Intel Xeon Gold 5222)

In addition, you can take advantage of a memory configurator, which is available at the following site:

http://1config.lenovo.com/#/memory_configuration

App Direct Mode

In this mode, DCPMMs act as independent and persistent memory resources directly accessible by specific applications, and DRAM DIMMs act as system memory. The total displayed system memory in this mode is the total capacity of DRAM DIMMs.

App Direct mode with one processor

Table 16. Memory population order in App Direct mode with one processor

D: DRAM DIMM; 16 GB, 32 GB, or 64 GB RDIMM supported P: DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) Processor 1 Configuration 7 6 3 2 8 1 DCPMM and 6 RDIMMs D D D Ρ D D D D D Ρ Ρ D 2 DCPMMs and 6 RDIMMs D D D

Table 17. Supported DCPMM capacity in App Direct mode with one processor

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM	512 GB DCPMM
		L	√	√	√
1	6	М	√	√	√
		Other	√	√	√
		L	√	√	√
2	6	М	√	√	√
		Other	√	√	

App Direct mode with two processors

Table 18. Memory population order in App Direct mode with two processors

D: DRAM DIMM; 16 GB, 32 GB, or 64 GB RDIMM supported

P: DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM)

Configuration	Processor 2										F	Proce	ssor	1		
Configuration	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
1 DCPMM and 12 RDIMMs	D	D	D			D	D	D	D	D	D		Р	D	D	D
2 DCPMMs and 12 RDIMMs	D	D	D		Р	D	D	D	D	D	D		Р	D	D	D
4 DCPMMs and 12 RDIMMs	D	D	D	Р	Р	D	D	D	D	D	D	Р	Р	D	D	D

Table 19. Supported DCPMM capacity in App Direct mode with two processors

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM	512 GB DCPMM
		L	√	√	√
1	12	М	√	√	√
		Other	√	√	√
		L	√	√	√
2	12	M	√	√	√
		Other	√	√	√
		L	√	√	√
4	12	М	√	√	√
		Other	√	√	

Note: To install four 512 GB DCPMMs, ensure that the processor TDP is lower than or equal to 125 watts.

Mixed Memory Mode

In this mode, some percentage of DCPMM capacity is directly accessible to specific applications (App Direct), while the rest serves as system memory. The App Direct part of DCPMM is displayed as persistent memory, while the rest of DCPMM capacity is displayed as system memory. DRAM DIMMs act as cache in this mode.

Mixed Memory Mode with one processor

Table 20. Memory population order in Mixed Memory Mode with one processor

Table 21. Supported DCPMM capacity in Mixed Memory Mode with one processor

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM ¹	512 GB DCPMM ²
		L		√	√
2	6	М		√	√
		Other		√	

Notes:

- 1. For 256 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB RDIMM.
- 2. For 512 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM.

Mixed Memory Mode with two processors

Table 22. Memory population order in Mixed Memory Mode with two processors

D: DRAM DIMM; 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM supported P: DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) Processor 2 **Processor 1** Configuration 13 12 9 7 6 5 16 15 14 11 10 8 4 3 2 1 D Р Р D D D D D Р Р D D 4 DCPMMs and 12 RDIMMs D D D D

Table 23. Supported DCPMM capacity in Mixed Memory Mode with two processors

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM ¹	512 GB DCPMM ²
		L		√	√
4	12	М		√	√
		Other		√	

Notes:

- 1. For 256 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB RDIMM.
- 2. For 512 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM. To install four 512 GB DCPMMs, ensure that the processor TDP is lower than or equal to 125 watts.

Memory Mode

In this mode, DCPMMs act as volatile system memory, while DRAM DIMMs act as cache. Only DCPMM capacity is displayed as system memory in this mode.

Memory Mode with one processor

Table 24. Memory population order in Memory Mode with one processor

D: DRAM DIMM; 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM supported P: DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) **Processor 1** Configuration 7 8 6 5 3 2 2 DCPMMs and 6 RDIMMs D D D Р Р D D

Table 25. Supported DCPMM capacity in Memory Mode with one processor

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM ¹	512 GB DCPMM ²
2	6	L		√	√
		М		√	√
		Other		√	

Notes:

- 1. For 256 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB RDIMM.
- 2. For 512 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM.

Memory Mode with two processors

Table 26. Memory population order in Memory Mode with two processors

D: DRAM DIMM; 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM supported P: DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) **Processor 2 Processor 1** Configuration 12 16 15 14 13 10 9 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 11 8 4 DCPMMs and 12 RDIMMs D D Ρ Ρ D D D D D D Ρ Ρ D D D D

Table 27. Supported DCPMM capacity in Memory Mode with two processors

Total DCPMMs	Total DIMMs	Processor Family	128 GB DCPMM	256 GB DCPMM ¹	512 GB DCPMM ²
4	12	L		√	√
		M		√	√
		Other		√	

Notes:

- 1. For 256 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB RDIMM.
- 2. For 512 GB DCPMM, use 16 GB or 32 GB RDIMM. To install four 512 GB DCPMMs, ensure that the processor TDP is lower than or equal to 125 watts.

Hot-swap drive replacement

Use this information to remove and install a hot-swap drive. You can remove or install a hot-swap drive without turning off the server, which helps you avoid significant interruption to the operation of the system.

Notes:

- The term "hot-swap drive" refers to all the supported types of hot-swap hard disk drives, hot-swap solid-state drives, and hot-swap NVMe drives.
- Use any documentation that comes with the drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this topic. Ensure that you have all the cables and other equipment that are specified in the documentation that comes with the drive.
- The electromagnetic interference (EMI) integrity and cooling of the server are protected by having all drive bays covered or occupied. The vacant bays are either covered by an EMI-protective panel or occupied by drive fillers. When installing a drive, save the removed drive filler in case that you later remove the drive and need the drive filler to cover the place.
- To avoid damage to the drive connectors, ensure that the top cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a drive.

Remove a hot-swap drive

Use this information to remove a hot-swap drive.



Before removing a hot-swap drive:

- 1. Ensure that you have back up data on your drive, especially if it is part of a RAID array.
 - Before you make changes to drives, RAID adapters, drive backplanes, or drive cables, back up all important data that is stored on the drives.
 - Before you remove any component of a RAID array, back up all RAID configuration information.
- 2. If one or more NVMe drives are to be removed, it is recommended to disable them first in Safely Remove Hardware and Eject Media (Windows) or filesystem (Linux). See the indications above the drive bays to determine the type of the drive to remove. If the drive bay numbers come with the term "NVMe", it indicates the installed drives are NVMe drives.
- 3. If the security bezel is installed, remove it first. See "Remove the security bezel" on page 63.

Attention: To ensure that there is adequate system cooling, do not operate the server for more than two minutes without either a drive or a drive filler installed in each bay.

To remove a hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

Step 1. Slide the release latch to the left to open the drive tray handle.

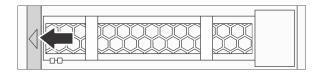


Figure 46. Opening the drive tray handle

Step 2. Grasp the handle and slide the drive out of the drive bay.

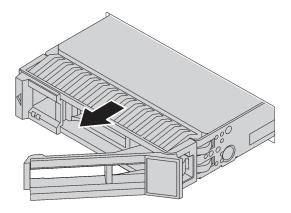


Figure 47. Hot-swap drive removal

After removing a hot-swap drive:

- 1. Install the drive filler or a new drive to cover the drive bay. See "Install a hot-swap drive" on page 84.
- 2. If you are instructed to return the old hot-swap drive, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a hot-swap drive

Use this information to install a hot-swap drive.



The following notes describe the type of drives that your server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a drive.

- Depending on your server models, your server supports the following types of drives:
 - SAS/SATA HDD
 - SAS/SATA SSD
 - NVMe SSD

For a list of supported drives, see:

https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml

- The drive bays are numbered to indicate the installation order (starting from number "0"). Follow the installation order when you install a drive. See "Front view" on page 17.
- You can mix drives of different types and different capacities in one system, but not in one RAID array. The following order is recommended when installing the drives:
 - Drive type priority: NVMe SSD, SAS SSD, SATA SSD, SAS HDD, SATA HDD
 - Drive capacity priority: the lowest capacity first
- For server models with ten 2.5-inch drive bays in the front, NVMe drives are supported in drive bays 6–9.
- The drives in a single RAID array must be the same type, same size, and same capacity.

Before installing a hot-swap drive:

1. Remove the drive filler from the drive bay. Keep the drive filler in a safe place.

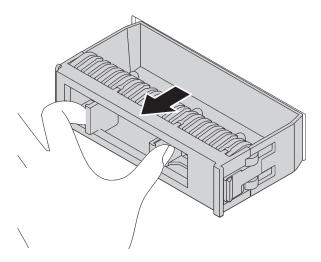


Figure 48. Drive filler removal

2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new drive to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new drive out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a hot-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

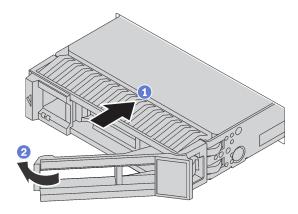


Figure 49. Hot-swap drive installation

- Step 1. Ensure that the drive tray handle is in the open position. Slide the drive into the drive bay until it snaps into position.
- Step 2. Close the drive tray handle to lock the drive in place.
- Step 3. Check the drive status LED to verify that the drive is operating correctly.
 - If the yellow drive status LED is lit continuously, that drive is faulty and must be replaced.
 - If the green drive activity LED is flashing, the drive is being accessed.
- Step 4. Continue to install additional hot-swap drives if necessary.

After installing all hot-swap drives:

- 1. Reinstall the security bezel. See "Install the security bezel" on page 64.
- 2. Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to configure the RAID if necessary. For more information,

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/RAID_setup.html

Simple-swap drive replacement

Use this information to remove and install a simple-swap drive.

Notes:

- The term "simple-swap drive" refers to all the supported types of simple-swap hard disk drives (HDDs) and simple-swap solid-state drives (SSDs).
- You must power off the server before installing or replacing a simple-swap drive.
- Use any documentation that comes with the drive and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this topic. Ensure that you have all the cables and other equipment that are specified in the documentation that comes with the drive.
- The electromagnetic interference (EMI) integrity and cooling of the server are protected by having all drive bays covered or occupied. The vacant bays are either covered by an EMI-protective panel or occupied by drive fillers. When installing a drive, save the removed drive filler in case that you later remove the drive and need the drive filler to cover the place.
- To avoid damage to the drive connectors, ensure that the top cover is in place and fully closed whenever you install or remove a drive.

Remove a simple-swap drive

Use this information to remove a simple-swap drive.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION: **Static Sensitive Device** Ground package before opening" on page 52

Before removing a simple-swap drive:

- 1. Ensure that you have back up data on your drive, especially if it is part of a RAID array.
 - Before you make changes to drives, drive controllers, drive backplanes, or drive cables, back up all important data that is stored on the drives.
 - Before you remove any component of a RAID array, back up all RAID configuration information.
- 2. If the security bezel is installed, remove it first. See "Remove the security bezel" on page 63.

Attention: To make sure that there is adequate system cooling, do not operate the server for more than two minutes without either a drive or a drive filler installed in each bay.

To remove a simple-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

Step 1. Use a screwdriver to unlock the handle lock **1**. The handle opens automatically.

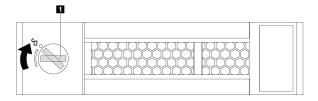


Figure 50. Opening the drive tray handle

Step 2. Grasp the handle and slide the drive out of the drive bay.

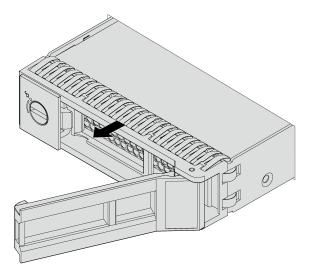


Figure 51. Simple-swap drive removal

After removing a simple-swap drive:

- Install the drive filler or a new drive to cover the drive bay. See "Install a simple-swap drive" on page 88.
- If you are instructed to return the old drive, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a simple-swap drive

Use this information to install a simple-swap drive.







"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Notes:

- For a list of supported drives, see https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml.
- The drive bays are numbered to indicate the installation order (starting from number "0"). Follow the installation order when you install a drive. See "Front view" on page 17.
- You can mix drives of different types and different capacities in one system, but not in one RAID array. The following order is recommended when installing the drives:
 - Drive type priority: SATA SSD, SATA HDD
 - Drive capacity priority: the lowest capacity first
- The drives in a single RAID array must be the same type, same size, and same capacity.

Before installing a simple-swap drive:

- 1. If there is a drive filler installed, remove it and keep it in a safe place.
- 2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new drive to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new drive out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a simple-swap drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

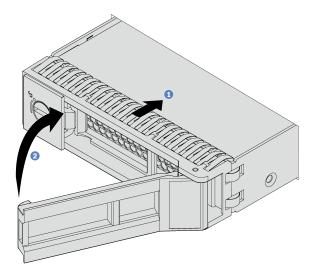


Figure 52. Simple-swap drive installation

- Step 1. Ensure that the drive tray handle is in the open position. Slide the drive into the drive bay until it snaps into position.
- Step 2. Close the drive tray handle to lock the drive in place.

Step 3. Continue to install additional simple-swap drives if necessary.

After installing all simple-swap drives:

- 1. Reinstall the security bezel. See "Install the security bezel" on page 64.
- 2. Power on the server.
- Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to configure the RAID if necessary. For more information, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/RAID_setup.html

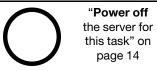
LOM adapter replacement

Use this information to remove and install the LOM adapter.

Remove the LOM adapter

Use this information to remove the LOM adapter.







Before removing the LOM adapter:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. If riser 1 assembly is installed, remove it to access the LOM adapter slot.

To remove the LOM adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

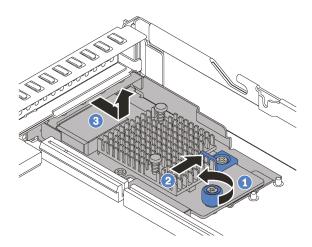


Figure 53. LOM adapter removal

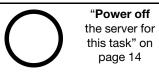
- Step 1. Loosen the thumbscrew that secures the LOM adapter.
- Step 2. Push the LOM adapter out of the connector on the system board.
- Step 3. Slide the LOM adapter as shown and lift the LOM adapter out of the chassis.

If you are instructed to return the old LOM adapter, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the LOM adapter

Use this information to install the LOM adapter.







Before installing the LOM adapter:

- 1. If riser 1 assembly is installed, remove it to access the LOM adapter slot.
- 2. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new LOM adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new LOM adapter out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the LOM adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

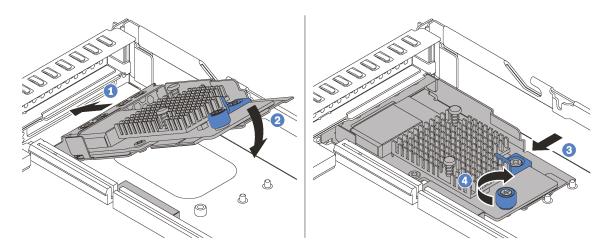


Figure 54. LOM adapter installation

- Step 1. Insert the LOM adapter into the rear of the chassis at an angle as shown.
- Step 2. Lower the LOM adapter and slide it to the rear of the chassis until the LOM adapter stops.
- Step 3. Push the LOM adapter as shown to insert it into the connector on the system board.
- Step 4. Tighten the thumbscrew to secure the LOM adapter.

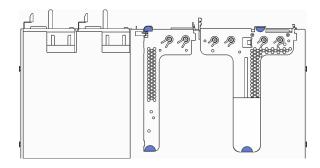
After installing the LOM adapter, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Riser card replacement

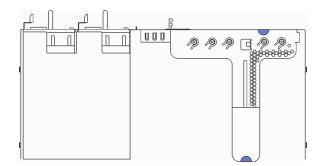
Use this information to remove and install a riser card.

Your server comes with one of the following riser assembly configurations:

Configuration 1



Configuration 2



- Riser 1 assembly: LP + LP
- Riser 2 assembly: LP (available on some models)
- Riser 1 assembly: LP + FHHL

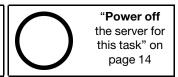
For information about the supported riser cards for each configuration, see "Rear view" on page 21.

There are three types of riser assemblies. The removal and installation procedure of the riser card is similar for all types of riser assemblies. The following procedures are based on the riser assembly in configuration 2.

Remove a riser card

Use this information to remove a riser card.







Before removing a riser card, remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.

To remove a riser card, complete the following steps:

Note: The riser assembly you want to remove might be different from the following illustrations, but the removal method is the same.

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. Grasp the riser assembly by its edges and carefully lift it out of the chassis.

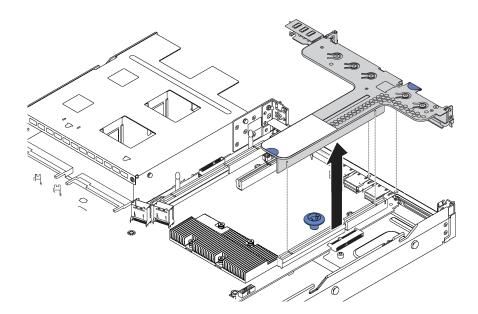


Figure 55. Riser assembly removal

- If there is any PCIe adapter installed on the riser card, record the cable connections first. Then, Step 2. disconnect all cables from the PCIe adapter and completely remove the riser assembly out of the chassis.
- Step 3. Remove the PCIe adapters that are installed on the riser card. See "Remove a PCIe adapter" on page 94.
- Step 4. Remove the two screws that secure the riser card to the bracket. Then, remove the riser card.

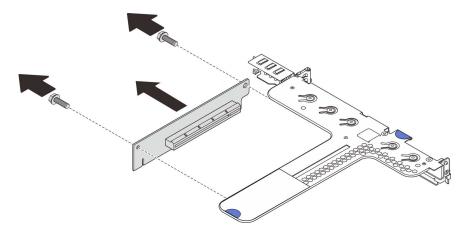


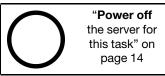
Figure 56. Riser card removal

If you are instructed to return the old riser card, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a riser card

Use this information to install a riser card.







"ATTENTION: Static Sensitive Device Ground package before opening" on page 52

Before installing a riser card, touch the static-protective package that contains the new riser card to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new riser card out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a riser card, complete the following steps:

Note: The riser assembly you want to install might be different from the illustrations below, but the installation method is the same.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391
- Step 1. Note the notch on the riser card and ensure that the orientation of the riser card is correct as shown. Then, align the screw holes in the new riser card with the corresponding ones in the bracket and install the two screws to secure the riser card to the bracket.

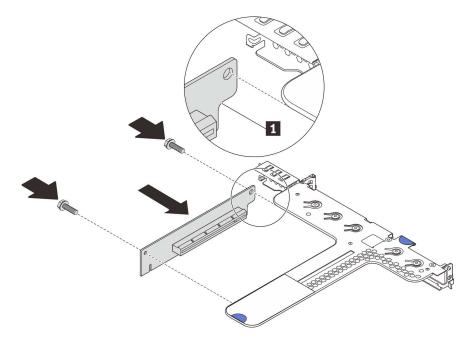


Figure 57. Riser card installation

- Step 2. Reinstall the PCle adapters on the new riser card. See "Install a PCle adapter" on page 95.
- Step 3. Refer to your note to reconnect any cables to the PCIe adapters on the new riser card.

Step 4. Position the riser assembly on the chassis. Align the two pins on the bracket with the two holes in the chassis and align the riser card with the riser slot on the system board. Then, carefully press the riser assembly straight down into the slot until it is fully seated.

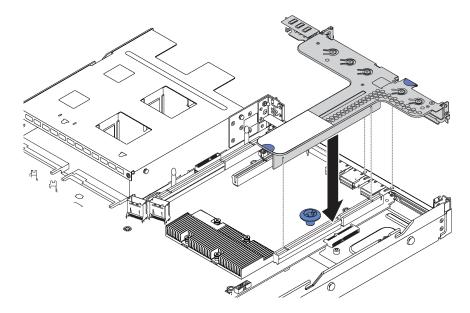


Figure 58. Riser assembly installation

After installing the riser card, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

PCIe adapter replacement

Use this information to remove and install a PCIe adapter.

The PCIe adapter can be an Ethernet adapter, a host bus adapter (HBA), a PCIe RAID adapter, a PCIe interposer adapter, a PCIe solid-state drive, and any other supported PCIe adapters.

Notes:

- Depending on the specific type, the PCle adapter might look different from the illustrations in this topic.
- Use any documentation that comes with the PCle adapter and follow those instructions in addition to the instructions in this topic.

Remove a PCIe adapter

Use this information to remove a PCIe adapter.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before removing a PCIe adapter:

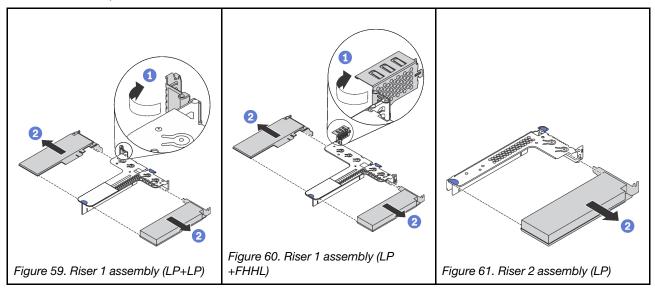
- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove the riser assembly. See "Remove a riser card" on page 91.

To remove a PCIe adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Table 28. PCIe adapter removal

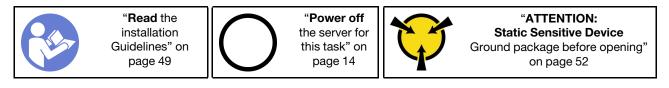


- Step 1. (Skip this step for riser 2 assembly.) Pivot the latch on the riser bracket to the open position.
- Step 2. Grasp the PCIe adapter by its edges and carefully pull it out of the PCIe adapter slot on the riser card.

If you are instructed to return the old PCle adapter, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a PCIe adapter

Use this information to install a PCle adapter.



Before installing a PCIe adapter:

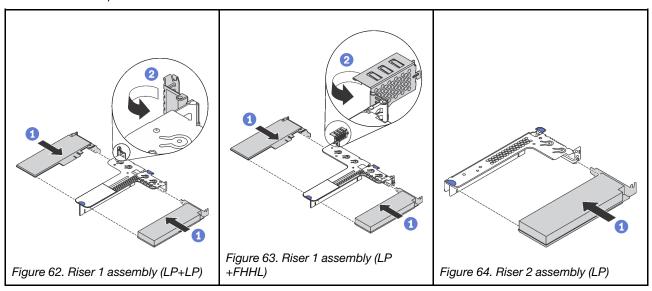
- Touch the static-protective package that contains the new PCle adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new PCle adapter out of the package and place it on a staticprotective surface.
- 2. Locate the correct PCle slot for the PCle adapter. For information about the PCle slots and supported PCle adapters, see "Rear view" on page 21.

To install a PCle adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Table 29. PCIe adapter installation



- Step 1. Align the PCIe adapter with the PCIe slot on the riser card. Then, carefully press the PCIe adapter straight into the slot until it is securely seated and its bracket also is secured.
- Step 2. (Skip this step for riser 2 assembly.) Pivot the latch on the riser bracket to the closed position.

After installing the PCIe adapter:

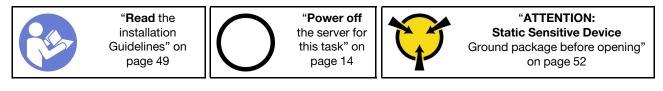
- 1. Reinstall the riser assembly. See "Install a riser card" on page 92.
- 2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Hot-swap drive backplane replacement

Use this information to remove and install the hot-swap drive backplane.

Remove the backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to remove the backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives.



Before removing the backplane:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove all the installed drives and drive fillers from the drive bays. See "Remove a hot-swap drive" on page 83.
- 3. Disconnect the cables from the backplane.

To remove the backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

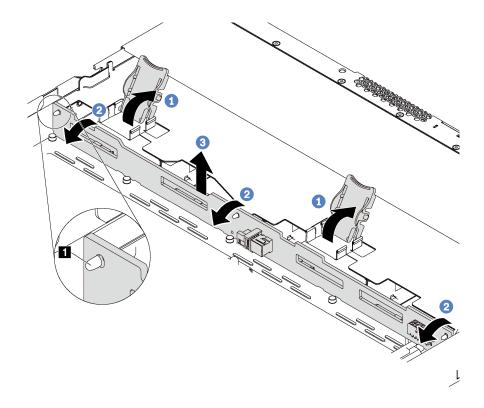


Figure 65. Removal of backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

- Step 1. Open the release latches that secure the backplane.
- Step 2. Pivot the backplane backward slightly to release it from the three pins
 on the chassis.
- Step 3. Carefully remove the backplane out of the chassis from under the front I/O assembly cables.

If you are instructed to return the old backplane, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to install the backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before installing the backplane, touch the static-protective package that contains the new backplane to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new backplane out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

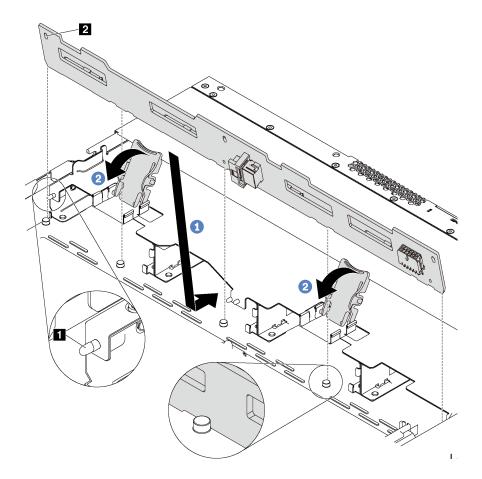


Figure 66. Installation of backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives

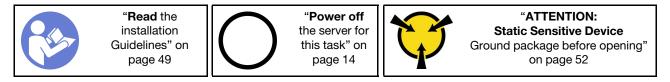
- Step 1. Put the backplane under the front I/O assembly cables, align it with the chassis, and lower it into the chassis. Put the backplane into place with it leaning backward slightly so that the three pins on the chassis pass through the three holes I in the backplane.
- Step 2. Close the release latches to secure the backplane in place.

After installing the backplane:

- 1. Connect the cables to the backplane. See "Backplane for four 3.5-inch hot-swap drives" on page 35.
- 2. Reinstall all the drives and drive fillers into the drive bays. See "Install a hot-swap drive" on page 84.
- 3. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Remove the backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to remove the backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.



Before removing the backplane:

1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.

- 2. Remove all the installed drives and drive fillers from the drive bays. See "Remove a hot-swap drive" on page 83.
- 3. Disconnect the cables from the backplane.

To remove the backplane, complete the following step:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

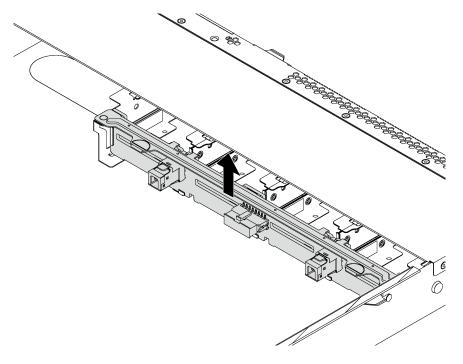


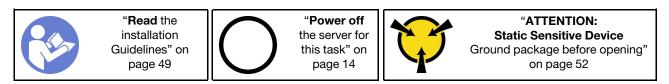
Figure 67. Removal of backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Step 1. Grasp the backplane and carefully lift it out of the chassis.

If you are instructed to return the old backplane, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to install the backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.



Before installing the backplane, touch the static-protective package that contains the new backplane to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new backplane out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

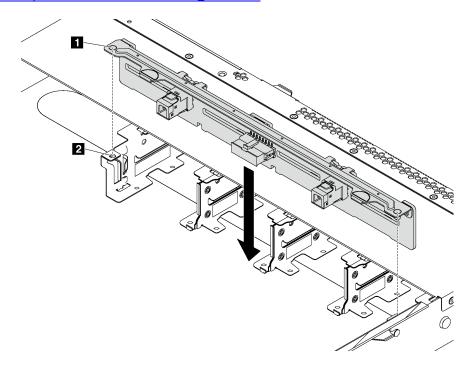


Figure 68. Installation of backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

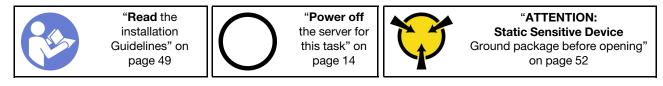
- Step 1. Align the two pins **1** on the backplane with the corresponding holes **2** in the chassis.
- Step 2. Lower the backplane into the chassis. Ensure that the pins pass through the holes and the backplane is fully seated in place.

After installing the backplane:

- 1. Connect the cables to the backplane. See "Backplane for eight 2.5-inch hot-swap drives" on page 36.
- 2. Reinstall all the drives and drive fillers into the drive bays. See "Install a hot-swap drive" on page 84.
- 3. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Remove the backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to remove the backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.



Before removing the backplane:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove all the installed drives and drive fillers from the drive bays. See "Remove a hot-swap drive" on page 83.
- 3. Disconnect the cables from the backplane.

To remove the backplane, complete the following step:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

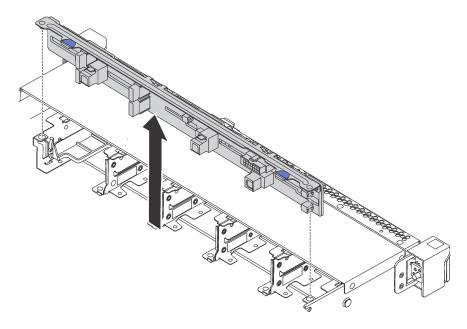


Figure 69. Removal of backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Step 1. Grasp the backplane and carefully lift it out of the chassis.

If you are instructed to return the old backplane, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

Use this information to install the backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before installing the backplane, touch the static-protective package that contains the new backplane to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new backplane out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

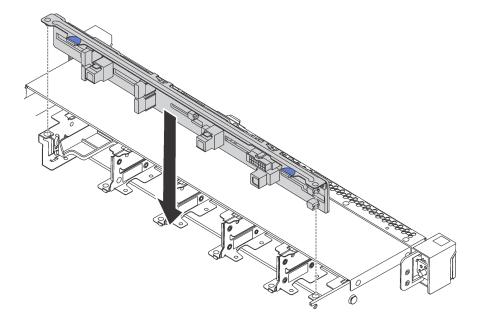


Figure 70. Installation of backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives

- Step 1. Align the two pins on the backplane with the corresponding holes in the chassis as shown.
- Step 2. Lower the backplane into the chassis. Ensure that the pins pass through the holes and the backplane is fully seated in place.

After installing the backplane:

- 1. Connect the cables to the backplane. See "Backplane for ten 2.5-inch hot-swap drives" on page 37.
- 2. Reinstall all the drives and drive fillers into the drive bays. See "Install a hot-swap drive" on page 84.
- 3. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Simple-swap drive backplate assembly replacement

Use this information to remove and install the simple-swap drive backplate assembly.

Remove the simple-swap drive backplate assembly

Use this information to remove the simple-swap drive backplate assembly.







Before removing the simple-swap drive backplate assembly:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove all the installed drives and drive fillers from the drive bays. See "Remove a simple-swap drive" on page 86.
- 3. Disconnect the cables of the simple-swap drive backplate assembly from the system board.

To remove the simple-swap drive backplate assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

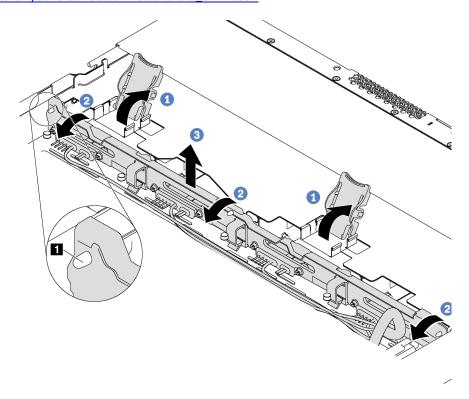


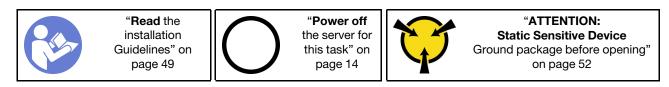
Figure 71. Simple-swap drive backplate assembly removal

- Step 1. Open the release latches that secure the simple-swap drive backplate assembly.
- Step 2. Pivot the simple-swap drive backplate assembly backward slightly to release it from the three pins on the chassis.
- Step 3. Carefully remove the simple-swap drive backplate assembly out of the chassis from under the front I/O assembly cables.

If you are instructed to return the old simple-swap drive backplate assembly, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the simple-swap drive backplate assembly

Use this information to install the simple-swap drive backplate assembly.



Before installing the simple-swap drive backplate assembly, touch the static-protective package that contains the new backplate assembly to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new backplate assembly out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the simple-swap drive backplate assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

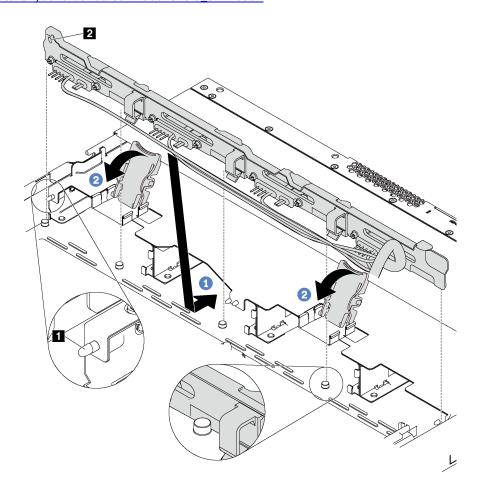


Figure 72. Simple-swap drive backplate assembly installation

- Step 1. Put the simple-swap drive backplate assembly under the front I/O assembly cables, align it with the chassis, and lower it into the chassis. Put the assembly into place with it leaning backward slightly so that the three pins \blacksquare on the chassis pass through the three holes \blacksquare in the assembly.
- Step 2. Close the release latches to secure the simple-swap drive backplate assembly in place.

After installing the simple-swap drive backplate assembly:

- 1. Connect cables of the simple-swap drive backplate assembly to the system board. See "Backplate for four 3.5-inch simple-swap drives" on page 42.
- 2. Reinstall all the drives and drive fillers that you removed. See "Install a simple-swap drive" on page 88.
- 3. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

CMOS battery replacement

Use this information to remove and install the CMOS battery.

Remove the CMOS battery

Use this information to remove the CMOS battery.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

The following tips describe information that you must consider when removing the CMOS battery.

 Lenovo has designed this product with your safety in mind. The lithium CMOS battery must be handled correctly to avoid possible danger. If you replace the CMOS battery, you must adhere to the following instructions.

Note: In the U.S., call 1-800-IBM-4333 for information about battery disposal.

- If you replace the original lithium battery with a heavy-metal battery or a battery with heavy-metal
 components, be aware of the following environmental consideration. Batteries and accumulators that
 contain heavy metals must not be disposed of with normal domestic waste. They will be taken back free
 of charge by the manufacturer, distributor, or representative, to be recycled or disposed of in a proper
 manner
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-IBM-SERV within the U.S., and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your support center or business partner.

Note: After you replace the CMOS battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.

S004



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only Lenovo specified part number or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- · Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- · Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

S002



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To

remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.

Before removing the CMOS battery:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove any parts and disconnect any cables that might impede your access to the CMOS battery.

To remove the CMOS battery, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391
- Step 1. Locate the CMOS battery. See "System board components" on page 27.
- Step 2. Press the battery as shown and carefully lift the CMOS battery out of the socket.

Attention:

- Failing to remove the CMOS battery properly might damage the socket on the system board. Any damage to the socket might require replacing the system board.
- Do not tilt or push the CMOS battery by using excessive force.

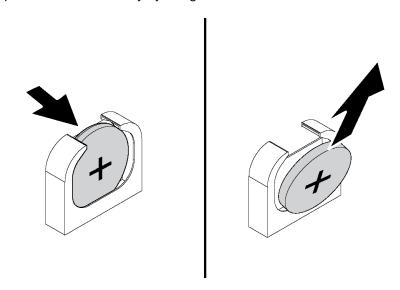


Figure 73. CMOS battery removal

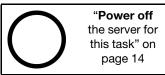
After removing the CMOS battery:

- 1. Install a new one. See "Install the CMOS battery" on page 106.
- 2. Dispose of the CMOS battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

Install the CMOS battery

Use this information to install the CMOS battery.







The following tips describe information that you must consider when installing the CMOS battery.

• Lenovo has designed this product with your safety in mind. The lithium battery must be handled correctly to avoid possible danger. If you install the CMOS battery, you must adhere to the following instructions.

Note: In the U. S., call 1-800-IBM-4333 for information about battery disposal.

- If you replace the original lithium battery with a heavy-metal battery or a battery with heavy-metal
 components, be aware of the following environmental consideration. Batteries and accumulators that
 contain heavy metals must not be disposed of with normal domestic waste. They will be taken back free
 of charge by the manufacturer, distributor, or representative, to be recycled or disposed of in a proper
 manner.
- To order replacement batteries, call 1-800-IBM-SERV within the U.S., and 1-800-465-7999 or 1-800-465-6666 within Canada. Outside the U.S. and Canada, call your support center or business partner.

Note: After you install the CMOS battery, you must reconfigure the server and reset the system date and time.

S004



CAUTION:

When replacing the lithium battery, use only Lenovo specified part number or an equivalent type battery recommended by the manufacturer. If your system has a module containing a lithium battery, replace it only with the same module type made by the same manufacturer. The battery contains lithium and can explode if not properly used, handled, or disposed of.

Do not:

- Throw or immerse into water
- Heat to more than 100°C (212°F)
- Repair or disassemble

Dispose of the battery as required by local ordinances or regulations.

S002



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.

To install the CMOS battery, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

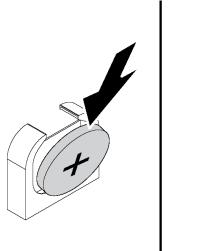




Figure 74. CMOS battery installation

- Step 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new CMOS battery to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new CMOS battery out of the package.
- Step 2. Install the new CMOS battery as shown. Ensure that the CMOS battery is seated in place.

After installing the CMOS battery:

- 1. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.
- 2. Use the Setup utility to set the date, time, and any passwords.

TCM/TPM adapter replacement (for Chinese Mainland only)

Use this information to remove and install the TCM/TPM adapter (sometimes called a daughter card).

For customers in Chinese Mainland, integrated TPM is not supported. However, customers in Chinese Mainland can install a Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) adapter or a TPM adapter (sometimes called a daughter card).

Remove the TCM/TPM adapter (for Chinese Mainland only)

Use this information to remove the TCM/TPM adapter.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before removing the TCM/TPM adapter, remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.

To remove the TCM/TPM adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

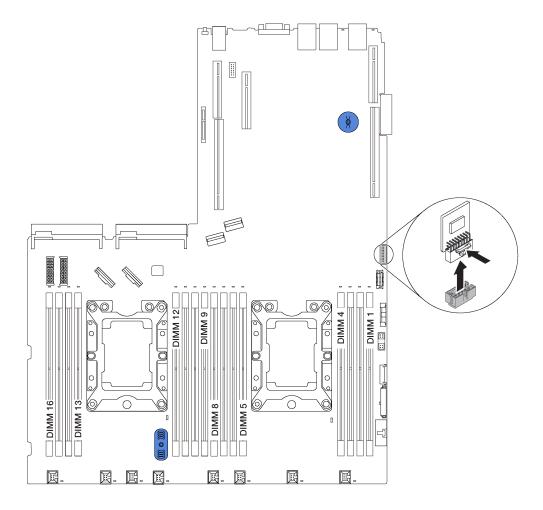


Figure 75. TCM/TPM adapter removal

- Step 1. Locate the TCM/TPM connector on the system board.
- Step 2. Press and hold the release latch, and then lift the TCM/TPM adapter straight up.

Notes:

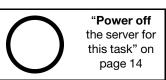
- Carefully handle the TCM/TPM adapter by its edges.
- Your TCM/TPM adapter might look slightly different from the illustration.

If you are instructed to return the old TCM/TPM adapter, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the TCM/TPM adapter (for Chinese Mainland only)

Use this information to install the TCM/TPM adapter.







Before installing the TCM/TPM adapter, touch the static-protective package that contains the new TCM/TPM adapter to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new TCM/TPM adapter out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the TCM/TPM adapter, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

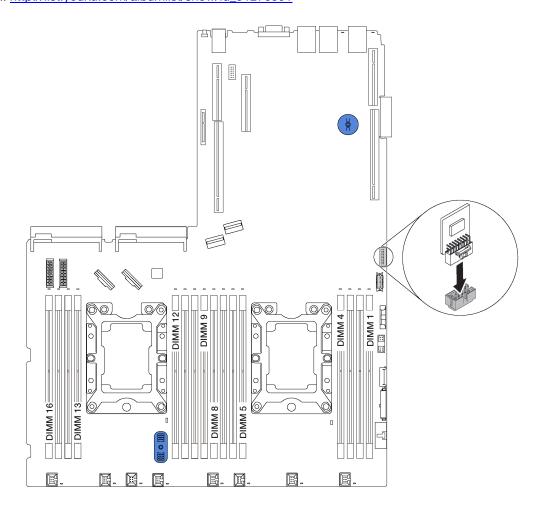


Figure 76. TCM/TPM adapter installation

- Step 1. Locate the TCM/TPM connector on the system board.
- Step 2. Insert the TCM/TPM adapter into the TCM/TPM connector on the system board.

Notes:

- Carefully handle the TCM/TPM adapter by its edges.
- Your TCM/TPM adapter might look slightly different from the illustration.

After installing the TCM/TPM adapter, complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

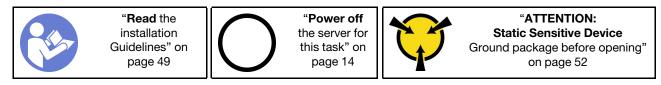
Serial port module replacement

Use this information to remove and install the serial port module.

Note: The serial port module is available only on some models.

Remove the serial port module

Use this information to remove the serial port module.



Before removing the serial port module, remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.

To remove the serial port module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Note: The serial port module might be installed on riser 1 assembly or riser 2 assembly. The following steps are based on the scenario that the serial port module is installed on riser 2 assembly. The removal procedure is the same for the serial port module installed on riser 1 assembly.

- Step 1. Disconnect the cable of the serial port module from the system board.
- Step 2. Grasp the riser assembly with the serial port module and carefully lift it out of the server.

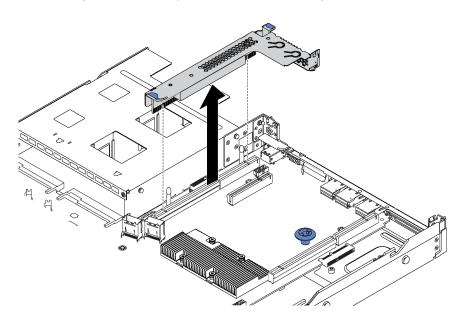


Figure 77. Riser assembly removal

Step 3. Slide the serial port module out of the riser assembly.

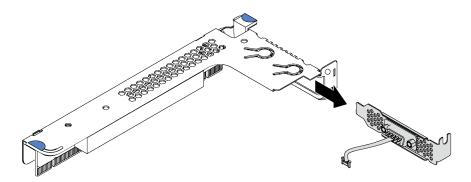


Figure 78. Serial port module removal

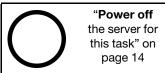
After removing the serial port module:

- 1. Install a new serial port module, a PCIe adapter, or a PCIe slot bracket to cover the place.
- 2. If you are instructed to return the old serial port module, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the serial port module

Use this information to install the serial port module.







Before installing the serial port module, touch the static-protective package that contains the new serial port module to any unpainted surface out of the server. Then, take the new serial port module out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the serial port module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

Note: The serial port module can be installed on riser 1 assembly or riser 2 assembly. The following steps are based on the scenario that the serial port module is to be installed on riser 2 assembly. The installation procedure is the same for the serial port module to be installed on riser 1 assembly.

Grasp the riser assembly by its edges and carefully lift it out of the server.

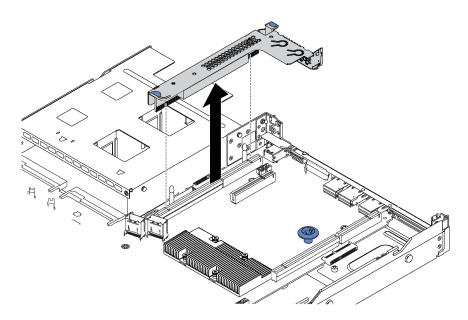


Figure 79. Riser assembly removal

Step 2. If the riser assembly is covered with a PCIe slot bracket, remove the bracket first. Then, install the serial port module into the riser assembly.

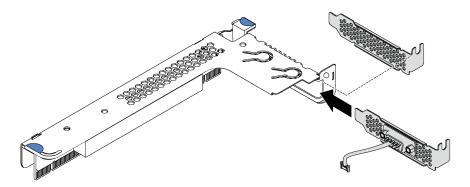


Figure 80. Serial port module installation

Step 3. Insert the riser assembly into the riser slot on the system board. Ensure that the riser assembly is fully seated.

Step 4. Connect the cable of the serial port module to the serial-port-module connector on the system board. For the location of the serial-port-module connector, refer to "System board components" on page 27. If the serial port module is installed in PCle slot 1, route the cable of the serial port module as shown.

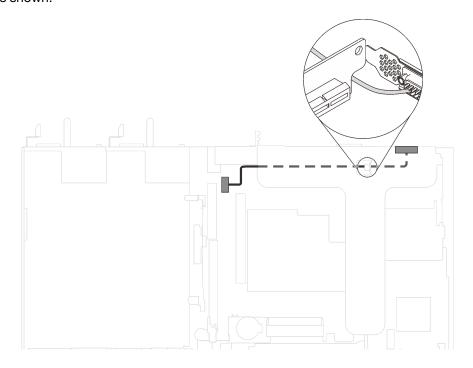


Figure 81. Cable routing for serial port module installed in PCle slot 1

After installing the serial port module:

- Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.
- To enable the serial port module, do one of the following according to the installed operating system:
 - For Linux operating system:

Open the ipmitool and enter the following command to disable the Serial over LAN (SOL) feature:

- -I lanplus -H IP -U USERID -P PASSWORD sol deactivate
- For Microsoft Windows operating system:
 - 1. Open the ipmitool and enter the following command to disable the SOL feature:
 - -I lanplus -H IP -U USERID -P PASSWORD sol deactivate
 - 2. Open Windows PowerShell and enter the following command to disable the Emergency Management Services (EMS) feature:

Bcdedit /ems no

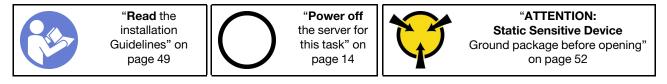
3. Restart the server to ensure that the EMS setting takes effect.

M.2 backplane and M.2 drive replacement

Use this information to remove and install the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive (an assembled M.2 backplane and M.2 drive is also known as M.2 module).

Remove the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive

Use this information to remove the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive.



Before removing the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. For easier operation, remove the riser assembly next to the M.2 backplane. See "Remove a riser card" on page 91.

To remove the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. Grasp the M.2 backplane at both ends and pull it straight up to remove it from the system board.

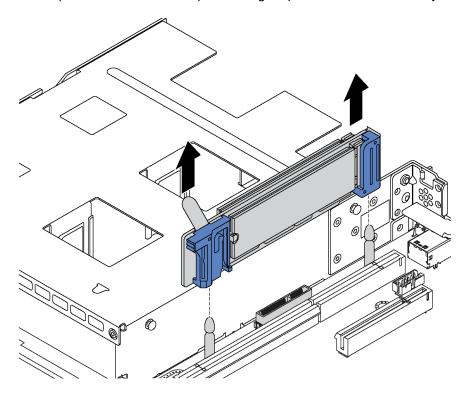


Figure 82. M.2 backplane removal

Step 2. Remove the M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane.

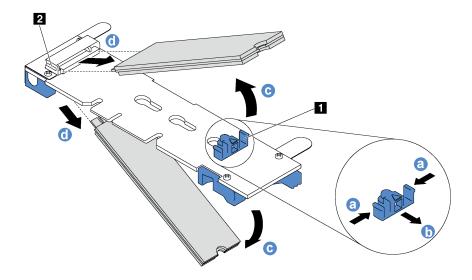


Figure 83. M.2 drive removal

- Press both sides of the retainer 1.
- b. Slide the retainer backward to loosen the M.2 drive from the M.2 backplane.

Note: If the M.2 backplane has two M.2 drives, they will both release outward when you slide the retainer backward.

- c. Rotate the M.2 drive away from the M.2 backplane.
- d. Pull it away from the connector 2 at an angle of approximately 30 degrees.

If you are instructed to return the old M.2 backplane or M.2 drive, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Adjust the retainer on the M.2 backplane

Use this information to adjust the retainer on the M.2 backplane.







"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before adjusting the retainer on the M.2 backplane, locate the correct keyhole that the retainer should be installed into to accommodate the particular size of the M.2 drive you wish to install.

To adjust the retainer on the M.2 backplane, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the adjustment process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

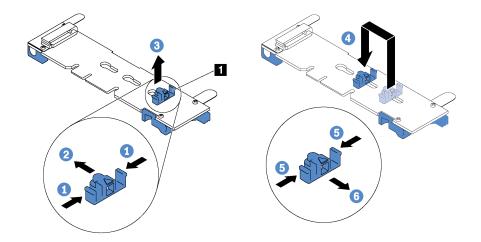
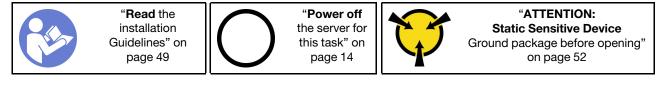


Figure 84. M.2 retainer adjustment

- Step 1. Press both sides of the retainer 1.
- Step 2. Move the retainer forward until it is in the large opening of the keyhole.
- Step 3. Take the retainer out of the keyhole.
- Step 4. Insert the retainer into the correct keyhole.
- Step 5. Press both sides of the retainer.
- Step 6. Slide the retainer backwards until it is seated in place.

Install the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive

Use this information to install the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive.



Before installing the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new M.2 backplane and M.2 drive to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new M.2 backplane and M.2 drive out of the package and place them on a static-protective surface.
- 2. Adjust the retainer on the M.2 backplane to accommodate the particular size of the M.2 drive you wish to install. See "Adjust the retainer on the M.2 backplane" on page 116.

3. Locate the connector on each side of the M.2 backplane.

Notes:

- Some M.2 backplanes support two identical M.2 drives. When two M.2 drives are installed, align and support both M.2 drives when sliding the retainer forward to secure the M.2 drives.
- Install the M.2 drive in slot 0 first.

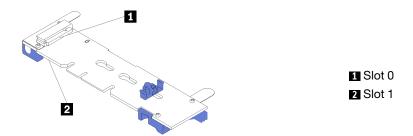


Figure 85. M.2 drive slot

To install the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

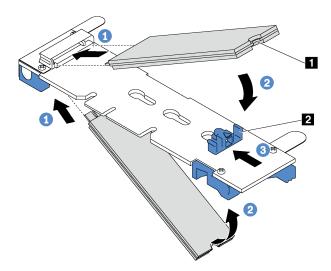


Figure 86. M.2 drive installation

Step 1. Insert the M.2 drive at an angle of approximately 30 degrees into the connector.

Note: If your M.2 backplane supports two M.2 drives, insert the M.2 drives into the connectors at both sides.

Step 2. Rotate the M.2 drive down until the notch 11 catches on the lip of the retainer 21.

Step 3. Slide the retainer forward (toward the connector) to secure the M.2 drive into place.

Attention: When sliding the retainer forward, ensure that the two nubs **1** on the retainer enter the small holes **4** on the M.2 backplane. Once they enter the holes, you will hear a soft "click" sound.

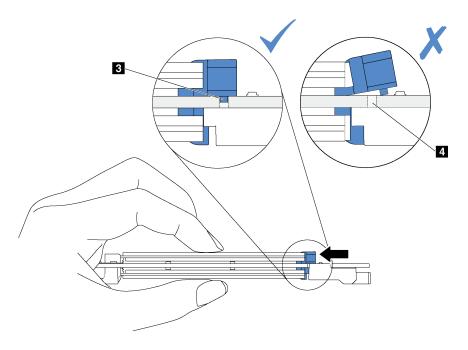


Figure 87. Instruction for sliding the retainer

Step 4. Align the blue plastic supports at each end of the M.2 backplane with the guide pins on the system board. Then, insert the M.2 backplane into the M.2 slot on the system board and press it down to fully seat it.

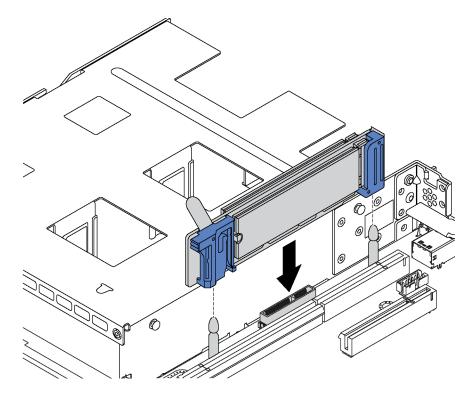


Figure 88. M.2 backplane installation

After installing the M.2 drive and M.2 backplane:

- 1. Reinstall the riser assembly next to the M.2 backplane. See "Install a riser card" on page 92.
- 2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.
- 3. Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to configure the RAID. For more information, see: http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/RAID_setup.html

RAID super capacitor module replacement

Use this information to remove and install a RAID super capacitor module.

The RAID super capacitor module protects the cache memory on the installed RAID adapter. You can purchase a RAID super capacitor module from Lenovo.

For a list of supported options, see:

https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml

Remove a RAID super capacitor module

Use this information to remove a RAID super capacitor module.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before removing a RAID super capacitor module:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove the air baffle. See "Remove the air baffle" on page 55.

To remove a RAID super capacitor module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

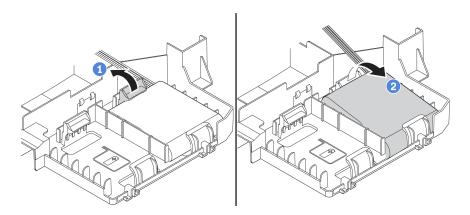


Figure 89. Removal of a RAID super capacitor module

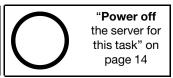
- Step 1. Gently press the tab on the air baffle as shown.
- Step 2. Remove the RAID super capacitor module from the air baffle.

If you are instructed to return the old RAID super capacitor module, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a RAID super capacitor module

Use this information to install a RAID super capacitor module.







Before installing a RAID super capacitor module, touch the static-protective package that contains the new RAID super capacitor module to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new RAID super capacitor module out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a RAID super capacitor module, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

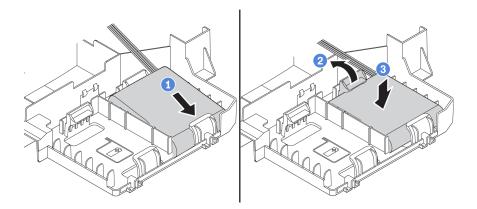


Figure 90. Installation of a RAID super capacitor module

- Step 1. Insert the RAID super capacitor module into the slot at the bottom of the air baffle as shown.
- Step 2. Gently press the tab on the air baffle as shown.
- Step 3. Press down the RAID super capacitor module to install it into the slot.

After installing the RAID super capacitor module:

- 1. Connect the RAID super capacitor module to a RAID adapter with the extension cable that comes with the RAID super capacitor module.
- 2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Front I/O assembly replacement

Use this information to remove and install the front I/O assembly.

Remove the front I/O assembly

Use this information to remove the front I/O assembly.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before removing the front I/O assembly:

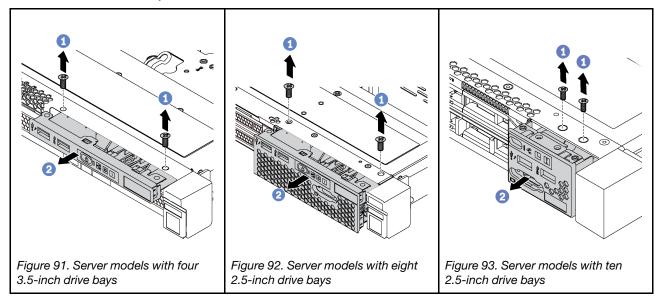
- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. If the security bezel is installed, remove it. See "Remove the security bezel" on page 63.
- 3. Disconnect cables of the front I/O assembly from the system board.

To remove the front I/O assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id 51276391

Table 30. Front I/O assembly removal



- Step 1. Remove the screws that secure the front I/O assembly.
- Step 2. Slide the front I/O assembly out of the assembly bay.

If you are instructed to return the old front I/O assembly, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install the front I/O assembly

Use this information to install the front I/O assembly.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION: Static Sensitive Device Ground package before opening" on page 52

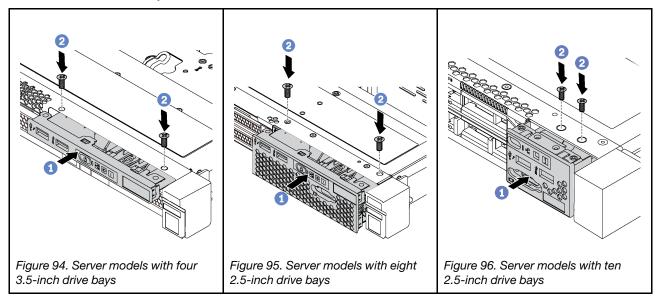
Before installing the front I/O assembly, touch the static-protective package that contains the new front I/O assembly to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new front I/O assembly out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install the front I/O assembly, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Table 31. Front I/O assembly installation



- Step 1. Insert the front I/O assembly into the assembly bay.
- Step 2. Install the screws to secure the front I/O assembly in place.

After installing the front I/O assembly:

- 1. Connect the cables of the front I/O assembly to the system board. For the location of the connectors on the system board, refer to "System board components" on page 27.
- 2. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

Hot-swap power supply replacement

Use this information to remove and install a hot-swap power supply.

Remove a hot-swap power supply

Use this information to remove a hot-swap power supply.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

S035



CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has this label attached. Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

S002



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.

S001





Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous. To avoid a shock hazard:

- Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical outlet/source.
- Connect any equipment that will be attached to this product to properly wired outlets/sources.
- · When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.
- Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- The device might have more than one power cord, to remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.



Figure 97. Hot-swap power supply label on the cover

Attention: This type of power supply is hot-swap only when two power supplies are installed for redundancy. If only one power supply is installed, you must power off the server first before removing the power supply.

The following tips describe the information that you must consider when you remove a power supply with do input.

CAUTION:

240 V dc input (input range: 180-300 V dc) is supported in Chinese Mainland ONLY. Power supply
with 240 V dc input cannot support hot plugging power cord function. Before removing the power
supply with dc input, please turn off server or disconnect dc power sources at the breaker panel or
by turning off the power source. Then, remove the power cord.

 In order for the ThinkSystem products to operate error free in both a DC or AC electrical environment, a TN-S earthing system which complies to 60364-1 IEC 2005 standard has to be present or installed.



在直流输入状态下,若电源供应器插座不支持热插拔功能,请务必不要对设备电源线进行热插拔。此操作可能导致设备损坏及数据丢失。因错误执行热插拔导致的设备故障或损坏,不属于保修范围。

NEVER CONNECT AND DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY CABLE AND EQUIPMENT WHILE YOUR EQUIPMENT IS POWERED ON WITH DC SUPPLY (hot-plugging). Otherwise you may damage the equipment and result in data loss, the damages and losses result from incorrect operation of the equipment will not be covered by the manufacturers' warranty.

S035



CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has this label attached. Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

S019



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device does not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one connection to dc power. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all connections to dc power are disconnected at the dc power input terminals.

To remove a hot-swap power supply, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. If the server is in a rack, adjust the cable management arm (CMA) to gain access to the power supply.

If you have installed the 1U CMA Upgrade Kit for Toolless Slide Rail or Toolless Slide Rail Kit with 1U CMA, do the following:

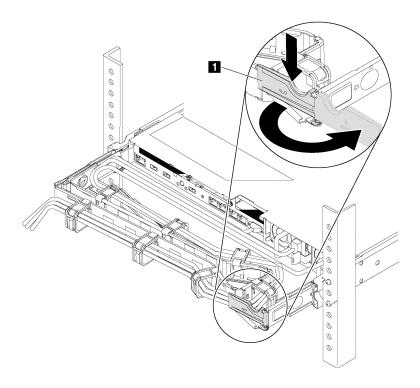


Figure 98. CMA adjustment

- a. Press down the stop bracket **1** and rotate it to the open position.
- b. Rotate the CMA out of the way to gain access to the power supply.
- Step 2. Disconnect the power cord from the hot-swap power supply.

Note: If you are replacing two power supplies, do the power supply replacement one by one to ensure that the power supply to the server is not interrupted. Do not disconnect the power cord from the secondly replaced power supply until the power output LED for the firstly replaced power supply is lit. For the location of the power output LED, refer to "Rear view LEDs" on page 25.

Step 3. Press the release tab toward the handle and carefully pull the handle at the same time to slide the hot-swap power supply out of the chassis.

Note: Slightly pull the power supply upwards when sliding the power supply out of the chassis, if you have installed one of the following CMA kits:

- 1U CMA Upgrade Kit for Toolless Slide Rail
- · Toolless Slide Rail Kit with 1U CMA

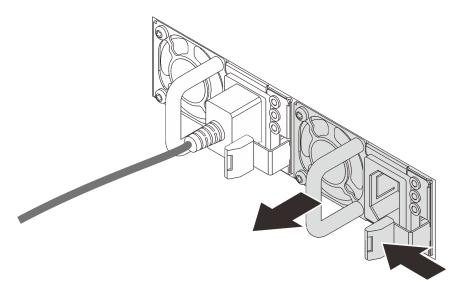


Figure 99. Hot-swap power supply removal

After removing the power supply:

1. Install a new power supply or install the power-supply filler to cover the power supply bay. See "Install a hot-swap power supply" on page 128.

Important: To ensure proper cooling during normal server operation, both of the power supply bays must be occupied. This means that each bay must have a power supply installed; or one has a power supply installed and the other has a power supply filler installed.

2. If you are instructed to return the old hot-swap power supply, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a hot-swap power supply

Use this information to install a hot-swap power supply.





The following tips describe the type of power supply that the server supports and other information that you must consider when you install a power supply:

- The standard shipping has only one power supply installed in the server. For redundancy and hot-swap support, you must install an additional hot-swap power supply. Certain customized models might be shipped with two power supplies installed.
- Ensure that the devices that you are installing are supported. For a list of supported optional devices for the server, see

https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml

Notes:

- Ensure that the two power supplies installed on the server have the same wattage.
- If you are replacing the existing power supply with a new power supply of different wattage, attach the
 power rating label that comes with this option onto the existing label on the top cover near the power
 supply.



Figure 100. Hot-swap power supply label on the cover

S035



CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has this label attached. Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

S002



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device and the power switch on the power supply do not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one power cord. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.

S001





Electrical current from power, telephone, and communication cables is hazardous. To avoid a shock hazard:

- Connect all power cords to a properly wired and grounded electrical outlet/source.
- Connect any equipment that will be attached to this product to properly wired outlets/sources.
- . When possible, use one hand only to connect or disconnect signal cables.
- Never turn on any equipment when there is evidence of fire, water, or structural damage.
- The device might have more than one power cord, to remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all power cords are disconnected from the power source.

The following tips describe the information that you must consider when you install a power supply with dc input.

CAUTION:

- 240 V dc input (input range: 180-300 V dc) is supported in Chinese Mainland ONLY. Power supply
 with 240 V dc input cannot support hot plugging power cord function. Before removing the power
 supply with dc input, please turn off server or disconnect dc power sources at the breaker panel or
 by turning off the power source. Then, remove the power cord.
- In order for the ThinkSystem products to operate error free in both a DC or AC electrical environment, a TN-S earthing system which complies to 60364-1 IEC 2005 standard has to be present or installed.



在直流输入状态下,若电源供应器插座不支持热插拔功能,请务必不要对设备电源线进行热插拔。此操作可能导致设备损坏及数据丢失。因错误执行热插拔导致的设备故障或损坏,不属于保修范围。

NEVER CONNECT AND DISCONNECT THE POWER SUPPLY CABLE AND EQUIPMENT WHILE YOUR EQUIPMENT IS POWERED ON WITH DC SUPPLY (hot-plugging). Otherwise you may damage the equipment and result in data loss, the damages and losses result from incorrect operation of the equipment will not be covered by the manufacturers' warranty.

S035



CAUTION:

Never remove the cover on a power supply or any part that has this label attached. Hazardous voltage, current, and energy levels are present inside any component that has this label attached. There are no serviceable parts inside these components. If you suspect a problem with one of these parts, contact a service technician.

S019



CAUTION:

The power-control button on the device does not turn off the electrical current supplied to the device. The device also might have more than one connection to dc power. To remove all electrical current from the device, ensure that all connections to dc power are disconnected at the dc power input terminals.

Before installing a hot-swap power supply, touch the static-protective package that contains the new hot-swap power supply to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new hot-swap power supply out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.

To install a hot-swap power supply, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391
- Step 1. If the server is in a rack, adjust the CMA to gain access to the power supply bay.

 If you have installed the 1U CMA Upgrade Kit for Toolless Slide Rail or Toolless Slide Rail Kit with 1U CMA, do the following:

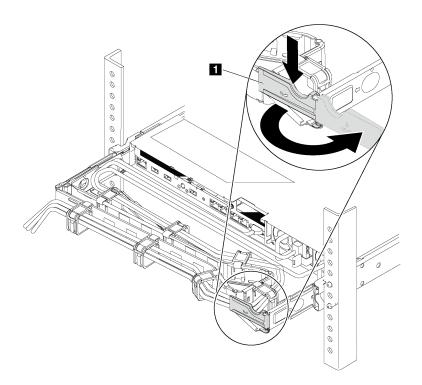


Figure 101. CMA adjustment

- a. Press down the stop bracket **1** and rotate it to the open position.
- b. Rotate the CMA out of the way to gain access to the power supply bay.

Step 2. Remove the power-supply filler.

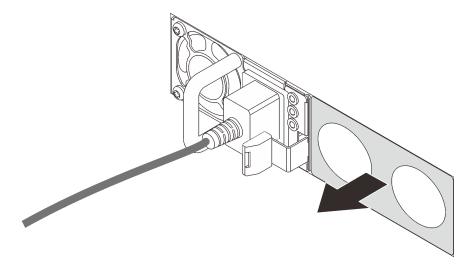


Figure 102. Hot-swap power supply filler removal

Step 3. Slide the new hot-swap power supply into the bay until the release latch clicks into place.

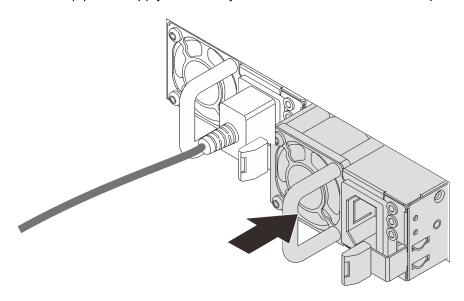


Figure 103. Hot-swap power supply installation

After installing the power supply:

- 1. Connect one end of the power cord to the new power supply connector; then, connect the other end of the power cord into a properly grounded electrical outlet.
- 2. If the server is powered off, power on the server. Ensure that both the power input LED and power output LED on the power supply are lit, indicating that the power supply is operating properly.

Processor and heat sink replacement

Use the following procedures to replace an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heat-sink module (PHM), a processor, or a heat sink.

Attention:

- Before you begin replacing a processor, make sure that you have an alcohol cleaning pad (part number 00MP352) and gray thermal grease (part number 41Y9292).
- Intel Xeon SP Gen 2 processors are supported on the system board with part number 01PE845. If you use the system board with part number 00MX680, update your system firmware to the latest level before installing a Intel Xeon SP Gen 2 processor. Otherwise, the system cannot be powered on.

Important: The processor in your server can throttle in response to thermal conditions, temporarily lowering its speed to reduce heat output. In instances where a few processor cores are throttled for an extremely short time period (100 ms or less), the only indication might be an entry in the operating system event log with no corresponding entry in the system XCC event log. If this situation occurs, the event can be ignored and processor replacement is not required.

Remove a processor and heat sink

This task has instructions for removing an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heat-sink module (PHM), a processor, and a heat sink. All of these tasks require a Torx T30 driver.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Attention:

- Each processor socket must always contain a cover or a PHM. When removing or installing a PHM, protect empty processor sockets with a cover.
- Do not touch the processor socket or processor contacts. Processor-socket contacts are very fragile and easily damaged. Contaminants on the processor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures.
- Remove and install only one PHM at a time. If the system board supports multiple processors, install the PHMs starting with the first processor socket.
- Do not allow the thermal grease on the processor or heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact
 with any surface can compromise the thermal grease, rendering it ineffective. Thermal grease can damage
 components, such as electrical connectors in the processor socket. Do not remove the grease cover from
 a heat sink until you are instructed to do so.
- To ensure the best performance, check the manufacturing date on the new heat sink and make sure it
 does not exceed 2 years. Otherwise, wipe off the existing thermal grease and apply the new grease onto it
 for optimal thermal performance.

Before you remove a PHM:

Note: The heat sink, processor, and processor retainer for your system might be different than those shown in the illustrations.

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove the air baffle. See "Remove the air baffle" on page 55.

3. Remove any parts and disconnect any cables that might impede your access to the PHM.

Complete the following steps to remove a PHM.

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

Step 1. Remove the PHM from the system board.

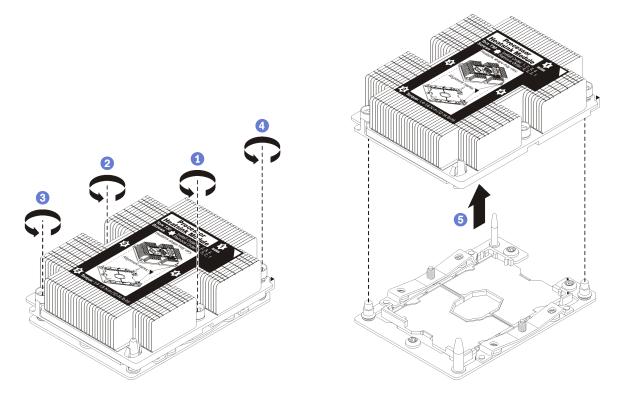


Figure 104. Removing a PHM

Attention: To prevent damage to components, make sure that you follow the indicated loosening sequence.

- a. Fully loosen the Torx T30 captive fasteners on the processor-heat-sink module *in the removal sequence shown* on the heat-sink label.
- b. Lift the processor-heat-sink module from the processor socket.

After you remove a PHM:

- If you are removing the PHM as part of a system board replacement, set the PHM aside.
- If you are replacing the processor or heat sink, separate the processor and its retainer from the heat sink.

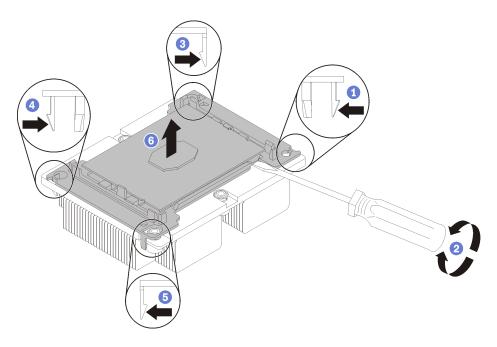


Figure 105. Separating a heat sink from a processor

- 1. Press the retaining clip at the corner of the processor retainer closest to the pry point; then, gently pry this corner of the retainer away from the heat sink with a flat-bladed screwdriver, using a twisting motion to break the processor-to-heat-sink seal.
- 2. Release the remaining retaining clips and lift the processor and retainer from the heat sink.
- 3. After separating the processor and retainer from the heat sink, hold the processor and retainer with the thermal-grease side down and the processor-contact side up to prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer.

Note: The processor retainer will be removed and discarded in a later step and replaced with a new one

- If you are replacing the processor, you will be reusing the heat sink. Wipe the thermal grease from the bottom of the heat sink using an alcohol cleaning pad.
- If you are replacing the heat sink, you will be reusing the processor. Wipe the thermal grease from the top of the processor using an alcohol cleaning pad.

If you are instructed to return the processor or heat sink, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Install a processor and heat sink

This task has instructions for installing an assembled processor and heat sink, known as a processor-heat-sink module (PHM), a processor, and a heat sink. All of these tasks require a Torx T30 driver.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Attention:

- Each processor socket must always contain a cover or a PHM. When removing or installing a PHM, protect empty processor sockets with a cover.
- Do not touch the processor socket or processor contacts. Processor-socket contacts are very fragile and easily damaged. Contaminants on the processor contacts, such as oil from your skin, can cause connection failures.
- Remove and install only one PHM at a time. If the system board supports multiple processors, install the PHMs starting with the first processor socket.
- Do not allow the thermal grease on the processor or heat sink to come in contact with anything. Contact with any surface can compromise the thermal grease, rendering it ineffective. Thermal grease can damage components, such as electrical connectors in the processor socket. Do not remove the grease cover from a heat sink until you are instructed to do so.
- To ensure the best performance, check the manufacturing date on the new heat sink and make sure it does not exceed 2 years. Otherwise, wipe off the existing thermal grease and apply the new grease onto it for optimal thermal performance.

Notes:

- PHMs are keyed for the socket where they can be installed and for their orientation in the socket.
- See https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml for a list of processors supported for your server. All processors on the system board must have the same speed, number of cores, and frequency.
- Before you install a new PHM or replacement processor, update your system firmware to the latest level. See "Firmware updates" on page 10.
- Installing an additional PHM can change the memory requirements for your system. See "Memory module installation rules" on page 73 for a list of processor-to-memory relationships.
- Follow below rules to select a heat sink:
 - If you are going to install a processor with TDP lower than or equal to 125 watts, use the heat sink with part number 01KP656 or 01KP657.
 - If you are going to install one of the following processors, use the heat sink with part number 01KP650 or 01KP651:
 - Processor with TDP higher than 125 watts and lower than or equal to 150 watts
 - Intel Xeon 5120T, 5122, 5217, 5218T, 5220T, 5222, 6126T, 6128, 6130T, 6138T, 6230N, 6230T, 6238T, 8156, or 8256 processor
- Optional devices available for your system might have specific processor requirements. See the documentation that comes with the optional device for information.

Before you install a PHM:

Note: The heat sink, processor, and processor retainer for your system might be different than those shown in the illustrations.

1. Remove the existing PHM, if one is installed. See "Remove a processor and heat sink" on page 133.

Note: Replacement processors come with both rectangular and square processor retainers. A rectangular retainer comes attached to the processor. The square retainer can be discarded.

- 2. If you are replacing a heat sink, replace the processor retainer. *Processor retainers should not be reused.*
 - a. Remove the old processor retainer.

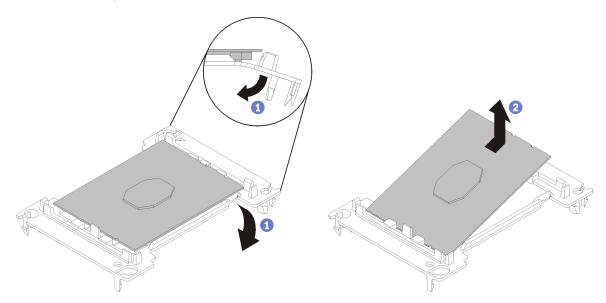


Figure 106. Removing a processor retainer

Note: When the processor is out of its retainer, hold the processor by the long edges to prevent touching the contacts or the thermal grease, if it is applied.

With the processor-contact side up, flex the ends of the retainer down and away from the processor to release the retaining clips; then, remove the processor from the retainer. Discard the old retainer.

b. Install a new processor retainer.

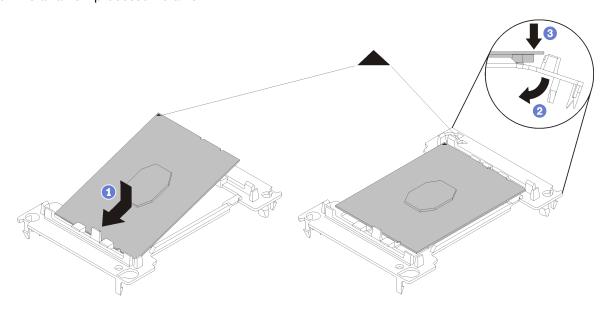


Figure 107. Installing a processor retainer

- 1) Position the processor on the new retainer so that the triangular marks align; then, insert the unmarked end of the processor into the retainer.
- 2) Holding the inserted end of the processor in place, flex the opposite end of the retainer down and away from the processor until you can press the processor under the clip on the retainer.
 - To prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer after it is inserted, keep the processor-contact side up and hold the processor-retainer assembly by the sides of the retainer.
- 3) If there is any old thermal grease on the processor, gently clean the top of the processor using an alcohol cleaning pad.

Note: If you are applying new thermal grease on the top of the processor, make sure to do it after the alcohol has fully evaporated.

- 3. If you are replacing a processor:
 - a. Remove the processor identification label from the heat sink and replace it with the new label that comes with the replacement processor.
 - b. To ensure the best performance, check the manufacturing date on the new heat sink and make sure it does not exceed 2 years. Otherwise, wipe off the existing thermal grease and apply the new grease onto it for optimal thermal performance.
 - c. Apply the thermal grease on the top of the processor with syringe by forming four uniformly spaced dots, while each dot consists of about 0.1 ml of thermal grease.

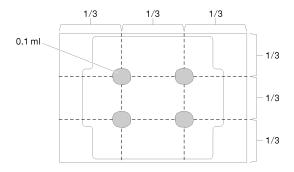


Figure 108. Proper shape of the thermal grease

- 4. If you are replacing a heat sink, remove the processor identification label from the old heat sink and place it on the new heat sink in the same location. The label is on the side of the heat sink closest to the triangular alignment mark.
 - If you are unable to remove the label and place it on the new heat sink, or if the label is damaged during transfer, write the processor serial number from the processor identification label on the new heat sink in the same location as the label would be placed using a permanent marker.
- 5. Assemble the processor and heat sink, if these components are separate.

Notes:

- If you are replacing a processor, install the heat sink onto the processor and retainer while the processor and retainer are in the shipping tray.
- If you are replacing a heat sink, remove the heat sink from its shipping tray and place the processor
 and retainer in the opposite half of the heat sink shipping tray with the processor-contact side down.
 To prevent the processor from falling out of the retainer, hold the processor-retainer assembly by its
 sides with the processor-contact side up until you turn it over to fit in the shipping tray.

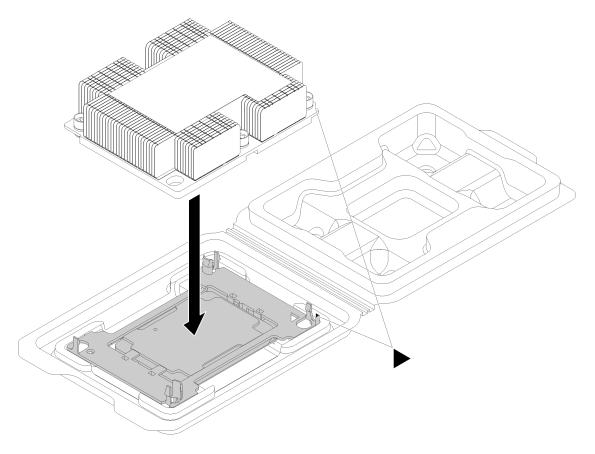


Figure 109. Assembling a PHM in the shipping tray

- a. Align the triangular marks on the processor retainer and the heat sink or align the triangular mark on the processor retainer with the notched corner of the heat sink.
- b. Insert the processor-retainer clips into the holes on the heat sink.
- c. Press the retainer into place until the clips at all four corners engage.

Complete the following steps to install a PHM.

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391
- Step 1. Remove the processor socket cover, if one is installed on the processor socket, by placing your fingers in the half-circles at each end of the cover and lifting it from the system board.
- Step 2. Install the processor-heat-sink module on the system board.

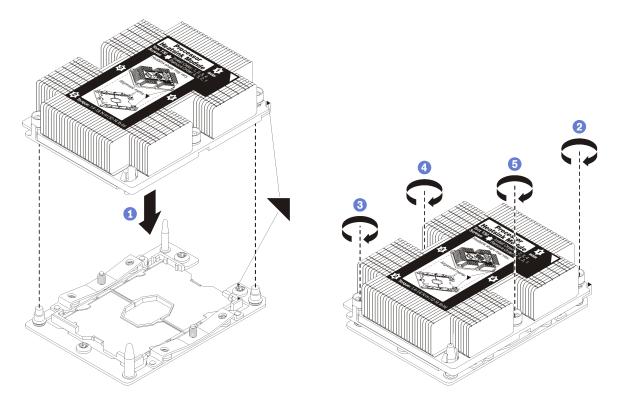


Figure 110. Installing a PHM

- a. Align the triangular marks and guide pins on the processor socket with the PHM; then, insert the PHM into the processor socket.
 - **Attention:** To prevent damage to components, make sure that you follow the indicated tightening sequence.
- b. Fully tighten the Torx T30 captive fasteners *in the installation sequence shown* on the heat-sink label. Tighten the screws until they stop; then, visually inspect to make sure that there is no gap between the screw shoulder beneath the heat sink and the processor socket. (For reference, the torque required for the nuts to fully tighten is 1.4 1.6 newton-meters, 12 14 inch-pounds).

After you install a PHM:

1. Complete the parts replacement. See "Complete the parts replacement" on page 152.

System board replacement

Use this information to remove and install the system board.

Important: Before you return the system board, make sure that you install the CPU socket dust covers from the new system board. To replace a CPU socket dust cover:

- 1. Take a dust cover from the CPU socket assembly on the new system board and orient it correctly above the CPU socket assembly on the removed system board.
- 2. Gently press down the dust cover legs to the CPU socket assembly, pressing on the edges to avoid damage to the socket pins. You might hear a click on the dust cover is securely attached.
- 3. Make sure that the dust cover is securely attached to the CPU socket assembly.

S017



CAUTION:

Hazardous moving fan blades nearby. Keep fingers and other body parts away.

S012



CAUTION: Hot surface nearby.

Remove the system board

Use this information to remove the system board.



"Read the installation Guidelines" on page 49



"Power off the server for this task" on page 14



"ATTENTION:
Static Sensitive Device
Ground package before opening"
on page 52

Before removing the system board:

- 1. Remove the top cover. See "Remove the top cover" on page 52.
- 2. Remove the air baffle. See "Remove the air baffle" on page 55.
- 3. Record where the cables are connected to the system board; then, disconnect all the cables.

Attention: Disengage all latches, cable clips, release tabs, or locks on cable connectors beforehand. Failing to release them before removing the cables will damage the cable connectors on the system board. Any damage to the cable connectors may require replacing the system board.

- 4. Remove any of the following components that are installed on the system board and put them in a safe, static-protective place. See the related topics in this chapter.
 - · System fans
 - Processor-heat-sink module (PHM)

Note: Do not disassemble the PHM.

- DIMMs
- LOM adapter
- M.2 backplane
- Riser assemblies
- CMOS battery
- TCM/TPM (Only available in Chinese Mainland)
- 5. Pull out the power supplies slightly. Ensure that they are disconnected from the system board.

6. Remove the cable holder as shown.

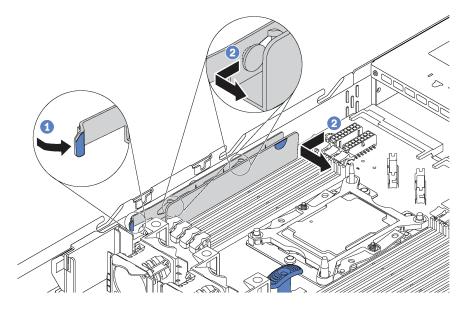


Figure 111. Cable holder removal

To remove the system board, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the removal process is available:

• Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C

• Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

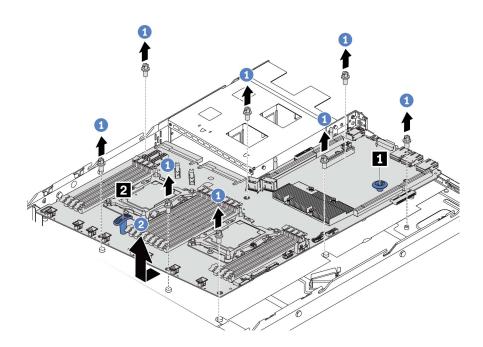


Figure 112. System board removal

Step 1. Remove the eight screws that secure the system board, and put the screws in a safe place.

Step 2. Grasp the system board by the release pin and the lift handle 2 at the same time and slide the system board toward the front of the server. Then lift and tilt the system board upwards to remove it out of the chassis.

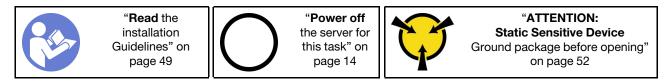
If you are instructed to return the old system board, follow all packaging instructions and use any packaging materials that are provided.

Important: Before you return the system board, make sure that you install the CPU socket dust covers from the new system board. To replace a CPU socket dust cover:

- 1. Take a dust cover from the CPU socket assembly on the new system board and orient it correctly above the CPU socket assembly on the removed system board.
- 2. Gently press down the dust cover legs to the CPU socket assembly, pressing on the edges to avoid damage to the socket pins. You might hear a click on the dust cover is securely attached.
- 3. Make sure that the dust cover is securely attached to the CPU socket assembly.

Install the system board

Use this information to install the system board.



Before installing the system board:

- 1. Touch the static-protective package that contains the new system board to any unpainted surface on the outside of the server. Then, take the new system board out of the package and place it on a static-protective surface.
- 2. Remove the cable holder as shown.

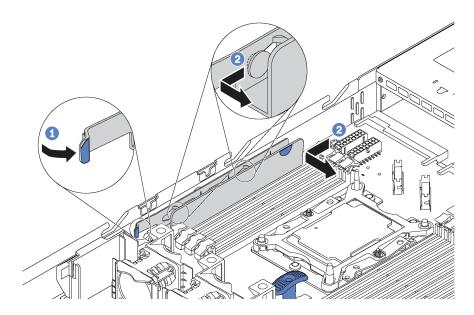


Figure 113. Cable holder removal

To install the system board, complete the following steps:

Watch the procedure. A video of the installation process is available:

- Youtube: https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLYV5R7hVcs-CjaaAyvBOOZ749SC-2SK2C
- Youku: http://list.youku.com/albumlist/show/id_51276391

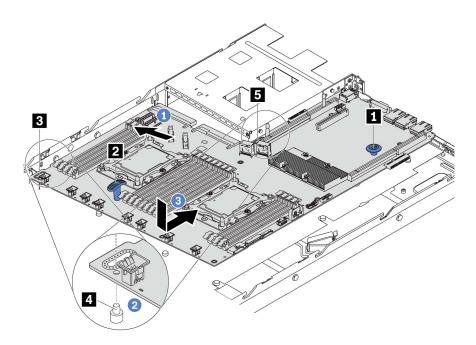


Figure 114. System board installation

- Step 1. Grasp the system board by the release pin and the lift handle at the same time, and tilt the system board at an angle of approximately 20 degrees.
- Step 2. Align the hole on the system board with the corresponding mounting stud on the chassis first, and then align the hole by the same way.

Note: Before you align two holes, prevent the system board from touching the mounting studs on the chassis.

Step 3. Lower the system board into the chassis and slide it to the rear of the chassis until it clicks into position.

Step 4. Install the eight screws in the following sequence.

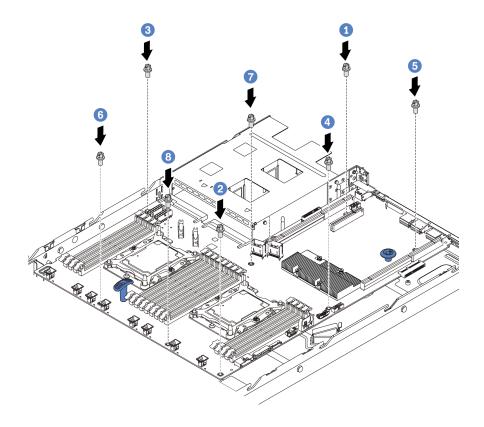


Figure 115. System board screw installation sequence

After installing the system board:

1. Reinstall the cable holder as shown.

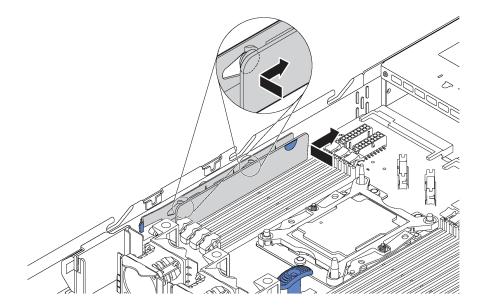


Figure 116. Cable holder installation

- 2. Push the power supplies into the bays until they click into place.
- 3. Update the machine type and serial number with new vital product data (VPD). Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update the machine type and serial number. See "Update the machine type and serial number" on page 146.
- 4. Enable TPM/TCM. See "Enable TPM/TCM" on page 148.
- 5. Optionally, enable Secure Boot. See "Enable UEFI Secure Boot" on page 151.

Update the machine type and serial number

After the system board is replaced by trained service technicians, the machine type and serial number must be updated.

There are two methods available to update the machine type and serial number:

• From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager V3

To update the machine type and serial number from Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager V3:

- 1. Start the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager V3 interface.
- 2. If the power-on Administrator password is required, enter the password.
- 3. From the System Summary page, click **Update VPD**.
- 4. Update the machine type and serial number.
- From Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI sets the machine type and serial number in the Lenovo XClarity Controller. Select one of the following methods to access the Lenovo XClarity Controller and set the machine type and serial number:

- Operate from the target system, such as LAN or keyboard console style (KCS) access
- Remote access to the target system (TCP/IP based)

To update the machine type and serial number from Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI:

1. Download and install Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.

To download Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, go to the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/solutions/HT116433

- 2. Copy and unpack the OneCLI package, which also includes other required files, to the server. Make sure that you unpack the OneCLI and the required files to the same directory.
- 3. After you have Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI in place, type the following commands to set the machine type and serial number:

```
onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model> [access_method]
onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> [access_method]
```

Where:

<m/t_model>

The server machine type and model number. Type mtm xxxxyyy, where xxxx is the machine type and yyy is the server model number.

<s/n>

The serial number on the server. Type sn zzzzzzz, where zzzzzzz is the serial number.

[access_method]

The access method that you select to use from the following methods:

- Online authenticated LAN access, type the command:

```
[--bmc-username xcc user id --bmc-password xcc password]
```

Where:

xcc user id

The BMC/IMM/XCC account name (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

xcc password

The BMC/IMM/XCC account password (1 of 12 accounts).

Example commands are as follows:

```
onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model> --bmc-username xcc_user_id --bmc-password xcc_password onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n> --bmc-username xcc_user_id --bmc-password xcc_password
```

Online KCS access (unauthenticated and user restricted):

You do not need to specify a value for access_method when you use this access method.

```
Example commands are as follows:
```

```
onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model>
onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
```

Note: The KCS access method uses the IPMI/KCS interface, which requires that the IPMI driver be installed.

Remote LAN access, type the command:

```
[--bmc xcc_user_id:xcc_password@xcc_external_ip]
```

Where:

```
xcc external ip
```

The BMC/IMM/XCC IP address. There is no default value. This parameter is required.

```
xcc_user_id
```

The BMC/IMM/XCC account (1 of 12 accounts). The default value is USERID.

xcc password

The BMC/IMM/XCC account password (1 of 12 accounts).

Note: BMC, IMM, or XCC internal LAN/USB IP address, account name, and password are all valid for this command.

```
Example commands are as follows:

onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoProdName <m/t_model>
--bmc xcc_user_id:xcc_password@xcc_external_ip

onecli config set SYSTEM_PROD_DATA.SysInfoSerialNum <s/n>
--bmc xcc_user_id:xcc_password@xcc_external_ip
```

4. Reset the Lenovo XClarity Controller to the factory defaults. Go to https://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia_c_resettingthexcc.html for more information.

Enable TPM/TCM

The server supports Trusted Platform Module (TPM), Version 1.2 or Version 2.0.

Note: For customers in Chinese Mainland, integrated TPM is not supported. However, customers in Chinese Mainland can install a Trusted Cryptographic Module (TCM) adapter or a TPM adapter (sometimes called a daughter card).

When a system board is replaced, you must make sure that the TPM/TCM policy is set correctly.

CAUTION:

Take special care when setting the TPM/TCM policy. If it is not set correctly, the system board can become unusable.

Set the TPM/TCM policy

By default, a replacement system board is shipped with the TPM/TCM policy set to **undefined**. You must modify this setting to match the setting that was in place for the system board that is being replaced.

There are two methods available to set the TPM policy:

From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

To set the TPM policy from Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager:

- 1. Start the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface.
- 2. If the power-on Administrator password is required, enter the password.
- 3. From the System Summary page, click **Update VPD**.
- 4. Set the policy to one of the following settings.
 - TCM enabled Chinese Mainland only. Customers in Chinese Mainland should choose this setting if a TCM adapter is installed.
 - TPM 2.0 enabled Chinese Mainland only. Customers in Chinese Mainland should choose this setting if a TPM 2.0 adapter is installed.
 - TPM enabled ROW. Customers outside of Chinese Mainland should choose this setting.
 - Permanently disabled. Customers in Chinese Mainland should use this setting if no TPM or TCM adapter is installed.

Note: Although the setting undefined is available as a policy setting, it should not be used.

From Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Note: Please note that a Local IPMI user and password must be setup in Lenovo XClarity Controller for remote accessing to the target system.

To set the TPM policy from Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI:

 Read TpmTcmPolicyLock to check whether the TPM_TCM_POLICY has been locked: OneCli.exe config show imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>

Note: The imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock value must be 'Disabled', which means TPM_TCM_POLICY is NOT locked and changes to the TPM_TCM_POLICY are permitted. If the return code is 'Enabled' then no changes to the policy are permitted. The planar may still be used if the desired setting is correct for the system being replaced.

- 2. Configure the TPM TCM POLICY into XCC:
 - For the customer in Chinese Mainland with no TCM/TPM:
 OneCli.exe config set imm.TpmTcmPolicy "NeitherTpmNorTcm" --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>
 - For the customer in Chinese Mainland that has installed TCM/TPM module on the original system
 (TCM/TPM module should be moved to the FRU prior to changing policy)
 OneCli.exe config set imm.TpmTcmPolicy "TcmOnly" --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip address></password>@<ip address></password>@<ip address>
 - For the customer outside of Chinese Mainland:
 OneCli.exe config set imm.TpmTcmPolicy "TpmOnly" --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>
- Issue reset command to reset system:
 OneCli.exe misc ospower reboot --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>
- 4. Read back the value to check whether the change has been accepted: OneCli.exe config show imm.TpmTcmPolicy --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>

Notes:

- If the read back value is matched it means the TPM_TCM_POLICY has been set correctly.
 - imm.TpmTcmPolicy is defined as below:
 - Value 0 use string "Undefined", which means UNDEFINED policy.
 - Value 1 use string "NeitherTpmNorTcm", which means TPM_PERM_DISABLED.
 - Value 2 use string "TpmOnly", which means TPM ALLOWED.
 - Value 4 use string "TcmOnly", which means TCM_ALLOWED.
- Below 4 steps must also be used to 'lock' the TPM_TCM_POLICY when using OneCli/ASU commands:
- 5. Read TpmTcmPolicyLock to check whether the TPM_TCM_POLICY has been locked, command as below:

OneCli.exe config show imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip address>

The value must be 'Disabled', it means TPM_TCM_POLICY is NOT locked and must be set.

- 6. Lock the TPM_TCM_POLICY:
 - OneCli.exe config set imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock "Enabled"--override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>
- Issue reset command to reset system, command as below:
 OneCli.exe misc ospower reboot --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip address>

During the reset, UEFI will read the value from imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock, if the value is 'Enabled' and the imm.TpmTcmPolicy value is invalid, UEFI will lock the TPM_TCM_POLICY setting.

The valid value for imm.TpmTcmPolicy includes 'NeitherTpmNorTcm', 'TpmOnly' and 'TpmOnly'.

If the imm.TpmTcmPolicy is set as 'Enabled' but imm.TpmTcmPolicy value is invalid, UEFI will reject the 'lock' request and change imm.TpmTcmPolicy back to 'Disabled'.

8. Read back the value to check whether the 'Lock' is accepted or rejected. command as below:

OneCli.exe config show imm.TpmTcmPolicy --override --imm <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>

Note: If the read back value is changed from 'Disabled' to 'Enabled' that means the TPM_TCM_POLICY has been locked successfully. There is no method to unlock a policy once it has been set other than replacing system board.

imm.TpmTcmPolicyLock is defined as below:

Value 1 use string "Enabled", which means lock the policy. Other values are not accepted.

Procedure also requires that Physical Presence is enabled. The Default value for FRU will be enabled. PhysicalPresencePolicyConfiguration.PhysicalPresencePolicy=Enable

Assert Physical Presence

Before you can assert Physical Presence, the Physical Presence Policy must be enabled. By default, the Physical Presence Policy is enabled with a timeout of 30 minutes.

If the Physical Presence Policy is enabled, you can assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller or through hardware jumpers on the system board.

Notes: If the Physical Presence Policy has been disabled:

- 1. Set the hardware Physical Presence jumper on the system board to assert Physical Presence.
- 2. Enable the Physical Presence Policy using either F1 (UEFI Settings) or Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.

Assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller

Complete the following steps to assert Physical Presence through the Lenovo XClarity Controller:

1. Log in to the Lenovo XClarity Controller interface.

For information about logging in to the Lenovo XClarity Controller, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/dw1lm_c_chapter2_openingandusing.html

Click BMC Configuration → Security and verify that Physical Presence is set to assert.

Assert Physical Presence through the hardware

You can also assert hardware Physical Presence through the use of a jumper on the system board. For more information about asserting hardware Physical Presence through the use of a jumper, see: System board jumpers.

Set the TPM version

To be able to set the TPM version, Physical Presence must be asserted.

The Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager or the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI can be used to set the TPM version.

To set the TPM version:

- 1. Download and install Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.
 - a. Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and navigate to the support page for your server.
 - b. Click Drivers & Software.
 - c. Navigate to the version of Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI for your operating system and download the package.

2. Run the following command to set the TPM version:

Note: You can change the TPM version from 1.2 to 2.0 and back again. However, you can toggle between versions a maximum of 128 times.

To set the TPM version to version 2.0:

OneCli.exe config set TrustedComputingGroup.DeviceOperation "Update to TPM2.0 compliant" --bmc userid:password@ip_address

To set the TPM version to version 1.2:

OneCli.exe config set TrustedComputingGroup.DeviceOperation "Update to TPM1.2 compliant" --bmc userid:password@ip_address

where:

- <userid>:<password> are the credentials used to access the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface) of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSW0RD (zero, not an uppercase o)
- <ip_address> is the IP address of the BMC.

For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI set command, see:

http://sysmqt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr cli lenovo/onecli r set command.html

3. Alternatively, you can use the following Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) commands:

To set the TPM version to version 2.0:

```
asu64 set TPMVersion.TPMVersion "Update to TPM2.0 compliant" --host <ip_address> --user <userid> --password <password> --override
```

To set the TPM version to version 1.2:

```
asu64 set TPMVersion.TPMVersion "Update to TPM1.2 compliant" --host <ip_address>
--user <userid> --password <password> --override
```

where:

- <userid> and <password> are the credentials used to the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface)
 of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSW0RD (zero, not an
 uppercase o)
- <ip_address> is the IP address of the BMC.

Enable UEFI Secure Boot

Optionally, you can enable UEFI Secure Boot.

Physical Presence must be asserted if you are going to enable UEFI Secure Boot. See "Assert Physical Presence" on page 150.

There are two methods available to enable UEFI Secure Boot:

From Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

To enable UEFI Secure Boot from Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager:

- 1. Start the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface.
- 2. If the power-on Administrator password is required, enter the password.
- 3. From the UEFI Setup page, click System Settings → Security → Secure Boot.
- 4. Enable Secure Boot and save the settings.
- From Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

To enable UEFI Secure Boot from Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI:

1. Download and install Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI.

To download Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI, go to the following site:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/solutions/HT116433

2. Run the following command to enable Secure Boot:

```
OneCli.exe config set SecureBootConfiguration.SecureBootSetting Enabled
                   --bmc <userid>:<password>@<ip_address>
```

where:

- <userid>:<password> are the credentials used to access the BMC (Lenovo XClarity Controller interface) of your server. The default user ID is USERID, and the default password is PASSWORD (zero, not an uppercase o)
- <ip_address> is the IP address of the BMC.

For more information about the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI set command, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr_cli_lenovo/onecli_r_set_command.html

Complete the parts replacement

Use this information to complete the parts replacement.

To complete the parts replacement, do the following:

- 1. Ensure that all components have been reassembled correctly and that no tools or loose screws are left inside your server.
- 2. Properly route and secure the cables in the server. Refer to the cable connecting and routing information for each component.
- 3. If you have removed the top cover, reinstall it. See "Install the top cover" on page 54.
- 4. Reconnect external cables and power cords to the server.

Attention: To avoid component damage, connect the power cords last.

- 5. Update the server configuration if necessary.
 - Download and install the latest device drivers: http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com
 - Update the system firmware. See "Firmware updates" on page 10.
 - Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to update the UEFI configuration. For more information, see:
 - http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/UEFI_setup.html
 - Use the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to configure the RAID if you have installed or removed a hot-swap drive, a RAID adapter, or the M.2 backplane and M.2 drive. For more information, see: http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/LXPM/RAID_setup.html

Note: Make sure the latest version of ThinkSystem M.2 with Mirroring Enablement Kit Firmware is applied to avoid virtual disk/array missing after system board replacement.

Chapter 4. Problem determination

Use the information in this section to isolate and resolve issues that you might encounter while using your server.

Lenovo servers can be configured to automatically notify Lenovo Support if certain events are generated. You can configure automatic notification, also known as Call Home, from management applications, such as the Lenovo XClarity Administrator. If you configure automatic problem notification, Lenovo Support is automatically alerted whenever a server encounters a potentially significant event.

To isolate a problem, you should typically begin with the event log of the application that is managing the server:

- If you are managing the server from the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log.
- If you are using some other management application, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

Event logs

An *alert* is a message or other indication that signals an event or an impending event. Alerts are generated by the Lenovo XClarity Controller or by UEFI in the servers. These alerts are stored in the Lenovo XClarity Controller Event Log. If the server is managed by the Chassis Management Module 2 or by the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, alerts are automatically forwarded to those management applications.

Note: For a listing of events, including user actions that might need to be performed to recover from an event, see the *Messages and Codes Reference*, which is available at: http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/7Y02/pdf_files.html

Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log

If you are using Lenovo XClarity Administrator to manage server, network, and storage hardware, you can view the events from all managed devices through the XClarity Administrator.

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Logs

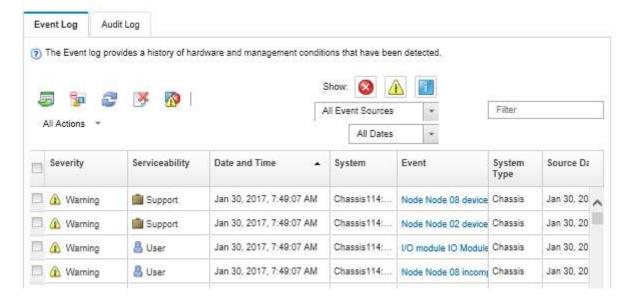


Figure 117. Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log

For more information about working with events from XClarity Administrator, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/events_vieweventlog.html

Lenovo XClarity Controller event log

The Lenovo XClarity Controller monitors the physical state of the server and its components using sensors that measure internal physical variables such as temperature, power-supply voltages, fan speeds, and component status. The Lenovo XClarity Controller provides various interfaces to systems management software and to system administrators and users to enable remote management and control of a server.

The Lenovo XClarity Controller monitors all components of the server and posts events in the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

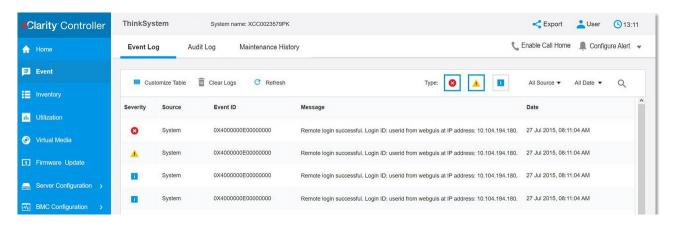


Figure 118. Lenovo XClarity Controller event log

For more information about accessing the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log, see:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/event_log.html

General problem determination procedures

Use the information in this section to resolve problems if the event log does not contain specific errors or the server is inoperative.

If you are not sure about the cause of a problem and the power supplies are working correctly, complete the following steps to attempt to resolve the problem:

- 1. Power off the server.
- 2. Make sure that the server is cabled correctly.
- 3. Remove or disconnect the following devices, one at a time, until you find the failure. Power on and configure the server each time you remove or disconnect a device.
 - Any external devices,
 - Surge-suppressor device (on the server).
 - Printer, mouse, and non-Lenovo devices,
 - Each adapter.
 - Hard disk drives.
 - DIMMs until you reach the minimum configuration that is supported for the server.

Note: For minimal configuration for debugging, see "Specifications" on page 2.

Power on the server.

If the problem is solved when you remove an adapter from the server, but the problem recurs when you install the same adapter again, suspect the adapter. If the problem recurs when you replace the adapter with a different one, try a different PCIe slot.

If the problem appears to be a networking problem and the server passes all system tests, suspect a network cabling problem that is external to the server.

Resolving suspected power problems

Power problems can be difficult to solve. For example, a short circuit can exist anywhere on any of the power distribution buses. Usually, a short circuit will cause the power subsystem to shut down because of an overcurrent condition.

Complete the following steps to diagnose and resolve a suspected power problem.

Step 1. Check the event log and resolve any errors related to the power.

Note: Start with the event log of the application that is managing the server. For more information about event logs, see "Event logs" on page 153.

- Step 2. Check for short circuits, for example, if a loose screw is causing a short circuit on a circuit board.
- Remove the adapters and disconnect the cables and power cords to all internal and external Step 3. devices until the server is at the minimum configuration that is required for the server to start. See "Specifications" on page 2 to determine the minimum configuration for your server.
- Reconnect all ac power cords and turn on the server. If the server starts successfully, reseat the Step 4. adapters and devices one at a time until the problem is isolated.

If the server does not start from the minimum configuration, replace the components in the minimum configuration one at a time until the problem is isolated.

Resolving suspected Ethernet controller problems

The method that you use to test the Ethernet controller depends on which operating system you are using. See the operating-system documentation for information about Ethernet controllers, and see the Ethernet controller device-driver readme file.

Complete the following steps to attempt to resolve suspected problems with the Ethernet controller.

- Step 1. Make sure that the correct device drivers, which come with the server are installed and that they are at the latest level.
- Step 2. Make sure that the Ethernet cable is installed correctly.
 - The cable must be securely attached at all connections. If the cable is attached but the problem remains, try a different cable.
 - If you set the Ethernet controller to operate at 100 Mbps or 1000 Mbps, you must use Category 5 cabling.
- Step 3. Determine whether the hub supports auto-negotiation. If it does not, try configuring the integrated Ethernet controller manually to match the speed and duplex mode of the hub.
- Step 4. Check the Ethernet controller LEDs on the rear panel of the server. These LEDs indicate whether there is a problem with the connector, cable, or hub.
 - The Ethernet link status LED is lit when the Ethernet controller receives a link pulse from the hub. If the LED is off, there might be a defective connector or cable or a problem with the hub.
 - The Ethernet transmit/receive activity LED is lit when the Ethernet controller sends or receives
 data over the Ethernet network. If the Ethernet transmit/receive activity is off, make sure that the
 hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Step 5. Check the LAN activity LED on the rear of the server. The LAN activity LED is lit when data is active on the Ethernet network. If the LAN activity LED is off, make sure that the hub and network are operating and that the correct device drivers are installed.
- Step 6. Check for operating-system-specific causes of the problem, and also make sure that the operating system drivers are installed correctly.
- Step 7. Make sure that the device drivers on the client and server are using the same protocol.

If the Ethernet controller still cannot connect to the network but the hardware appears to be working, the network administrator must investigate other possible causes of the error.

Troubleshooting by symptom

Use this information to find solutions to problems that have identifiable symptoms.

To use the symptom-based troubleshooting information in this section, complete the following steps:

- 1. Check the event log of the application that is managing the server and follow the suggested actions to resolve any event codes.
 - If you are managing the server from the Lenovo XClarity Administrator, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Administrator event log.
 - If you are using some other management application, begin with the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log.

For more information about event logs, see "Event logs" on page 153.

- 2. Review this section to find the symptoms that you are experiencing and follow the suggested actions to resolve the issue.
- 3. If the problem persists, contact support (see "Contacting Support" on page 173).

Power on and power off problems

Use this information to resolve issues when powering on or powering off the server.

- "Embedded hypervisor is not in the boot list" on page 157
- "The power-control button does not work, and the reset button does work (server does not start)" on page 157
- "Server does not power on" on page 158
- "Server does not power off" on page 158

Embedded hypervisor is not in the boot list

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. If the server has been installed, moved, or serviced recently, or if this is the first time the embedded hypervisor is being used, make sure that the device is connected properly and that there is no physical damage to the connectors.
- 2. See the documentation that comes with the optional embedded hypervisor flash device for setup and configuration information.
- 3. Check https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml to validate that the embedded hypervisor device is supported for the server.
- 4. Make sure that the embedded hypervisor device is listed in the list of available boot options. From the management controller user interface, click Server Configuration → Boot Options.

For information about accessing the management controller user interface, see the XClarity Controller product documentation:

http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/dw1lm c chapter2 openingandusing.html

- 5. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (service bulletins) related to the embedded hypervisor and the server.
- 6. Make sure that other software works on the server to ensure that it is working properly.

The power-control button does not work, and the reset button does work (server does not start)

Note: The power-control button will not function until approximately 1 to 3 minutes after the server has been connected to ac power.

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Make sure that the power-control button on the server is working correctly:
 - a. Disconnect the server power cords.
 - b. Reconnect the server power cords.
 - c. Reseat the operator information panel cable, and then repeat steps a and b.
 - If the server starts, reseat the operator information panel.
 - If the problem remains, replace the operator information panel.
- 2. Make sure that:
 - The power cords are correctly connected to the server and to a working electrical outlet.
 - The LEDs on the power supply do not indicate a problem.
- 3. Reseat the power supplies.
- 4. Replace each power supply, restarting the server each time:
 - DIMMs

- Power supplies
- 5. If you just installed an optional device, remove it, and restart the server. If the server starts, you might have installed more devices than the power supply supports.

Server does not power on

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Check the event log for any events related to the server not powering on.
- 2. Check for any LEDs that are flashing amber.
- 3. Check the power LED on the system board.
- 4. Reseat the power supply.
- 5. Replace the power supply.

Server does not power off

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Determine whether you are using an Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) or a non-ACPI operating system. If you are using a non-ACPI operating system, complete the following steps:
 - a. Press Ctrl+Alt+Delete.
 - b. Turn off the server by pressing the power-control button and holding it down for 5 seconds.
 - c. Restart the server.
 - d. If the server fails POST and the power-control button does not work, disconnect the power cord for 20 seconds; then, reconnect the power cord and restart the server.
- 2. If the problem remains or if you are using an ACPI-aware operating system, suspect the system board.

Memory problems

Use this information to resolve issues related to memory.

- "Displayed system memory less than installed physical memory" on page 158
- "Multiple memory modules in a channel identified as failing" on page 159
- "Attempt to change to another DCPMM mode fails" on page 160
- "Extra namespace appears in an interleaved region" on page 160

Displayed system memory less than installed physical memory

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

Note: Each time you install or remove a memory module, you must disconnect the solution from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the solution.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - No error LEDs are lit on the operator information panel.
 - Memory mirrored channel does not account for the discrepancy.
 - The memory modules are seated correctly.
 - You have installed the correct type of memory module (see "Specifications" on page 2 for requirements).
 - If you changed the memory, you updated the memory configuration in the Setup utility.
 - All banks of memory are enabled. The solution might have automatically disabled a memory bank when it detected a problem, or a memory bank might have been manually disabled.

- There is no memory mismatch when the solution is at the minimum memory configuration.
- · When DCPMMs are installed:
 - a. If the memory is set in App Direct or Mixed Memory Mode, all the saved data have been backed up, and created namespaces are deleted before any DCPMM is replaced.
 - b. Refer to "Intel Optane DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) setup" in Setup Guide and see if the displayed memory fits the mode description.
 - c. If DCPMMs are recently set in Memory Mode, turn it back to App Direct Mode and examine if there is namespace that has not been deleted (see "Intel Optane DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) setup" in Setup Guide).
 - d. Go to the Setup Utility, select System Configuration and Boot Management → Intel Optane **DCPMMs** → **Security**, and make sure all the DCPMM units are unlocked.
- 2. Reseat the memory modules, and then restart the solution.
- 3. Check the POST error log:
 - If a memory module was disabled by a systems-management interrupt (SMI), replace the memory module.
 - If a memory module was disabled by the user or by POST, reseat the memory module; then, run the Setup utility and enable the memory module.
- 4. Run memory diagnostics. Power on the system and press **F1** when the logo screen appears, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface will start. Perform memory diagnostics with this interface. Go to Diagnostics → Run Diagnostic → Memory test or DCPMM test.

When DCPMMs are installed, run diagnostics based on the current DCPMM mode:

- App Direct Mode
 - Run DCPMM Test for DCPMMs.
 - Run Memory Test for DRAM DIMMs.
- Memory Mode and Mixed Memory Mode
 - Run **DCPMM Test** for App Direct capacity of DCPMMs.
 - Run **Memory Test** for memory capacity of DCPMMs.

Note: DRAM DIMMs in these two modes act as cache, and are not applicable to memory diagnostics.

5. Reverse the modules between the channels (of the same processor), and then restart the solution. If the problem is related to a memory module, replace the failing memory module.

Note: When DCPMMs are installed, only adopt this method in Memory Mode.

- 6. Re-enable all memory modules using the Setup Utility, and restart the system.
- 7. (Trained technician only) Install the failing memory module into a memory module connector for processor 2 (if installed) to verify that the problem is not the processor or the memory module connector.
- 8. (Trained technician only) Replace the node.

Multiple memory modules in a channel identified as failing

Note: Each time you install or remove a memory module, you must disconnect the solution from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the solution.

- 1. Reseat the memory modules; then, restart the solution.
- 2. Remove the highest-numbered memory module of those that are identified and replace it with an identical known good memory module; then, restart the solution. Repeat as necessary. If the failures continue after all identified memory modules are replaced, go to step 4.

- 3. Return the removed memory modules, one at a time, to their original connectors, restarting the solution after each memory module, until a memory module fails. Replace each failing memory module with an identical known good memory module, restarting the solution after each memory module replacement. Repeat step 3 until you have tested all removed memory modules.
- 4. Replace the highest-numbered memory module of those identified; then, restart the solution. Repeat as necessary.
- 5. Reverse the memory modules between the channels (of the same processor), and then restart the solution. If the problem is related to a memory module, replace the failing memory module.
- 6. (Trained technician only) Install the failing memory module into a memory module connector for processor 2 (if installed) to verify that the problem is not the processor or the memory module connector.
- 7. (Trained technician only) Replace the system board.

Attempt to change to another DCPMM mode fails

After the DCPMM mode is changed and the system is successfully restarted, if the DCPMM mode stays the same instead of being changed, check the DRAM DIMMs and DCPMM capacity to see if it meets the requirement of the new mode (see "DC Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) setup" in Setup Guide).

Extra namespace appears in an interleaved region

If there are two created namespaces in one interleaved region, VMware ESXi ignores the created namespaces and creates an extra new namespace during system booting. To solve this problem, delete the created namespaces in either the Setup Utility or the operating system before the first booting with ESXi.

Hard disk drive problems

Use this information to resolve issues related to the hard disk drives.

- "Server cannot recognize a hard drive" on page 160
- "Multiple hard drives fail" on page 161
- "Multiple hard drives are offline" on page 161
- "A replacement hard disk drive does not rebuild" on page 161
- "Green hard disk drive activity LED does not represent actual state of associated drive" on page 161
- "Yellow hard disk drive status LED does not represent actual state of associated drive" on page 162

Server cannot recognize a hard drive

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Observe the associated yellow hard disk drive status LED. If the LED is lit, it indicates a drive fault.
- 2. If the LED is lit, remove the drive from the bay, wait 45 seconds, and reinsert the drive, making sure that the drive assembly connects to the hard disk drive backplane.
- 3. Observe the associated green hard disk drive activity LED and the yellow status LED:
 - If the green activity LED is flashing and the yellow status LED is not lit, the drive is recognized by the
 controller and is working correctly. Run the diagnostics tests for the hard disk drives. When you start
 a server and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default.
 You can perform hard drive diagnostics from this interface. From the Diagnostic page, click Run
 Diagnostic → HDD test.
 - If the green activity LED is flashing and the yellow status LED is flashing slowly, the drive is recognized by the controller and is rebuilding.
 - If neither LED is lit or flashing, check the hard disk drive backplane.

- If the green activity LED is flashing and the yellow status LED is lit, replace the drive. If the activity of the LEDs remains the same, go to step Hard disk drive problems. If the activity of the LEDs changes, return to step 1.
- 4. Make sure that the hard disk drive backplane is correctly seated. When it is correctly seated, the drive assemblies correctly connect to the backplane without bowing or causing movement of the backplane.
- 5. Reseat the backplane power cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.
- 6. Reseat the backplane signal cable and repeat steps 1 through 3.
- 7. Suspect the backplane signal cable or the backplane:
 - Replace the affected backplane signal cable.
 - Replace the affected backplane.
- 8. Run the diagnostics tests for the hard disk drives. When you start a server and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default. You can perform hard drive diagnostics from this interface. From the Diagnostic page, click Run Diagnostic → HDD test.

Based on those tests:

- If the adapter passes the test but the drives are not recognized, replace the backplane signal cable and run the tests again.
- Replace the backplane.
- If the adapter fails the test, disconnect the backplane signal cable from the adapter and run the tests again.
- If the adapter fails the test, replace the adapter.

Multiple hard drives fail

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- View the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log for events related to power supplies or vibration issues and resolve those events.
- Make sure that the device drivers and firmware for the hard disk drive and server are at the latest level

Important: Some cluster solutions require specific code levels or coordinated code updates. If the device is part of a cluster solution, verify that the latest level of code is supported for the cluster solution before you update the code.

Multiple hard drives are offline

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- View the Lenovo XClarity Controller event log for events related to power supplies or vibration issues and resolve those events.
- View the storage subsystem log for events related to the storage subsystem and resolve those events.

A replacement hard disk drive does not rebuild

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Make sure that the hard disk drive is recognized by the adapter (the green hard disk drive activity LED is
- 2. Review the SAS/SATA RAID adapter documentation to determine the correct configuration parameters and settings.

Green hard disk drive activity LED does not represent actual state of associated drive

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. If the green hard disk drive activity LED does not flash when the drive is in use, run the diagnostics tests for the hard disk drives. When you start a server and press F1, the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager interface is displayed by default. You can perform hard drive diagnostics from this interface. From the Diagnostic page, click **Run Diagnostic** → **HDD test**.
- 2. If the drive passes the test, replace the backplane.
- 3. If the drive fails the test, replace the drive.

Yellow hard disk drive status LED does not represent actual state of associated drive

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Turn off the server.
- 2. Reseat the SAS/SATA adapter.
- 3. Reseat the backplane signal cable and backplane power cable.
- 4. Reseat the hard disk drive.
- 5. Power on the server and observe the activity of the hard disk drive LEDs.

Monitor and video problems

Use this information to solve problems related to a monitor or video.

- "Incorrect characters are displayed" on page 162
- "Screen is blank" on page 162
- "Screen goes blank when you start some application programs" on page 163
- "The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted." on page 163
- "The wrong characters appear on the screen" on page 163

Incorrect characters are displayed

Complete the following steps:

- 1. Verify that the language and locality settings are correct for the keyboard and operating system.
- 2. If the wrong language is displayed, update the server firmware to the latest level. See "Firmware updates" on page 10.

Screen is blank

- 1. If the server is attached to a KVM switch, bypass the KVM switch to eliminate it as a possible cause of the problem: connect the monitor cable directly to the correct connector on the rear of the server.
- 2. The management controller remote presence function is disabled if you install an optional video adapter. To use the management controller remote presence function, remove the optional video adapter.
- 3. If the server installed with the graphical adapters while turning on the server, the Lenovo logo displays on the screen after approximately 3 minutes. This is normal operation while the system loads.
- 4. Make sure that:
 - The server is turned on. If there is no power to the server.
 - The monitor cables are connected correctly.
 - The monitor is turned on and the brightness and contrast controls are adjusted correctly.
- 5. Make sure that the correct server is controlling the monitor, if applicable.
- 6. Make sure that corrupted server firmware is not affecting the video; see "Firmware updates" on page 10.
- 7. Observe the checkpoint LEDs on the system board; if the codes are changing, go to step 6.
- 8. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
 - a. Monitor

- b. Video adapter (if one is installed)
- c. (Trained technician only) System board

Screen goes blank when you start some application programs

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The application program is not setting a display mode that is higher than the capability of the monitor.
 - You installed the necessary device drivers for the application.

The monitor has screen jitter, or the screen image is wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted.

If the monitor self-tests show that the monitor is working correctly, consider the location of the monitor.
 Magnetic fields around other devices (such as transformers, appliances, fluorescents, and other
 monitors) can cause screen jitter or wavy, unreadable, rolling, or distorted screen images. If this
 happens, turn off the monitor.

Attention: Moving a color monitor while it is turned on might cause screen discoloration.

Move the device and the monitor at least 305 mm (12 in.) apart, and turn on the monitor.

Notes:

- a. To prevent diskette drive read/write errors, make sure that the distance between the monitor and any external diskette drive is at least 76 mm (3 in.).
- b. Non-Lenovo monitor cables might cause unpredictable problems.
- 2. Reseat the monitor cable.
- 3. Replace the components listed in step 2 one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
 - a. Monitor cable
 - b. Video adapter (if one is installed)
 - c. Monitor
 - d. (Trained technician only) System board

The wrong characters appear on the screen

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved:

- 1. Verify that the language and locality settings are correct for the keyboard and operating system.
- 2. If the wrong language is displayed, update the server firmware to the latest level. See "Firmware updates" on page 10.

Keyboard, mouse, or USB-device problems

Use this information to solve problems related to a keyboard, mouse, or USB device.

- "All or some keys on the keyboard do not work." on page 163
- "Mouse does not work." on page 164
- "USB-device does not work." on page 164

All or some keys on the keyboard do not work.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The keyboard cable is securely connected.
 - The server and the monitor are turned on.
- 2. If you are using a USB keyboard, run the Setup utility and enable keyboardless operation.

- 3. If you are using a USB keyboard and it is connected to a USB hub, disconnect the keyboard from the hub and connect it directly to the server.
- 4. Replace the keyboard.

Mouse does not work.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The mouse cable is securely connected to the server.
 - The mouse device drivers are installed correctly.
 - The server and the monitor are turned on.
 - The mouse option is enabled in the Setup utility.
- 2. If you are using a USB mouse and it is connected to a USB hub, disconnect the mouse from the hub and connect it directly to the server.
- 3. Replace the mouse.

USB-device does not work.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The correct USB device driver is installed.
 - The operating system supports USB devices.
- 2. Make sure that the USB configuration options are set correctly in system setup.

Restart the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface. Then, click **System Settings** → **Devices and I/O Ports** → **USB Configuration**.

3. If you are using a USB hub, disconnect the USB device from the hub and connect it directly to the server.

Optional-device problems

Use this information to solve problems related to optional devices.

- "External USB device not recognized" on page 164
- "PCle adapter is not recognized or is not functioning" on page 164
- "A Lenovo optional device that worked previously does not work now." on page 165
- "A Lenovo optional device that was just installed does not work." on page 165
- "A Lenovo optional device that worked previously does not work now." on page 165

External USB device not recognized

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Make sure that the proper drivers are installed on the compute node. See the product documentation for the USB device for information about device drivers.
- 2. Use the Setup utility to make sure that the device is configured correctly.
- 3. If the USB device is plugged into a hub or the console breakout cable, unplug the device and plug it directly into the USB port on the front of the compute node.

PCIe adapter is not recognized or is not functioning

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Check the event log and resolve any issues related to the device.
- 2. Validate that the device is supported for the server (see https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/ index.shtml).

- 3. Make sure that the adapter is installed in a correct slot.
- 4. Make sure that the proper device drivers are installed for the device.
- 5. Resolve any resource conflicts if running legacy mode (UEFI).
- 6. Check http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for any tech tips (also known as retain tips or service bulletins) that might be related to the adapter.
- 7. Ensure any adapter external connections are correct and that the connectors are not physically damaged.

Insufficient PCIe resources are detected.

If you see an error message stating "Insufficient PCI Resources Detected," complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Remove one of the PCle adapters.
- 2. Restart the system and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface.
- Click UEFI Setup → System Settings → Devices and I/O Ports → MM Config Base; then, modify the setting to the lower memory capacity. For example, modify 3 GB to 2 GB or modify 2 GB to 1 GB.
- 4. Save the settings and restart the system.
- 5. The action for this step will differ based on whether or not the reboot is successful.
 - If the reboot is successful, shut down the solution and reinstall the PCle card you removed.
 - If the reboot failed, repeat step 2 to step 5.

A Lenovo optional device that was just installed does not work.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The device is supported for the server (see https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml).
 - You followed the installation instructions that came with the device and the device is installed correctly.
 - You have not loosened any other installed devices or cables.
 - You updated the configuration information in system setup. When you start a server and press F1 to display the system setup interface. Whenever memory or any other device is changed, you must update the configuration.
- 2. Reseat the device that you just installed.
- 3. Replace the device that you just installed.

A Lenovo optional device that worked previously does not work now.

- 1. Make sure that all of the cable connections for the device are secure.
- 2. If the device comes with test instructions, use those instructions to test the device.
- 3. If the failing device is a SCSI device, make sure that:
 - The cables for all external SCSI devices are connected correctly.
 - The last device in each SCSI chain, or the end of the SCSI cable, is terminated correctly.
 - Any external SCSI device is turned on. You must turn on an external SCSI device before you turn on the server.
- 4. Reseat the failing device.
- 5. Replace the failing device.

Serial-device problems

Use this information to solve problems with serial ports or devices.

- "Number of displayed serial ports is less than the number of installed serial ports" on page 166
- "Serial device does not work" on page 166

Number of displayed serial ports is less than the number of installed serial ports

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Make sure that:
 - Each port is assigned a unique address in the Setup utility and none of the serial ports is disabled.
 - The serial-port adapter (if one is present) is seated correctly
- 2. Reseat the serial port adapter.
- 3. Replace the serial port adapter.

Serial device does not work

- 1. Make sure that:
 - The device is compatible with the server.
 - The serial port is enabled and is assigned a unique address.
 - The device is connected to the correct connector.
- 2. Reseat the following components:
 - a. Failing serial device.
 - b. Serial cable.
- 3. Replace the following components:
 - a. Failing serial device.
 - b. Serial cable.
- 4. (Trained technician only) Replace the system board.

Intermittent problems

Use this information to solve intermittent problems.

- "Intermittent external device problems" on page 166
- "Intermittent KVM problems" on page 166
- "Intermittent unexpected reboots" on page 167

Intermittent external device problems

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Make sure that the correct device drivers are installed. See the manufacturer's website for documentation.
- 2. For a USB device:
 - a. Make sure that the device is configured correctly.
 - Restart the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface. Then, click **System Settings** → **Devices and I/O Ports** → **USB Configuration**.
 - b. Connect the device to another port. If using a USB hub, remove the hub and connect the device directly to the compute node. Make sure that the device is configured correctly for the port.

Intermittent KVM problems

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

Video problems:

- 1. Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.
- 2. Make sure that the monitor is working properly by testing it on another compute node.
- 3. Test the console breakout cable on a working compute node to ensure that it is operating properly. Replace the console breakout cable if it is defective.

Keyboard problems:

Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.

Mouse problems:

Make sure that all cables and the console breakout cable are properly connected and secure.

Intermittent unexpected reboots

Note: Some correctable errors require that the server reboot so that it can disable a device, such as a memory DIMM or a processor to allow the machine to boot up properly.

- 1. If the reset occurs during POST and the POST watchdog timer is enabled, make sure that sufficient time is allowed in the watchdog timeout value (POST Watchdog Timer).
 - To check the POST watchdog time, restart the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface. Then, click **BMC Settings** → **POST Watchdog Timer**.
- 2. If the reset occurs after the operating system starts, disable any automatic server restart (ASR) utilities, such as the Automatic Server Restart IPMI Application for Windows, or any ASR devices that are installed.
- 3. See the management controller event log to check for an event code that indicates a reboot. See "Event logs" on page 153 for information about viewing the event log.

Power problems

Use this information to resolve issues related to power.

System error LED is on and event log "Power supply has lost input" is displayed

To resolve the problem, ensure that:

- 1. The power supply is properly connected to a power cord.
- 2. The power cord is connected to a properly grounded electrical outlet for the server.

Network problems

Use this information to resolve issues related to networking.

- "Cannot wake server using Wake on LAN" on page 167
- "Could not log in using LDAP account with SSL enabled" on page 168

Cannot wake server using Wake on LAN

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. If you are using the dual-port network adapter and the server is connected to the network using Ethernet 5 connector, check the system-error log or IMM2 system event log (see "Event logs" on page 153), make sure:
 - a. The room temperature is not too high (see "Specifications" on page 2).
 - b. The air vents are not blocked.

- c. The air baffle is installed securely.
- 2. Reseat the dual-port network adapter.
- 3. Turn off the server and disconnect it from the power source; then, wait 10 seconds before restarting the server.
- 4. If the problem still remains, replace the dual-port network adapter.

Could not log in using LDAP account with SSL enabled

Complete the following steps until the problem is resolved:

- 1. Make sure that the license key is valid.
- 2. Generate a new license key and log in again.

Observable problems

Use this information to solve observable problems.

- "Server hangs during the UEFI boot process" on page 168
- "The server immediately displays the POST Event Viewer when it is turned on" on page 168
- "Server is unresponsive (POST is complete and operating system is running)" on page 169
- "Server is unresponsive (cannot press F1 to start System Setup)" on page 169
- "Voltage planar fault is displayed in the event log" on page 170
- "Unusual smell" on page 170
- "Server seems to be running hot" on page 170
- "Cracked parts or cracked chassis" on page 170

Server hangs during the UEFI boot process

If the system hangs during the UEFI boot process with the message UEFI: DXE INIT on the display, make sure that Option ROMs were not configured with a setting of **Legacy**. You can remotely view the current settings for Option ROMs by running the following command using the Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI:

onecli config show EnableDisableAdapterOptionROMSupport --bmc xcc_userid:xcc_password@xcc_ipaddress

To recover a system that hangs during the boot process with Legacy Option ROM settings, see the following Tech Tip:

https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/us/en/solutions/ht506118

If legacy Option ROMs must be used, do not set slot Option ROMs to **Legacy** on the Devices and I/O Ports menu. Instead, set slot Option ROMs to **Auto** (the default setting), and set the System Boot Mode to **Legacy Mode**. Legacy option ROMs will be invoked shortly before the system boots.

The server immediately displays the POST Event Viewer when it is turned on

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Correct any errors that are indicated by the light path diagnostics LEDs.
- 2. Make sure that the server supports all the processors and that the processors match in speed and cache size.

You can view processor details from system setup.

To determine if the processor is supported for the server, see https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml.

- 3. (Trained technician only) Make sure that processor 1 is seated correctly
- 4. (Trained technician only) Remove processor 2 and restart the server.
- 5. Replace the following components one at a time, in the order shown, restarting the server each time:
 - a. (Trained technician only) Processor
 - b. (Trained technician only) System board

Server is unresponsive (POST is complete and operating system is running)

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- If you are in the same location as the compute node, complete the following steps:
 - 1. If you are using a KVM connection, make sure that the connection is operating correctly. Otherwise, make sure that the keyboard and mouse are operating correctly.
 - 2. If possible, log in to the compute node and verify that all applications are running (no applications are hung).
 - 3. Restart the compute node.
 - 4. If the problem remains, make sure that any new software has been installed and configured correctly.
 - 5. Contact your place of purchase of the software or your software provider.
- If you are accessing the compute node from a remote location, complete the following steps:
 - 1. Make sure that all applications are running (no applications are hung).
 - 2. Attempt to log out of the system and log back in.
 - 3. Validate the network access by pinging or running a trace route to the compute node from a command line.
 - a. If you are unable to get a response during a ping test, attempt to ping another compute node in the enclosure to determine whether it is a connection problem or compute node problem.
 - b. Run a trace route to determine where the connection breaks down. Attempt to resolve a connection issue with either the VPN or the point at which the connection breaks down.
 - 4. Restart the compute node remotely through the management interface.
 - 5. If the problem remains, verify that any new software has been installed and configured correctly.
 - 6. Contact your place of purchase of the software or your software provider.

Server is unresponsive (cannot press F1 to start System Setup)

Configuration changes, such as added devices or adapter firmware updates, and firmware or application code problems can cause the server to fail POST (the power-on self-test).

If this occurs, the server responds in either of the following ways:

- The server restarts automatically and attempts POST again.
- The server hangs, and you must manually restart the server for the server to attempt POST again.

After a specified number of consecutive attempts (automatic or manual), the server to reverts to the default UEFI configuration and starts System Setup so that you can make the necessary corrections to the configuration and restart the server. If the server is unable to successfully complete POST with the default configuration, there might be a problem with the system board.

You can specify the number of consecutive restart attempts in System Setup. Restart the server and press F1 to display the Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager system setup interface. Then, click **System Settings**

→ Recovery and RAS → POST Attempts → POST Attempts Limit. Available options are 3, 6, 9, and disable.

Voltage planar fault is displayed in the event log

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. Revert the system to the minimum configuration. See "Specifications" on page 2 for the minimally required number of processors and DIMMs.
- 2. Restart the system.
 - If the system restarts, add each of the items that you removed one at a time, restarting the system each time, until the error occurs. Replace the item for which the error occurs.
 - If the system does not restart, suspect the system board.

Unusual smell

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

- 1. An unusual smell might be coming from newly installed equipment.
- 2. If the problem remains, contact Lenovo Support.

Server seems to be running hot

Complete the following steps until the problem is solved.

Multiple compute nodes or chassis:

- 1. Make sure that the room temperature is within the specified range (see "Specifications" on page 2).
- Check the management processor event log for rising temperature events. If there are no events, the compute node is running within normal operating temperatures. Note that you can expect some variation in temperature.

Cracked parts or cracked chassis

Contact Lenovo Support.

Software problems

Use this information to solve software problems.

- 1. To determine whether the problem is caused by the software, make sure that:
 - The server has the minimum memory that is needed to use the software. For memory requirements, see the information that comes with the software.

Note: If you have just installed an adapter or memory, the server might have a memory-address conflict.

- The software is designed to operate on the server.
- Other software works on the server.
- The software works on another server.
- 2. If you receive any error messages while you use the software, see the information that comes with the software for a description of the messages and suggested solutions to the problem.
- 3. Contact your place of purchase of the software.

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about Lenovo products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from Lenovo to assist you.

On the World Wide Web, up-to-date information about Lenovo systems, optional devices, services, and support are available at:

http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com

Note: IBM is Lenovo's preferred service provider for ThinkSystem.

Before you call

Before you call, there are several steps that you can take to try and solve the problem yourself. If you decide that you do need to call for assistance, gather the information that will be needed by the service technician to more quickly resolve your problem.

Attempt to resolve the problem yourself

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that Lenovo provides in the online help or in the Lenovo product documentation. The Lenovo product documentation also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. The documentation for most systems, operating systems, and programs contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

You can find the product documentation for your ThinkSystem products at the following location:

http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

You can take these steps to try to solve the problem yourself:

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Check for updated software, firmware, and operating-system device drivers for your Lenovo product. The
 Lenovo Warranty terms and conditions state that you, the owner of the Lenovo product, are responsible
 for maintaining and updating all software and firmware for the product (unless it is covered by an
 additional maintenance contract). Your service technician will request that you upgrade your software and
 firmware if the problem has a documented solution within a software upgrade.
- If you have installed new hardware or software in your environment, check https://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml to make sure that the hardware and software is supported by your product.
- Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com and check for information to help you solve the problem.
 - Check the Lenovo forums at https://forums.lenovo.com/t5/Datacenter-Systems/ct-p/sv_eq to see if someone else has encountered a similar problem.

Gathering information needed to call Support

If you believe that you require warranty service for your Lenovo product, the service technicians will be able to assist you more efficiently if you prepare before you call. You can also see http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/warrantylookup for more information about your product warranty.

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Gather the following information to provide to the service technician. This data will help the service technician quickly provide a solution to your problem and ensure that you receive the level of service for which you might have contracted.

- Hardware and Software Maintenance agreement contract numbers, if applicable
- Machine type number (Lenovo 4-digit machine identifier)
- Model number
- Serial number
- Current system UEFI and firmware levels
- Other pertinent information such as error messages and logs

As an alternative to calling Lenovo Support, you can go to https://support.lenovo.com/servicerequest to submit an Electronic Service Request. Submitting an Electronic Service Request will start the process of determining a solution to your problem by making the pertinent information available to the service technicians. The Lenovo service technicians can start working on your solution as soon as you have completed and submitted an Electronic Service Request.

Collecting service data

To clearly identify the root cause of a server issue or at the request of Lenovo Support, you might need collect service data that can be used for further analysis. Service data includes information such as event logs and hardware inventory.

Service data can be collected through the following tools:

Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager

Use the Collect Service Data function of Lenovo XClarity Provisioning Manager to collect system service data. You can collect existing system log data or run a new diagnostic to collect new data.

Lenovo XClarity Controller

You can use the Lenovo XClarity Controller web interface or the CLI to collect service data for the server. The file can be saved and sent to Lenovo Support.

- For more information about using the web interface to collect service data, see http:// sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/NN1ia c servicesandsupport.html.
- For more information about using the CLI to collect service data, see http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/ topic/com.lenovo.systems.management.xcc.doc/nn1ia_r_ffdccommand.html.

• Lenovo XClarity Administrator

Lenovo XClarity Administrator can be set up to collect and send diagnostic files automatically to Lenovo Support when certain serviceable events occur in Lenovo XClarity Administrator and the managed endpoints. You can choose to send diagnostic files to Lenovo Support using Call Home or to another service provider using SFTP. You can also manually collect diagnostic files, open a problem record, and send diagnostic files to the Lenovo Support Center.

You can find more information about setting up automatic problem notification within the Lenovo XClarity Administrator at http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/admin_setupcallhome.html.

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI

Lenovo XClarity Essentials OneCLI has inventory application to collect service data. It can run both inband and out-of-band. When running in-band within the host operating system on the server, OneCLI can collect information about the operating system, such as the operating system event log, in addition to the hardware service data.

To obtain service data, you can run the **getinfor** command. For more information about running the getinfor, see http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/toolsctr_cli_lenovo/onecli_r_getinfor_command.html.

Contacting Support

You can contact Support to obtain help for your issue.

You can receive hardware service through a Lenovo Authorized Service Provider. To locate a service provider authorized by Lenovo to provide warranty service, go to https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/ serviceprovider and use filter searching for different countries. For Lenovo support telephone numbers, see https://datacentersupport.lenovo.com/supportphonelist for your region support details.

Appendix B. Notices

Lenovo may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this document in all countries. Consult your local Lenovo representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area.

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Lenovo (United States), Inc. 8001 Development Drive Morrisville, NC 27560 U.S.A.

Attention: Lenovo Director of Licensing

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Any performance data contained herein was determined in a controlled environment. Therefore, the result obtained in other operating environments may vary significantly. Some measurements may have been made on development-level systems and there is no guarantee that these measurements will be the same on generally available systems. Furthermore, some measurements may have been estimated through extrapolation. Actual results may vary. Users of this document should verify the applicable data for their specific environment.

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Important notes

Processor speed indicates the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1 024 bytes, MB stands for 1 048 576 bytes, and GB stands for 1 073 741 824 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for 1 000 000 000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity can vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard-disk-drive bays with the largest currently supported drives that are available from Lenovo.

Maximum memory might require replacement of the standard memory with an optional DIMM.

Each solid-state memory cell has an intrinsic, finite number of write cycles that the cell can incur. Therefore, a solid-state device has a maximum number of write cycles that it can be subjected to, expressed as total bytes written (TBW). A device that has exceeded this limit might fail to respond to system-generated commands or might be incapable of being written to. Lenovo is not responsible for replacement of a device that has exceeded its maximum guaranteed number of program/erase cycles, as documented in the Official Published Specifications for the device.

Lenovo makes no representations or warranties with respect to non-Lenovo products. Support (if any) for the non-Lenovo products is provided by the third party, not Lenovo.

Some software might differ from its retail version (if available) and might not include user manuals or all program functionality.

Telecommunication regulatory statement

This product may not be certified in your country for connection by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks. Further certification may be required by law prior to making any such connection. Contact a Lenovo representative or reseller for any questions.

Electronic emission notices

When you attach a monitor to the equipment, you must use the designated monitor cable and any interference suppression devices that are supplied with the monitor.

Additional electronic emissions notices are available at:

http://thinksystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

Taiwan BSMI RoHS declaration

	限用物質及其化學符號 Restricted substances and its chemical symbols						
單元 Unit	鉛Lead (PB)	汞 Mercury (Hg)	鎘 Cadmium (Cd)	六價鉻 Hexavalent chromium (C ^{†6})	多溴聯苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴二苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)	
機架	0	0	0	0	0	0	
外部蓋板	0	0	0	0	0	0	
機械組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0	
空氣傳動設備	_	0	0	0	0	0	
冷卻組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0	
內存模組	_	0	0	0	0	0	
處理器模組	_	0	0	0	0	0	
電纜組合件	_	0	0	0	0	0	
電源供應器	_	0	0	0	0	0	
儲備設備	_	0	0	0	0	0	
電路卡	_	0	0	0	0	0	
光碟機	_	0	0	0	0	0	

備考1. "超出0.1 wt %"及 "超出0.01 wt %"係指限用物質之百分比含量超出百分比含量基準值。

Note1: "exceeding 0.1wt%" and "exceeding 0.01 wt%" indicate that the percentage content of the restricted substance exceeds the reference percentage value of presence condition.

備考2. "○" 係指該項限用物質之百分比含量未超出百分比含量基準值。

Note2: "O"indicates that the percentage content of the restricted substance does not exceed the percentage of reference value of presence.

備考3. "-"係指該項限用物質為排除項目。

Note3: The "-" indicates that the restricted substance corresponds to the exemption.

Taiwan import and export contact information

Contacts are available for Taiwan import and export information.

委製商/進口商名稱: 台灣聯想環球科技股份有限公司 進口商地址: 台北市南港區三重路 66 號 8 樓 進口商電話: 0800-000-702

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